Company registration number: 05835159

Amyntor Europa Limited

Unaudited financial statements

30 June 2018

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Directors and other information

Directors

Mr Stephen Dempsey

Mrs Jennifer Dempsey

Secretary

Mrs J J Dempsey

Company number

05835159

Registered office

15 St Francis Close

Fulwood Preston PR2 9WH

Business address

15 St Francis Close

Fulwood Preston PR2 9WH

Directors report Year ended 30 June 2018

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2018.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Mr Stephen Dempsey Mrs Jennifer Dempsey

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 28 July 2018 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Stephen Dempsey

Director

Statement of comprehensive income Year ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Turnover Cost of sales		46,221 (24,339)	45,467 (24,702)
Gross profit		21,882	20,765
Administrative expenses		(13,361)	(9,084)
Operating profit		8,521	11,681
Other interest receivable and similar income		-	5
Profit before taxation	5	8,521	11,686
Tax on profit		(1,894)	(2,606)
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income		6,627 ———	9,080

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

Statement of financial position 30 June 2018

	2018		2017		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	6	13,500		15,000	
Tangible assets	7	2,145		1,369	
			15,645		16,369
Current assets					. •
Stocks		1,849		1,849	
Debtors	8	122		113	
Cash at bank and in hand		9,986		10,882	
		11,957		12,844	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	9	(26,097)		(24,483)	
Net current liabilities			(14,140)		(11,639)
Total assets less current liabilities			1,505		4,730
Provisions for liabilities			(333)		(178)
Net assets			1,172		4,552
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			200		200
Profit and loss account			972	•	4,352
Shareholders funds			1,172		4,552

For the year ending 30 June 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The notes on pages 7 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 30 June 2018

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 July 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Stephen Dempsey

Director

Company registration number: 05835159

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 30 June 2018

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 July 2016	200	5,272	5,472
Profit for the year		9,080	9,080
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	9,080	9,080
Dividends paid and payable		(10,000)	(10,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(10,000)	(10,000)
At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017	200	4,352	4,552
Profit for the year		6,627	6,627
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	6,627	6,627
Dividends paid and payable		(10,000)	(10,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(10,000)	(10,000)
At 30 June 2018	200	972	1,172

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 June 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Amyntor Europa Limited, 15 St Francis Close, Fulwood, Preston, PR2 9WH.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business acquisitions and represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the company's interest in the net amount of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquired business.

Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. It is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. Where a reliable estimate of the useful life of goodwill or intangible assets cannot be made, the life is presumed not to exceed ten years.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 June 2018

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 June 2018

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to Nil (2017: Nil).

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 June 2018

5. Profit before taxation

. Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Amortisation of intangible assets	1,500	1,500
Depreciation of tangible assets	714 	473 ———
Intangible assets		
	Goodwill	Total
	£	£
Cost	£	£
Cost At 1 July 2017 and 30 June 2018	30,000	30,000
		•
At 1 July 2017 and 30 June 2018		•
At 1 July 2017 and 30 June 2018 Amortisation	30,000	30,000
At 1 July 2017 and 30 June 2018 Amortisation At 1 July 2017	30,000 —————————————————————————————————	30,000
At 1 July 2017 and 30 June 2018 Amortisation At 1 July 2017 Charge for the year	30,000 15,000 1,500	30,000 15,000 1,500
At 1 July 2017 and 30 June 2018 Amortisation At 1 July 2017 Charge for the year At 30 June 2018	30,000 15,000 1,500	30,000 15,000 1,500
	Amortisation of intangible assets Depreciation of tangible assets	Amortisation of intangible assets Depreciation of tangible assets 714 Intangible assets Goodwill

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 June 2018

7.	Tangible assets			
		Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
	•	£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 July 2017	1,454	10,584	12,038
	Additions	143	1,350	1,493
	At 30 June 2018	1,597	11,934	13,531
	Depreciation			
	At 1 July 2017	1,140	9,532	10,672
	Charge for the year	114	600	714
	At 30 June 2018	1,254	10,132	11,386
	Carrying amount			
	At 30 June 2018	343	1,802	2,145
	At 30 June 2017	314	1,055	1,369
				
8.	Debtors			
			2018	2017
			£	£
	Other debtors		122	113
				<u> </u>
9.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2018	2017
			£	£
	Trade creditors		31	1,304
	Corporation tax		1,738	2,467
	Social security and other taxes		113	47
	Other creditors		24,215	20,665
			26,097	24,483

Included in other creditors ars sums of £7,460 (2017:£6,570) due to S Dempsey and £16,240 (2017: £13,580) due to J Dempsey. The amounts are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.