## REGISTERED NUMBER: 04831472 (England and Wales)

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

<u>FOR</u>

**ALSTON GARRARD & CO LIMITED** 

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#### **ALSTON GARRARD & CO LIMITED**

## COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

**DIRECTORS:** 

W R Glenie

S Glenie

SECRETARY:

W R Glenie

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

25 Grosvenor Road

Wrexham LLII IBT

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

04831472 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

M. D. Coxey and Co. Limited

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors 25 Grosvenor Road

Wrexham LL111BT

**BANKERS:** 

Lloyds Bank plc 65-67 Fore Street Kingsbridge Devon TQ7 IPN

**BANKERS:** 

HSBC Bank plc 32 Fore Street Kingsbridge Devon

TQ7 IPB

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st December 2015.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of the wholesale distribution of pharmaceutical goods.

#### DIRECTORS

The directors set out in the table below have held office during the whole of the period from 1st January 2015 to the date of this report.

The beneficial interests of the directors holding office at 31st December 2015 in the shares of the company, according to the register of directors' interests, were as follows:

	31.12.15	1.1.15
Ordinary shares of £1 each		
W R Glenie	75	75
S Glenie	25	25

These directors did not hold any non-beneficial interests in the shares of the company.

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, M. D. Coxey and Co. Limited, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

3 Gierie - Director

31st August 2016

## REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF ALSTON GARRARD & CO LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Alston Garrard & Co Limited for the year ended 31st December 2015 on pages five to sixteen. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st December 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

Anthony Lewis FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of M. D. Coxey and Co. Limited Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
25 Grosvenor Road
Wrexham
LL11 1BT

31st August 2016

## INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3 IST DECEMBER 2015

	Notes	31.12.15 £	31.12.14 £
TURNOVER	3	6,261,263	6,984,815
Cost of sales		4,969,179	5,551,879
GROSS PROFIT		1,292,084	1,432,936
Administrative expenses		1,038,008	1,027,646
		254,076	405,290
Other operating income	4	104,727	75,213
OPERATING PROFIT	6	358,803	480,503
Interest receivable and similar income		97	200
		358,900	480,703
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	38,073	35,199
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		320,827	445,504
Tax on profit	8	52,894	98,189
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEA	R	267,933	347,315

### BALANCE SHEET 31ST DECEMBER 2015

		31.12.	15	31.12.	14
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	9		142,666		193,333
Tangible assets	10		304,556		319,427
Investments	11		100		100
Investment property	12		315,252		315,252
			762,574		828,112
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	13	334,517		308,958	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one					
year	14	3,245,754		2,804,377	
Cash at bank and in hand		278,752		168,967	
CDEDIMONG		3,859,023		3,282,302	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	15	2,199,110		1,823,452	
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<del></del>	1,659,913		1,458,850
momat accome a pec extension			<del></del>		
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			2,422,487		2,286,962
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	16		(421,684)		(455,984)
y cu.	1.0		(/21,00/)		(122,521)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					(8,108)
NET ASSETS			2,000,803		1,822,870
			<del></del> -		
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	19		100		100
Retained earnings			2,000,703		1,822,770
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			2,000,803		1,822,870
			<del></del>		

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 31st August 2016 and were signed on its behalf

S Clerie Director

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Alston Garrard & Co Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets. The company's functional and presentational currencies are pounds sterling.

#### Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Alston Garrard & Co Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company has taken the option under Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated financial statements.

#### Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The key judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are described below:

#### Estimated useful lives and residual values of fixed assets

Depreciation of tangible and intangible fixed assets has been based on estimated useful lives and residual values deemed appropriate by the directors. Estimated useful lives and residual values are reviewed annually and revised as appropriate. Revisions take into account estimated useful lives used by other companies operating in the sector and actual asset lives and residual values, as evidenced by disposals during current and prior accounting periods.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

## Sales of goods

The company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and when the risks and rewards of ownership have passed to the customer. This typically happens when goods are delivered and legal title has passed.

