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Practical Flooring Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

30 April 2003



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Practical Flooring Limited
Abbreviated Balance Sheet
as at 30 April 2003

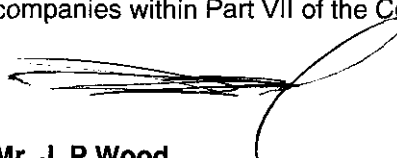
	Notes	2003 £
Fixed assets		
Tangible assets	2	2,787
Current assets		
Stocks		18,165
Debtors		16,033
Cash at bank and in hand		1,892
		<u>36,090</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(38,871)
Net current liabilities		(2,781)
Net assets		<u>6</u>
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital	3	2
Profit and loss account		4
Shareholders' funds		<u>6</u>

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption under Section 249A(1) of the Companies Act 1985 and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with Section 221 of the Companies Act 1985; and
- (ii) preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of this Act relating to accounts, so far as applicable to the company.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.


Mr. J. P. Wood
 Director

Approved by the board on 3rd February 2004

Practical Flooring Limited
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts
for the year ended 30 April 2003

1 Accounting policies

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced value of goods and services supplied by the company, net of value added tax and trade discounts.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Fixtures & equipment	15% reducing balance
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Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred taxation resulting from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the accounts and their recognition for tax purposes. Deferred taxation is calculated on an un-discounted basis at the tax rates which are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences will reverse.

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, which are those where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their useful lives.

The interest element of the rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

