Registration number: 05774859

Harvey Thorneycroft Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

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Company Information

Directors Mr Harvey Thorneycroft

Mrs Alice Victoria Bufton-Thorneycroft

Registered office 10 Cheyne Walk

Northampton Northamptonshire

NNI 5PT

Accountants 10. Chartered Accountants

10 Cheyne Walk Northampton Northamptonshire

NNI 5PT

(Registration number: 05774859) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	2,311	3,310
Current assets			
Debtors		115,491	113,685
Cash at bank and in hand		386,501	410,306
		501,992	523,991
Prepayments and accrued income		651	1,150
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(202,170)	(229,256)
Net current assets		300,473	295,885
Total assets less current liabilities		302,784	299,195
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		(1,508)	(5,537)
Accruals and deferred income		(133,491)	(126,475)
Net assets		167,785	167,183
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		10,625	10,625
Profit and loss account		157,160	156,558
Shareholders' funds		167,785	167,183

For the financial year ending 30 June 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Profit and Loss Account and an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

(Registration number: 05774859) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2020

Approved and	authorised by	the Board or	n 30 Septembe	r 2020 and sigr	ned on its behalf by	/ :

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Mr Harvey The	orneycroft					
Director						

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

I General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 10 Cheyne Walk Northampton Northamptonshire NNI 5PT United Kingdom

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 30 September 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Judgements

In applying the Company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in determining the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities. The directors' best judgements, estimates and assumptions are based on the best and most reliable evidence available at the time when the decisions are made, and are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be appropriate.

Due to the inherent subjectivity involved in making such judgements, estimates and assumptions, the actual results and outcomes may differ.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods, if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Office Equipment
25% on cost
Fixtures and fittings
Plant and machinery
33.33% on cost
33.33% on cost

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

Financial instruments

Classification

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

Debt instruments such as loans and other accounts receivable and payable are initially measured at present value of the future payments and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method; Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, such as the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in the case of an outright short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially and subsequently, at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 3 (2019 - 5).

4 Profit before tax

Arrived at after charging/(crediting)

	2020	2019
	£	£
Depreciation expense	2,034	2,052

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and	Other	
	equipment	tangible assets	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or valuation			
At I July 2019	38,269	2,055	40,324
Additions	1,035	<u>-</u>	1,035
At 30 June 2020	39,304	2,055	41,359
Depreciation			
At I July 2019	34,959	2,055	37,014
Charge for the year	2,034	<u>-</u> _	2,034
At 30 June 2020	36,993	2,055	39,048
Carrying amount			
At 30 June 2020	2,311		2,311
At 30 June 2019	3,310	<u>-</u>	3,310

Northampton

NEhitsadopumente was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the Negistrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.