# SOUTHERN DERBYSHIRE LIFT (MIDCO) LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023



### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** Andrew Duck

Simon Tipping Mark Grinonneau Peter Harding Simon Crowther

(Appointed 1 October 2022) (Appointed 9 September 2022)

Secretary Michael Duggan

Company number 04993390

Registered office Unit G1 Ash Tree Court

Nottingham Business Park

Nottingham England NG8 6PY

Auditor Goodman Jones LLP

29-30 Fitzroy Square

Fitzrovia London W1T 6LQ

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### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of a holding company for a subsidiary company that provides and manages primary and social healthcare accommodation under the Government LIFT Initiative.

#### Results and dividends

Ordinary dividends were paid amounting to £549,000 (2022: £nil). The directors do not recommend payment of a further dividend.

#### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Andrew Duck Simon Tipping Mark Grinonneau Peter Harding

Peter Harding Simon Crowther Charlotte Douglass William Jones (Appointed 1 October 2022) (Appointed 9 September 2022) (Resigned 1 October 2022) (Resigned 28 May 2022)

### Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The directors of Southern Derbyshire LIFT (Midco) Limited have qualifying third party indemnity provisions put in place through other companies of which they are also directors.

#### **Auditor**

UHY Hacker Young resigned as auditors in the year. Goodman Jones LLP were appointed as auditor to the company and in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution proposing that they be reappointed will be put at a General Meeting.

### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

#### Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

### Going concern

The directors have reviewed the future liquidity requirements and have considered the cash flow forecasts of the company. Based on this review and future business prospects of the company, despite the current economic conditions the directors believe the company will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due. Having regard to the above and after making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

### Small companies exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

| Pet     | er Harding    |
|---------|---------------|
| Peter I | darding<br>or |
| Date:   | 29-11-23      |

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTHERN DERBYSHIRE LIFT (MIDCO) LIMITED

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Southern Derbyshire LIFT (Midco) Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2023 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2023 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

### TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTHERN DERBYSHIRE LIFT (MIDCO) LIMITED

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report. We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the Company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to industry sector regulations and unethical and prohibited business practices, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the preparation of the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006 and UK Tax Legislation. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls). Appropriate audit procedures in response to these risks were carried out. These procedures included:

- Discussions with management, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulation and fraud;
- · Reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- · Obtaining and reading correspondence from legal and regulatory bodies including HMRC;
- Identifying and testing journal entries;
- · Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in their significant accounting estimates.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTHERN DERBYSHIRE LIFT (MIDCO) LIMITED

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members; and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Goodnan Jones LLP

Paul Bailey
Senior Statutory Auditor
For and on behalf of Goodman Jones LLP

**Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor** 

Date: 29-11-23

29-30 Fitzroy Square Fitzrovia London W1T 6LQ

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

|  |       | 2023         | 2022 |
|--|-------|--------------|------|
|  | Notes | £000         | £000 |
| Interest receivable and similar income | 5     | 549          | -    |
| Profit before taxation                 |       | 549          | -    |
| Tax on profit                          |       | <del>.</del> | -    |
| Profit for the financial year          |       | 549          |      |
|  |       |              |      |

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

The notes on pages 9 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

### BALANCE SHEET

### **AS AT 31 MARCH 2023**

|  |       | 2023 |      | 2022 |      |
|--|-------|------|------|------|------|
|  | Notes | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Fixed assets Investments                     | 7     |      | -    |      | -    |
| Capital and reserves Called up share capital | 8     |      | -    |      | -    |
|  |       |      | ==== |      |      |

The notes on pages 9 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on \_\_\_\_\_29-11-23\_\_\_ and are signed on its behalf by:

Peter Harding

Peter Harding **Director** 

Company registration number 04993390 (England and Wales)

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

|                                       | Notes | Share<br>capital<br>£000 | Profit and<br>loss<br>reserves<br>£000 | Total<br>£000 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|--|---------------|
|                                       |       |                          |  |               |
| Balance at 1 April 2021               |       | -                        | -                                      | -             |
| Year ended 31 March 2022:             |       |                          |  |               |
| Profit and total comprehensive income |       | -                        | -                                      | -             |
|                                       |       |                          |  |               |
| Balance at 31 March 2022              |       | -                        | -                                      | -             |
| Year ended 31 March 2023:             | ·     |                          |  |               |
| Profit and total comprehensive income |       | -                        | 549                                    | 549           |
| Dividends                             | 6     | -                        | (549)                                  | (549)         |
|                                       |       |                          |  | <del></del>   |
| Balance at 31 March 2023              |       | -                        | -                                      | -             |
|                                       |       |                          |  |               |

The notes on pages 9 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

### 1 Accounting policies

### Company information

Southern Derbyshire LIFT (Midco) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit G1 Ash Tree Court, Nottingham Business Park, Nottingham, England, NG8 6PY.

### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £000.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts, on the basis that the group of which this is the parent qualifies as a small group. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

### 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

### 1.3 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 1.4 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

There is no requirement to pay dividends unless approved by the shareholders by way of written resolution where there is sufficient cash to meet current liabilities, and without written detriment to senior debt covenants, if applicable.

### 1.5 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

There were no significant judgements and estimates in the reporting period

### 3 Auditor's remuneration

Auditor's remuneration is borne by Southern Derbyshire LIFT Company Limited for the year.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

### 4 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (not including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

|   |  | 2023<br>Number | 2022<br>Number |
|---|--|----------------|----------------|
|   | Total  | <del></del>    |                |
|   |  |                | _              |
| 5 | Interest receivable and similar income   |                |                |
|   |  | 2023           | 2022           |
|   | Interest receivable and similar income includes the following:   | £000           | £000           |
|   | Income from shares in group undertakings   | 549            | -              |
|   |  | <del></del>    |                |
| 6 | Dividends  |                |                |
|   |  | 2023<br>£000   | 2022<br>£000   |
|   |  | £000           | £000           |
|   | Interim paid   | 549            | -              |
|   |  |                | ======         |
| 7 | Fixed asset investments  |                |                |
| • |  | 2023           | 2022           |
|   |  | £000           | £000           |
|   | Investments in subsidiaries  | ·<br>-         | -              |
|   | The second secon |                |                |

Fixed asset investments are comprised of one £1 share (2022: one £1 share) in Southern Derbyshire LIFT Project Company (No.1) Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. This investment represents 100% of the ordinary share capital of the company. Southern Derbyshire LIFT Project Company (No.1) Limited's nature of business is in the provision of accommodation and servicing of medical centres.

The registered office of the subsidiary is the same as the registered office of the company.

### 8 Called up share capital

|                           | 2023   | 2022   | 2023 | 2022 |
|---------------------------|--------|--------|------|------|
| Ordinary share capital    | Number | Number | £000 | £000 |
| Issued and fully paid     |        |        |      |      |
| Ordinary share of £1 each | 1      | 1      | -    | -    |
|                           | ===    |        |      | ===  |

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

### 9 Ultimate controlling party

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Southern Derbyshire LIFT Company Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. Southern Derbyshire LIFT Company Limited is owned by Primary Plus Holdings Limited (60%) and Community Health Partnerships Limited (40%), which are both registered in England and Wales.

The directors are of the opinion that there is no ultimate parent undertaking or controlling party by virtue of the company's joint ownership and control.