#### Goodwil

Goodwill is being amortised evenly in order to write off each asset over the estimated useful life as follows

Amount paid in connection with the acquisition of the Alston Garrard business in 2003

- 5 years

Amount paid in connection with the acquisition of the Liqufruta business in 2010

- 5 years

The asset is being amortised over a period of five years as it is not possible to make a reliable estimate of the remaining useful life.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Long leasehold - 2% on cost
Plant and machinery - 20% on cost
Furniture & equipment - 20% - 33% on cost
Computer equipment - 33% on cost

Page 7 continued...

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Investment property

Investment property is shown at most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Deferred tax

A deferred tax asset or liability is recognised for tax recoverable or payable in future periods in respect of transactions and events recognised in the financial statements of current and previous periods. Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and accounting profits as stated in the financial statements. Timing differences result from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date apart from certain exceptions. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing differences. Deferred tax relating to investment properties that are measured at fair value is measured using the tax rates and allowances that apply to the sale of the asset.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates three defined contribution pension schemes. Contributions payable for the year are charged in the profit and loss account.

#### Investments

Fixed asset investments are included in the company's balance sheet at cost less any amounts written off for impairment.

#### 3. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

During the year the company exported 1% (2014 - 5%) of its turnover to Europe, and 98% (2014 - 94%) to the rest of the world.

#### 4. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	31.12.13	31.12.14
	£	£
Excess business accommodation	29,112	28,873
Exchange gains	75,615	46,340
	<del></del>	
	104,727	75,213
	=======================================	

#### 5. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 8 (2014 - 8).

31 12 14

31 12 15

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

	·	31.12.15 £	31.12.14 £
	Directors' remuneration Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	412,725 41,900	366,061 28,400
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follows:		
	Money purchase schemes	2	2
	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:	31.12.15	31.12.14
	Emoluments etc Pension contributions to money purchase schemes	£ 308,488 27,500	£ 274,958 14,000
6.	OPERATING PROFIT	·	
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		31.12.15 £	31.12.14 £
	Depreciation - owned assets Goodwill amortisation Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration for non audit work Pension costs Operating lease: other assets	16,173 50,667 9,275 4,126 50,378 70,685	17,164 40,000 10,780 2,489 38,115 69,760
7.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
	Bank interest Bank loan interest Corporation tax interest	31.12.15 £ 9,714 28,305 54 38,073	31.12.14 £ 5,349 29,850 35,199
8.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	31.12.15 £	31.12.14 £
	Current tax: UK corporation tax	73,658	97,882
	Deferred tax	(20,764)	307
	Tax on profit	52,894	98,189
	UK corporation tax has been charged at 20.25% (2014 - 21.49%).		

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

## 8. TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss	Reconciliation of	f total ta	x charge	included in	profit and loss
----------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------	------------	----------	-------------	-----------------

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	·				31.12.15	31.12.14
					£	£
	Profit before tax				320,827	445,504
	Profit multiplied by the standard 20.247% (2014 - 21.493%)	rate of corporat	ion tax in the Uk	ζ of	64,958	95,752
	Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax p Deferred tax rate adjustment Deferred tax on FRS 102 transition	•			9,533 255 (21,852)	6,837 (4,400)
	Total tax charge				52,894	98,189
9.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSET	S				Goodwill
	COST					£
	At 1st January 2015 and 31st December 2015					600,000
	AMORTISATION At 1st January 2015 Amortisation for year					406,667 50,667
	At 31st December 2015					457,334
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31st December 2015					142,666
	At 31st December 2014					193,333
10.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Long leasehold	Plant and machinery	Furniture & equipment	Computer equipment	Totals
	COST	£	£	£'	£	£
	COST At 1st January 2015 Additions	358,012	17,150	24,814	38,866 1,302	438,842 1,302
	At 31st December 2015	358,012	17,150	24,814	40,168	440,144
	<b>DEPRECIATION</b> At 1st January 2015 Charge for year	53,861 7,160	14,710 1,830	16,186 4,455	34,658 2,728	119,415 16,173
	At 31st December 2015	61,021	16,540	20,641	37,386	135,588
	NET BOOK VALUE	<del></del>			<del></del>	
	At 31st December 2015	296,991	610	4,173	2,782	304,556
	At 31st December 2014	304,151	2,440	8,628	4,208	319,427

