Boiler Spares Distribution Limited

Unaudited financial statements

30 April 2017

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#76

Statement of financial position 30 April 2017

2017		2016		
Note	£	£	£	£
6	1,633		1,216	
		1,633		1,216
	469,480		391,470	
7			•	
	31,719		1,349	
	645,450		549,548	
8	(506,778)		(357,606)	
		138,672		191,942
		140,305		193,158
		140,305		193,158
	•			
		100		100
		140,205		193,058
		140,305		193,158
	7	Note £ 6 1,633 469,480 7 144,251 31,719 645,450	Note £ £ 6 1,633 1,633 1,633 469,480 7 144,251 31,719 645,450 8 (506,778) 138,672 140,305 140,305	Note £ £ £ 6 1,633 1,216 7 144,251 391,470 156,729 1,349 31,719 1,349 645,450 549,548 8 (506,778) (357,606) 138,672 140,305 140,305 100 140,205 140,205

For the year ending 30 April 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 30 April 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 8 December 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R Strafino Director

Company registration number: 4417786

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 April 2017

1. General information

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The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Buckingham House, Myrtle Lane, Billingshurst, West Sussex, RH14 9SG.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 May 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 11.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 April 2017

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 25% reducing balance

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors was 5 (2016: 4).

5. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

,	2017	2016
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	860	612
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Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 April 2017

6.	Tangible assets			
		Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost At 1 May 2016 Additions	3,315	8,138 1,277	11,453 1,277
	At 30 April 2017	3,315	9,415	12,730
	Depreciation At 1 May 2016 Charge for the year	3,067 248	7,170 612	10,237 860
	At 30 April 2017	3,315	7,782	11,097
	Carrying amount At 30 April 2017		1,633	1,633
	At 30 April 2016	248	968	1,216
7 .	Debtors			
			2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors		117,511 26,740	143,725 13,004
			144,251	156,729
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	•		2017 £	2016 £
	Trade creditors		404,795	183,119
	Corporation tax		31,147	97,017
	Social security and other taxes		67,299	73,469
	Other creditors		3,537	4,001
			506,778	357,606

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 April 2017

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2017	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Balance o/standing
	£	£.	£
Mr R Strafino	(1) =====	(2,412)	(2,413)
2016			
	Balance	Advances	Balance
	brought forward	/(credits) to the directors	o/standing
	£	£	£
			- -
Mr R Strafino	(462)	461	(1)

10. Controlling party

The company is under the control of R Strafino, the director and controlling shareholder of the company.

11. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 May 2015.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.