REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

FOR

GEEPLUS HOLDINGS LIMITED

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GEEPLUS HOLDINGS LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

DIRECTORS: J G Chapman

J Degawa R M Driscoll T Haglund V Loeffler I A Purvis K E T Knutsson

SECRETARY: Mrs J S Middleditch

REGISTERED OFFICE: Chart House

2 Effingham Road

Reigate Surrey RH2 7JN

REGISTERED NUMBER: 05092504 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS: John Williams and Co

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors Chart House 2 Effingham Road

Reigate Surrey RH2 7JN

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018**

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2018.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2018 to the date of this

J G Chapman

J Degawa

R M Driscoll

T Haglund

V Loeffler

I A Purvis

K E T Knutsson

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, John Williams and Co, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

J G Chapman - Director

6 September 2019

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF GEEPLUS HOLDINGS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Geeplus Holdings Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and the provisions available for small entities, in the circumstances set out in note twelve to the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF GEEPLUS HOLDINGS LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and
- take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

J Williams (Scnior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of John Williams and Co Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors Chart House 2 Effingham Road Reigate Surrey RH2 7JN

26 September 2019

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
TURNOVER		165,372	140,395
Administrative expenses OPERATING PROFIT		<u>42,467</u> 122,905	37,908 102,487
Income from shares in group undertakings		831,556 954,461	499,913 602,400
Interest payable and similar expenses PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		954,461	106 602,294
Tax on profit PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	4	23,352 931,109	19,705 582,589

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		931,109	582,589
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		<u>-</u> <u>931,109</u>	

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2018

		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Investments	6		767,250		767,250
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	7	64,751		226,321	
Cash at bank		424,493		276,444	
		489,244		502,765	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	8	_325,592_		670,222	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			163,652		(167,457)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			930,902		<u>599,793</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	9		263,750		263,750
Retained earnings	10		667,152		336,043
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			930,902		599,793

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 6 September 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

J G Chapman - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2017	263,750	253,457	517,207
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 December 2017	263,750	(500,003) 582,589 336,043	(500,003) 582,589 599,793
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 December 2018	263,750	(600,000) 931,109 667,152	(600,000) 931,109 930,902

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Geeplus Holdings Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

These financial statements have been prepared in British pound sterling.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was NIL (2017 - NIL).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

4. TAXATION

	Analysis of the tax charge		
	The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax	23,352	<u>19,705</u>
	Tax on profit	<u>23,352</u>	<u>19,705</u>
5.	DIVIDENDS		
٥.	DIVIDENDS		
		2018	2016
	£		
	Ordinary A shares of £1eachInterim	306,000	255,003
	Ordinary B shares of £1eachInterim	150,000	125,000
	Ordinary D shares of £1eachInterim	144,000	120,000
		600,000	500,003
,			
6.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS		C1:
			Shares in
			group
			undertakings £
	COST		2
	At 1 January 2018		
	and 31 December 2018		767,250
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 December 2018		767,250
	At 31 December 2017		767,250
7.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Trade debtors	-	91,735
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	64,751	134,586
		<u>64,751</u>	226,321
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
٥.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE TEAK	2018	2017
		£	£
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	288,283	503,429
	Tax	23,352	34,269
	VAT	12,757	11,574
	Other creditors	1,200	120,950
		325,592	670,222
			

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

9. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued ar	nd			
fully paid:		Nominal	2016	2015
Number:	Class:	value:	£	£
75,000	A Ordinary	£1	75,000	75,000
93,750	B Ordinary	£1	93,750	93,750
15,000	C Ordinary	£1	15,000	15,000
80,000	D Ordinary	£1	80,000	80,000
			263,750	263,750

10. RESERVES

RESERVES	Retained earnings £
At 1 January 2018	336,043
Profit for the year	931,109
Dividends	_(600,000)
At 31 December 2018	667,152

11. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

In the year dividends of £180,000 (2017 - £150,000) to J Chapman, £42,000 (2017 - £35,001) to R Driscoll, £42,000 (2017 - £35,001) to G Henn, £42,000 (2017 - £35,001) to J Degawa, £30,000 (2017 - £25,000) to Magnet Sales & Service ltd, £NIL (£120,000) to Xelera-Exator AB, £144,000 to Geenoridca AB and £120,000 (2017 - £100,000) to Maccon were paid.

In the year the company made sales of £116,701 (2017: £97,091) to Geeplus Europe Ltd, £27,859 (2017: £17,792) to Geeplus Asia and £20,812 (2017: £22,142) to Geeplus Inc, all of which are wholly owned subsidiaries.

Included in debtors is an amount of £64,751 (2017: £134,586) due from Geeplus Asia, a wholly owned subsidiary

Included in creditors is an amount of £166,361 (2017: £381,507) due to Geeplus Europe Ltd and an amount of £121,922 (2017: £121,922) due to Geeplus Inc, both of which are wholly owned subsidiaries.

12. APB ETHICAL STANDARD - PROVISIONS AVAILABLE FOR SMALL ENTITIES

In common with many other businesses of our size and nature we use our auditors to prepare and submit returns to the tax authorities and assist with the preparation of the financial statements.

13. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is under the control of its directors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.