

**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2020**

**FOR**

**The Hands Free Brolly Company Limited**

Connolly Accountants & Business Advisors Ltd  
Chartered Certified Accountants  
The Stable Yard  
Vicarage Road  
Stony Stratford  
Milton Keynes  
Buckinghamshire  
MK11 1BN

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2020**

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**The Hands Free Brolly Company Limited**

**COMPANY INFORMATION  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2020**

**DIRECTOR:**

C Henry

**REGISTERED OFFICE:**

The Stable Yard  
Vicarage Road  
Stony Stratford  
Milton Keynes  
Buckinghamshire  
MK11 1BN

**REGISTERED NUMBER:**

06011092 (England and Wales)

**ACCOUNTANTS:**

Connolly Accountants & Business Advisors Ltd  
Chartered Certified Accountants  
The Stable Yard  
Vicarage Road  
Stony Stratford  
Milton Keynes  
Buckinghamshire  
MK11 1BN

**The Hands Free Brolly Company Limited (Registered number: 06011092)**

**BALANCE SHEET  
30 APRIL 2020**

	Notes	2020 £	£	2019 £	£
<b>FIXED ASSETS</b>					
Tangible assets	4		2,081		2,940
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>					
Stocks		12,705		13,052	
Cash at bank		<u>20,795</u>		<u>25,002</u>	
		33,500		38,054	
<b>CREDITORS</b>					
Amounts falling due within one year	5	<u>109,309</u>		<u>112,932</u>	
<b>NET CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			<u>(75,809)</u>		<u>(74,878)</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			<u>(73,728)</u>		<u>(71,938)</u>
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>					
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			<u>(73,828)</u>		<u>(72,038)</u>
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS</b>			<u>(73,728)</u>		<u>(71,938)</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 April 2020.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2020 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

**BALANCE SHEET - continued**  
**30 APRIL 2020**

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 30 April 2021 and were signed by:

C Henry - Director

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2020**

**1. STATUTORY INFORMATION**

The Hands Free Brolly Company Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

**2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Basis of preparing the financial statements**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

**Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

**Tangible fixed assets**

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery etc - 3 years, 25% on reducing balance and 25% on cost

**Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2020**

**2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

**Financial instruments**

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provision of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

**Basic Financial Assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised costs using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

**Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is a contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

**Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and loans from related companies are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised costs, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

**Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2020**

**2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

**Going concern**

The directors have considered the impact of COVID-19 in relation to their assessment of going concern of the Company. In their opinion, they have taken all reasonable steps to mitigate these factors.

As at the point of authorising the accounts, and for the foreseeable future, the directors have determined that there is no material uncertainty that casts doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, they consider the going concern assumption to still be appropriate.

The directors acknowledge that given the currently rapidly changing business and social environment, there are likely to be significant unknown factors which may present themselves. Such factors are considered by the directors to represent a general inherent level of risk in relation to the going concern assumption albeit not quantifiable at this time.

**3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS**

The average number of employees during the year was NIL (2019 - NIL).

**4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS**

	Plant and machinery etc £
<b>COST</b>	
At 1 May 2019 and 30 April 2020	<u>41,617</u>
<b>DEPRECIATION</b>	
At 1 May 2019	38,677
Charge for year	<u>859</u>
At 30 April 2020	<u>39,536</u>
<b>NET BOOK VALUE</b>	
At 30 April 2020	<u>2,081</u>
At 30 April 2019	<u>2,940</u>



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2020

5. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2020	2019
	£	£
Taxation and social security	-	9
Other creditors	109,309	112,923
	<u>109,309</u>	<u>112,932</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.