

REGISTERED NUMBER: 05683647 (England and Wales)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

28TH FEBRUARY 2021

FOR

P.W.JONES (HEREFORD) LIMITED

Chris Duckett Limited
Network House
Thorn Office Centre
Rotherwas
Hereford
HR2 6JT

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2021**

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P.W.JONES (HEREFORD) LIMITED

**COMPANY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2021**

Director: Mr P W Jones

Secretary: Mrs J M Jones

Registered office: Hilbrey Garage
Burley Gate
Hereford
HR1 3QL

Registered number: 05683647 (England and Wales)

P.W.JONES (HEREFORD) LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05683647)

**BALANCE SHEET
28TH FEBRUARY 2021**

			28.2.21		29.2.20
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	4		-		-
Tangible assets	5		<u>33,540</u>		<u>41,162</u>
			33,540		41,162
Current assets					
Stocks	6	159,625		152,345	
Debtors	7	44,094		73,497	
Cash at bank		<u>4,330</u>		<u>1,310</u>	
		208,049		227,152	
Creditors					
Amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>190,203</u>		<u>198,397</u>	
Net current assets			<u>17,846</u>		<u>28,755</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>51,386</u>		<u>69,917</u>
Provisions for liabilities	10		<u>6,400</u>		<u>7,800</u>
Net assets			<u>44,986</u>		<u>62,117</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		1,000		1,000
Retained earnings			<u>43,986</u>		<u>61,117</u>
Shareholders' funds			<u>44,986</u>		<u>62,117</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 28th February 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 28th February 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET - continued
28TH FEBRUARY 2021

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 17th June 2021 and were signed by:

Mr P W Jones - Director

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2021**

1. Statutory information

P.W.Jones (Hereford) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

The turnover, all of which arises in the U.K, represents net invoiced sales, excluding value added tax.

Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill is shown in the balance sheet at cost less amortisation and is being amortised at 10% per annum as the director considers that its useful life is 10 years.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated in the Balance Sheet at cost less depreciation.

Depreciation is provided at the following rates on the straight line method in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life;

Leasehold improvements	10% straight line
Coaches	10-15% straight line
Other motor vehicles	25% straight line
Plant & equipment	15% straight line

Stock

Stock has been valued by the directors at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2021

2. Accounting policies - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2021

2. Accounting policies - continued

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are measured at transaction price less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at the cost less impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the assets original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the group transfers the financial asset and substantially all of the risks and rewards of the ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2021

2. Accounting policies - continued

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducing all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the group's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

3. Employees (including officers)

The average number of employees during the year was 4 (2020 - 3).

4. Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1st March 2020	
and 28th February 2021	<u>300,000</u>
Amortisation	
At 1st March 2020	
and 28th February 2021	<u>300,000</u>
Net book value	
At 28th February 2021	<u><u>-</u></u>
At 29th February 2020	<u><u>-</u></u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2021

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Improvements to property £	Plant & equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
Cost				
At 1st March 2020	2,705	49,431	321,748	373,884
Additions	-	7,013	-	7,013
Disposals	-	(10,830)	-	(10,830)
At 28th February 2021	<u>2,705</u>	<u>45,614</u>	<u>321,748</u>	<u>370,067</u>
Depreciation				
At 1st March 2020	2,439	29,103	301,180	332,722
Charge for year	266	6,736	7,633	14,635
Eliminated on disposal	-	(10,830)	-	(10,830)
At 28th February 2021	<u>2,705</u>	<u>25,009</u>	<u>308,813</u>	<u>336,527</u>
Net book value				
At 28th February 2021	<u>-</u>	<u>20,605</u>	<u>12,935</u>	<u>33,540</u>
At 29th February 2020	<u>266</u>	<u>20,328</u>	<u>20,568</u>	<u>41,162</u>

6. Stocks

	28.2.21	29.2.20
	£	£
Stocks	<u>159,625</u>	<u>152,345</u>

7. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	28.2.21	29.2.20
	£	£
Trade debtors	1,604	6,047
Other debtors	1,682	646
Director's loan account	31,421	57,777
S455	<u>9,387</u>	<u>9,027</u>
	<u>44,094</u>	<u>73,497</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2021**

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	28.2.21	29.2.20
	£	£
Bank overdraft	160,251	150,102
Trade creditors	14,184	17,168
Corporation tax	2,695	3,195
Social security & other taxes	6,806	4,284
Other creditors & accruals	6,267	14,621
S455	-	9,027
	<u>190,203</u>	<u>198,397</u>

9. Secured debts

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	28.2.21	29.2.20
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	<u>160,251</u>	<u>150,102</u>

The bank overdraft is secured by a personal guarantee of the director.

10. Provisions for liabilities

	28.2.21	29.2.20
	£	£
Deferred tax	<u>6,400</u>	<u>7,800</u>

Deferred tax
£

Balance at 1st March 2020	7,800
Accelerated capital allowances	<u>(1,400)</u>
Balance at 28th February 2021	<u>6,400</u>

11. Called up share capital

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	28.2.21	29.2.20
			£	£
1,000	Ordinary shares	£1	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>

12. Contingent liabilities & lease commitments

There were no contingent liabilities or lease commitments at 28th February 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2021

13. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year, the director used a current account with the company to record amounts due to him and amounts drawn by him. Loans and advances totalling £5,620 and repayments totalling £31,976 were made. The maximum amount outstanding during the year was £59,463 and the balance at the year end was £31,421 owed to the company (2020: £57,777).

The loans and advances were made interest free and were repayable on demand.

14. Ultimate controlling party

The controlling party is Mr P W Jones.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.