Registration number: 05039383

# **E-Bis Limited**

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

LJ Hanbury Ltd Chartered Certified Accountants 143 Tamworth Road Long Eaton Nottingham NG10 1BY

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# **Company Information**

**Directors** Mr Antony Pikett

Mr Gary Savage

**Company secretary** Mr Antony Pikett

Registered office Unit 3G Ashtree Court

Mellors Way

Nottingham Business Park

Nottingham Notts NG8 6PY

Accountants LJ Hanbury Ltd

**Chartered Certified Accountants** 

143 Tamworth Road

Long Eaton Nottingham NG10 1BY

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# (Registration number: 05039383) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	9,881	9,999
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	50,306	36,942
Cash at bank and in hand		132,410	200,548
		182,716	237,490
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(75,801)	(101,495)
Net current assets	_	106,915	135,995
Total assets less current liabilities		116,796	145,994
Provisions for liabilities		(1,877)	(1,900)
Net assets		114,919	144,094
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account		114,819	143,994
Total equity		114,919	144,094

For the financial year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

# Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages  $\underline{4}$  to  $\underline{8}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 05039383) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

Approved and authorised by the Board on 24 May 2019 and signed on its behalf by:		
Mr Antony Pikett		
Company secretary and director		
Mr Gary Savage		
Director		

The notes on pages  $\underline{4}$  to  $\underline{8}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: Unit 3G Ashtree Court Mellors Way Nottingham Business Park Nottingham Notts NG8 6PY

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 24 May 2019.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

## Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

# Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

# Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Plant and machinery
Fixtures and fittings
Computer equipment

# Depreciation method and rate 20% reducing balance basis 25% straight line basis 33% straight line basis

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

## Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 0 (2018 - 7).

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

# 4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other tangible assets	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2018	13,904	17,469	31,373
Additions	1,774	898	2,672
At 31 March 2019	15,678	18,367	34,045
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2018	13,322	8,052	21,374
Charge for the year	727	2,063	2,790
At 31 March 2019	14,049	10,115	24,164
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2019	1,629	8,252	9,881
At 31 March 2018	582	9,417	9,999

# 5 Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	48,373	34,027
Prepayments	1,392	2,907
Other debtors	541	8
	50,306	36,942

# 6 Creditors

# Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019		2018
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>8</u>	-	19,870
Trade creditors		22,366	29,095
Taxation and social security		17,405	22,917
Accruals and deferred income		5,011	23
Other creditors		31,019	29,590
		75,801	101,495

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

# 7 Share capital

# Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

Current loans and borrowings

Bank overdrafts

	2019		201	18
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
8 Loans and borrowings				

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2019

£

2018

£

19,870

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.