

Financial Statements

Pensord Holdings Limited

For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

TUESDAY



A7ERUS2I

A10

18/09/2018

#212

COMPANIES HOUSE

Registered number: 04763028

Pensord Holdings Limited

Company Information

Directors	D Coxon K Gater
Company secretary	R Best
Registered number	04763028
Registered office	Tram Road Pontllanfraith Blackwood Gwent NP12 2YA
Independent auditor	Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor 11/13 Penhill Road Cardiff South Glamorgan CF11 9UP

Contents

	Page
Strategic report	1
Directors' report	2 - 3
Independent auditor's report	4 - 6
Statement of comprehensive income	7
Balance sheet	8
Statement of changes in equity	9
Notes to the financial statements	10 - 14

Strategic Report

For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

Introduction

The directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Business review

The company is an intermediate holding company between, ultimate parent, Pensord Twenty10 Limited, and its investment in Pensord Press Limited.

Principal risks and uncertainties

These are considered in the consolidated financial statements of Pensord Twenty10 Limited.

Financial key performance indicators

These are considered in the consolidated financial statements of Pensord Twenty10 Limited.

This report was approved by the board on 13th September 2018 and signed on its behalf.

K Gater
Director

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'K Gater', written over a large, stylized circular flourish.

Directors' Report

For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £10,000 (2016 - £200,000).

Dividends of £10,000 (2016 - £200,000) were declared and paid during the year.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

D Coxon
K Gater

Future developments

We have progressed our trading subsidiary on a number of fronts and the Board remains optimistic about securing and maintaining additional market share, underpinned by its ability to build unrivalled loyalty and relationships with clients.

Directors' Report (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events since the year end.

Auditor

The auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on

13th September 2018

and signed on its behalf.


K Gater
Director

Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of Pensord Holdings Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Pensord Holdings Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2017, set out on pages 7 to 14. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Who we are reporting to

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of Pensord Holdings Limited (continued)

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matter on which we are required to report by the Companies Act 2006

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic report or the Directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.



Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of Pensord Press Limited (continued)

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's report.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Rhian Owen", followed by the letters "CP" in a larger, stylized font.

Rhian Owen (Senior statutory auditor)
for and on behalf of

Grant Thornton UK LLP
Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor
Cardiff

Date: 13/9/18

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Income from shares in group undertakings		10,000	200,000
Profit for the financial year		10,000	200,000

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2017 or 2016 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2017 (2016: £NIL).

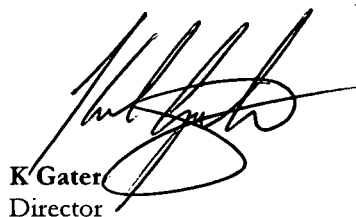
The notes on pages 10 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet

As at 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2017 £	2016 £	2016 £
Fixed assets					
Investments	6		351,000		351,000
			<u>351,000</u>		<u>351,000</u>
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	72,893		72,893	
		<u>72,893</u>		<u>72,893</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(411,614)		(411,614)	
		<u>(411,614)</u>		<u>(411,614)</u>	
Net current liabilities			(338,721)		(338,721)
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>12,279</u>		<u>12,279</u>
Net assets			<u>12,279</u>		<u>12,279</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		12,279		12,279
			<u>12,279</u>		<u>12,279</u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 13/9/18


K Gater
Director

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2016	12,279	-	12,279
Profit for the year	-	200,000	200,000
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(200,000)	(200,000)
At 1 January 2017	12,279	-	12,279
Profit for the year	-	10,000	10,000
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(10,000)	(10,000)
At 31 December 2017	12,279	-	12,279

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

1. General information

Pensord Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is shown on the Company Information page.

The company's principal activity is that of an intermediate holding company.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The functional and presentational currency of the company is GBP. Amounts are rounded to the nearest £1.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.41(b), 11.41(c), 11.41(e), 11.41(f), 11.42, 11.44 to 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv), 11.48(b) and 11.48(c);
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b) and 12.29A;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Pensord Twenty10 Limited as at 31 December 2017 and these financial statements may be obtained from Tram Road, Pontllanfraith, Blackwood, Gwent, NP12 2YA.

2.3 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in the case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

2.7 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make significant judgements and estimates. There are not considered to be any key sources of estimation uncertainty for this company.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

4. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2016 - £NIL).

5. Dividends

	2017 £	2016 £
Dividends received	10,000	200,000
	<u>10,000</u>	<u>200,000</u>

6. Fixed asset investments

	Investments in subsidiary companies £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2017	351,000
At 31 December 2017	<u>351,000</u>
Net book value	
At 31 December 2017	<u>351,000</u>
At 31 December 2016	<u>351,000</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

6. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
Pensord Press Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Specialist printer

7. Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	72,893	72,893
	<u>72,893</u>	<u>72,893</u>

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	411,614	411,614
	<u>411,614</u>	<u>411,614</u>

9. Share capital

	2017 £	2016 £
Authorised		
1,700,000 Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	17,000	17,000
	<u>17,000</u>	<u>17,000</u>
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1,227,900 Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	12,279	12,279
	<u>12,279</u>	<u>12,279</u>

10. Reserves

Profit and loss account

Profit and loss account includes all current and prior period profits and losses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

11. Controlling party

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Pensord Twenty10 Limited, which is incorporated in England and Wales. Pensord Twenty10 Limited heads the smallest and largest group into which the results of the company are consolidated. The consolidated financial statements of this group are available from their offices at Tram Road, Pontllanfraith, Blackwood, Gwent, NP12 2YA.

Pensord Twenty10 Limited is controlled by D Coxon by virtue of his majority holding in the voting share capital of that entity.

The company is exempt from the requirement to prepare group accounts under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006.