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

## 11. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

11.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS			Unlisted investments £
	COST			
	At 1st January 2015 and 31st December 2015			100
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31st December 2015			100
	At 31st December 2014			100
	The company's investments at the Balance Sh	eet date in the share capital of co	mpanies include the	following:
	Sunbury Warehousing & Logistics Limited Registered office:			
	Nature of business: Warehousing & Logistics	company %		
	Class of shares:	holding		
	Ordinary	100.00		
			31.12.15	31.12.14
	Aggregate capital and reserves		£ (4,253)	£ (61,571)
	Profit/(loss) for the year		57,318	(61,671)
12.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY			W-1-1
				Total £
	FAIR VALUE At 1st January 2015 and 31st December 2015			315,252
	NETROOKALLE			
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31st December 2015			315,252
	At 31st December 2014			315,252
13.	STOCKS			
			31.12.15 £	31.12.14 £
	Stocks		334,517	308,958
			<del>=====</del>	
14.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE V	VITHIN ONE YEAR		
			31.12.15	31.12.14
	Trade debtors		£ 2,958,705	£ 2,657,555
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		102,286	74,154
	Other debtors	•	93,300	-
	VAT		40,594	29,690
	Deferred tax asset Accelerated capital allowances		12,656	_
	Prepayments		38,213	42,978
			3,245,754	2,804,377
			<del></del>	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3 IST DECEMBER 2015

15.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.12.15 £	31.12.14 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 17)	418,398	217,964
	Trade creditors	1,107,274	921,813
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	58,724	9,825
	Tax	73,658	97,882
	Social security and other taxes	6,353	8,141
	Other creditors	14,298	1,109
	Directors' current accounts	276,939	226,394
	Accrued expenses	243,466	340,324
		2,199,110	1,823,452
16.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE		
10.	YEAR		
		31.12.15 £	31.12.14 £
	Bank loans (see note 17)	421,684	455,984
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans > 5 years	======	305,429
17.	LOANS		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		31.12.15	31.12.14
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:		
	Bank overdrafts	384,184	185,616
	Bank loans	34,214	32,348
		410.200	217.064
		418,398	217,964
	Amounts falling due between one and two years:		
	Bank loans - 1-2 years	36,616	34,140
	Amounts falling due between two and five years:		
	Bank loans - 2-5 years	385,068	116,415 =======
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	·		
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans > 5 years	_	305,429
		=====	= ===

The loan is due to be repaid in December 2020 and is currently at a fixed rate of 5.975%. This fixed deal is due to expire December 2020.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

#### 18. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	31.12.15 £	31.12.14 £
Bank overdrafts	384,184	185,616
Bank loans	455,898	488,332
	840,082	673,948

The company has granted a fixed and floating charge over its assets.

## 19. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

value: £1		£ 100
		==
	31.12.15	31.12.14
	£	£
		· 

### 21. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The following transactions took place with the subsidiary company, Sunbury Warehousing & Logistics Limited during the year:-

	31.12.15	31.12.14
	£	£
Purchases	325,919	9,559
Sales	40.890	2.712

W R Glenie, a director of Alston Garrard & Co Limited, is a director of Kulal Industries Limited, Medipharm Industries (E.A.) Limited and Medipharm Sales Limited. W R Glenie has a controlling interest in Kulal Industries Limited. Medipharm Industries (E.A.) Limited and Medipharm Sales Limited are subsidiaries of Kulal Industries Limited.

During the year ended 31st December 2015 the following transactions took place:-

	Sales		Trade debtor	
	31.12.15	31,12.14	31.12.15	31.12.14
	£	£	£	£
Kulal International Limited	1,641,584	1,882,854	1,443,490	1,214,829
Medipharm Industries (E.A) Limited	685,064	642,161	603,874	431,554
Medipharm Sales Limited	335,094	341,176	258,675	268,038

#### 22. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

W R Glenie, a director of the company, has a controlling interest in the company.

