Centrepoint Design Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements For the period ended 30 April 2021

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DEBERE LIMITED

Chartered Accountants Swallow House Parsons Road Washington Tyne and Wear **NE37 1EZ**

Financial Statements

Period from 1 April 2020 to 30 April 2021

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Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors Mr M Hutchinson

Mrs V L Hutchinson

Business address Flat M

13 Fitzjohn's Avenue

London NW3 5JY

Registered office Enterpen Cottage

27 Enterpen Hutton Rudby

Yarm Cleveland TS15 0EL

Accountants Debere Limited

Chartered Accountants

Swallow House Parsons Road Washington Tyne and Wear NE37 1EZ

Bankers HSBC Bank Plc

149 Rushley Green

Catford London SE6 4BQ

Chartered Accountants Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements of Centrepoint Design Limited

Period from 1 April 2020 to 30 April 2021

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Centrepoint Design Limited for the period ended 30 April 2021, which comprise the statement of financial position and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Centrepoint Design Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 26 October 2018. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Centrepoint Design Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to you, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF as detailed at www.icaew.com/compilation. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Centrepoint Design Limited and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Centrepoint Design Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Centrepoint Design Limited. You consider that Centrepoint Design Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the period.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Centrepoint Design Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

DEBERE LIMITED
Chartered Accountants

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Swallow House Parsons Road Washington Tyne and Wear NE37 1EZ

15 July 2021

Statement of Financial Position

30 April 2021

			,
	Note	30 Apr 21 £	31 Mar 20 £
Fixed assets	_		
Tangible assets	5	_	6,521
Current assets			
Debtors	6	3,152	13,366
Cash at bank and in hand		13,158	2,086
		16,310	15,452
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	16,308	20,378
Net current assets/(liabilities)		2	(4,926)
Total assets less current liabilities		2	1,595
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	_	289
Provisions		_	1,239
Net assets		2	67
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account			65
Shareholders funds		2	67

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

For the period ending 30 April 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 5 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

30 April 2021

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 15 July 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr M Hutchinson

Director

Company registration number: 05519600

The notes on pages 5 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Period from 1 April 2020 to 30 April 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Enterpen Cottage, 27 Enterpen, Hutton Rudby, Yarm, Cleveland, TS15 0EL.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

General Information

Centrepoint Design Limited supplies specialised design services.

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in England.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Going concern

The company ceased to trade on 30 April 2021.

Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

Cash at bank in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Creditors

Creditors are recognised where the company has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors are normally recognised at their settlement after following for any trade discounts due.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 April 2020 to 30 April 2021

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 April 2020 to 30 April 2021

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings

15% reducing balance

Equipment

15% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 April 2020 to 30 April 2021

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the period amounted to 2 (2020: 2).

5. Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 April 2020	606	15,456	16,062
Additions	647	2,291	2,938
Disposals	(1,253)	(17,747)	(19,000)
At 30 April 2021			
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2020	273	9,268	9,541
Charge for the period	111	1,275	1,386
Disposals	(384)	(10,543)	(10,927)
At 30 April 2021			
Carrying amount At 30 April 2021	<u> </u>	-	_
•			
At 31 March 2020	333	6,188	6,521

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Included within the carrying value of tangible assets are the following amounts relating to assets held under finance leases or hire purchase agreements:

	·	Equipment £
At 30 April 2021		_
At 31 March 2020		691

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 April 2020 to 30 April 2021

6. Debtors

	30 Apr 21	31 Mar 20
	£	£
Trade debtors	2,016	6,636
Other debtors	1,136	6,730
	3,152	13,366

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	30 Apr 21	31 Mar 20
	£	£
Accruals and deferred income	67	864
Corporation tax	13,081	14,514
Social security and other taxes	3,160	4,129
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	_	360
Other creditors	_	511
	16 200	20.279
	16,308	20,378

Included in creditors are obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts of £Nil (2020: £360) which are secured on the specific assets acquired.

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	30 Apr 21	31 Mar 20
	£	£
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	_	289
•		

Included in creditors are obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts of £Nil (2020: £289) which are secured on the specific assets acquired.

Long term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

9. Operating leases

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	30 Apr 21	31 Mar 20
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	_	13,520

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 April 2020 to 30 April 2021

10. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the period the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

		30 Ap	r 21	
•	Balance	Advances/		
	brought	(credits) to	Amounts	Balance
	forward	the directors	repaid	outstanding
	£	£	£	£
Mr M Hutchinson	3,313	(34,567)	31,823	569
Mrs V L Hutchinson	3,382	(30,208)	27,393	567
	6,695	(64,775)	59,216	1,136
		31 Ma	r 20	
	Balance	Advances/		
	brought	(credits) to	Amounts	Balance
	forward	the directors	repaid	outstanding
	£	£	£	£
Mr M Hutchinson	2,135	(38,001)	39,179	3,313
Mrs V L Hutchinson	2,135	(37,932)	39,179	3,382
	4,270	(75,933)	78,358	6,695