Registered number: 06358033

# A STEVENSON BUILDERS LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

Hobbs Thomas & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants Orchard House 118 Sweechgate Broad Oak Kent CT2 0QP

# A Stevenson Builders Limited **Unaudited Financial Statements** For The Year Ended 31 October 2023

Contents	
	Page
Balance Sheet	1—2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3—5

# A Stevenson Builders Limited Balance Sheet As At 31 October 2023

Registered number: 06358033

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4	_	10,958	_	13,699
			10,958		13,699
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	257		3,000	
Cash at bank and in hand		18,346		12,219	
		18,603		15,219	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(5,711)		(5,052)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			12,892		10,167
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			23,850		23,866
		_		_	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	7	_	-	_	(1,156)
NET ASSETS			23,850		22,710
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		=		=	
Called up share capital	9		2		2
Profit and Loss Account			23,848		22,708
		_		_	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			23,850		22,710
		=		=	

# A Stevenson Builders Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As At 31 October 2023

For the year ending 31 October 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies
The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.
On behalf of the board
<del></del>
Mr A Stevenson
Director
19th March 2024

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

## A Stevenson Builders Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 October 2023

#### 1. General Information

A Stevenson Builders Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 06358033. The registered office is 74 Shallock Road, Canterbury, Kent, CT2 0QE.

#### 2. Accounting Policies

#### 2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cest convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

#### Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

#### Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

### 2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	25%
Motor Vehicles	20%
Fixtures & Fittings	25%

### 2.4. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

### 2.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

# A Stevenson Builders Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 October 2023

# 3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 1 (2022: 1)

# 4. Tangible Assets

Tangible Assets	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 November 2022	7,462	30,250	2,651	40,363
As at 31 October 2023	7,462	30,250	2,651	40,363
Depreciation				
As at 1 November 2022	6,820	17,778	2,066	26,664
Provided during the period	129	2,495	117	2,741
As at 31 October 2023	6,949	20,273	2,183	29,405
Net Book Value		· <del></del>		
As at 31 October 2023	513	9,977	468	10,958
As at 1 November 2022	642	12,472	585	13,699
5. Debtors				
			2023	2022
			£	£
Due within one year				
VAT			257	-
			257	-
Due after more than one year				2.000
Trade debtors		_	<del>-</del> -	3,000
			<u>-</u> _	3,000
			257	3,000
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year				
			2023	2022
			£	£
Trade creditors			(1)	1
Corporation tax			3,738	3,998
Other taxes and social security			974	-
VAT			-	52
Accruals and deferred income			1,000	1,000
Director's loan account			<del>-</del> -	1
		_	5,711	5,052
7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year				
			2023	2022
			£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts				1,156
			-	1,156

# A Stevenson Builders Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 October 2023

8. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase		
	2023	2022
	£	£
The future minimum finance lease payments are as follows:		
Later than one year and not later than five years	-	1,156
	-	1,156
	-	1,156
9. Share Capital		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	2	2

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.