# RECONCILIATION OF EQUITY 1ST JANUARY 2014 (DATE OF TRANSITION TO FRS 102)

	Notes	UK GAAP £	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	*	<b>~</b>	<b>&amp;</b>
Intangible assets		233,333	_	233,333
Tangible assets	23	743,421	(431,837)	311,584
Investment property	23		315,252	315,252
		976,754	(116,585)	860,169
CURRENT ASSETS	•			
Stocks		752,018	-	752,018
Debtors		2,398,988	-	2,398,988
Cash at bank and in hand		147,204		147,204
		3,298,210	-	3,298,210
CREDITORS				
Amounts falling due within on	ne year	(2,036,678)	<u>.</u>	(2,036,678)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,261,532		1,261,532
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CUI LIABILITIES	RRENT	2,238,286	(116,585)	2,121,701
CREDITORS				
Amounts falling due after more year	e than one	(488,345)	-	(488,345)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABIL	LITIES	(31,410)	23,609	(7,801)
NET ASSETS		1,718,531	(92,976)	1,625,555
CADITAL AND DECEDARS				
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital	•	100	_	100
Retained earnings		1,718,431	(92,976)	1,625,455
retained carmings		1,710,731	(72,770)	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		1,718,531	(92,976)	1,625,555
		-,,	(1)	

## RECONCILIATION OF EQUITY - continued 31ST DECEMBER 2014

	Notes	UK GAAP £	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	ı	ı	t
Intangible assets		193,333	_	193,333
Tangible assets	23	742,604	(423,177)	319,427
Investments	23	100	-	100
Investment property	23		315,252	315,252
		936,037	(107,925)	828,112
CURRENT ASSETS		<del></del>	<del></del>	
Stocks		308,958	-	308,958
Debtors		2,804,377	-	2,804,377
Cash at bank and in hand		168,967	-	168,967
		3,282,302		3,282,302
CREDITORS				
Amounts falling due within one year		(1,823,452)		(1,823,452)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,458,850		1,458,850
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,394,887	(107,925)	2,286,962
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one	a			
year	-	(455,984)	-	(455,984)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		(29,963)	21,855	(8,108)
NET ASSETS		1,908,940	(86,070)	1,822,870
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital		100	-	100
Retained earnings		1,908,840	(86,070)	1,822,770
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		1,908,940	(86,070)	1,822,870
		= <del>=====</del>		

### Notes to the reconciliation of equity

### 23. Tangible Assets / Investment Property

Prior to applying FRS 102, the premises in which the company operates was recognised under long leasehold at depreciated cost. Following the introduction of the new standard, a valuation was carried out to determine the proportion of the premises that is owner-occupied and the proportion that is available to let.

The proportion of the cost that is available to let was moved from Long Leasehold to Investment Property as at the 1st of January 2014, while any depreciation that had been allocated to the proportion of the premises available to let was reversed on the same date. This resulted in an impairment loss of £116,585.

As depreciation on Long Leasehold assets is based on cost, these adjustments reduced the depreciation charged in both the year ending 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2015. Deferred tax is provided for on these adjustments.

## RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2014

	UK GAAP £	Effect of transition to FRS 102 £	FRS 102
TURNOVER	6,984,815	-	6,984,815
Cost of sales	(5,551,879)	-	(5,551,879)
GROSS PROFIT	1,432,936	-	1,432,936
Administrative expenses	(1,036,306)	8,660	(1,027,646)
Other operating income	75,213	-	75,213
OPERATING PROFIT	471,843	8,660	480,503
Interest receivable and similar income	200	•	200
Interest payable and similar expenses	(35,199)	<u> </u>	(35,199)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	436,844	8,660	445,504
Tax on profit	(96,435)	(1,754)	(98,189)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	340,409	6,906	347,315