CWC Communications Limited

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

Registered office: 2nd Floor 62 - 65 Chandos Place London WC2N 4HG



CWC Communications Limited Annual report and financial statements 31 March 2016

Contents

Strategic report ·	2
Directors' report	4
Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements	5
Independent Auditor's report to the members of CWC Communications Limited	6
Profit and loss account	7
Statement of comprehensive income	8
Balance sheet	9
Statement of changes in equity	10
Notes to the financial statements	11

Strategic report

The Directors of CWC Communications Limited (the "Company") submit their strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2016.

Principal activities and business review

The Company's principal activity is to provide licences for the Cable & Wireless Communications Group (the "Group") brands, and to provide brand services to the Group.

The Company's profit for the year amounted to US\$10,118,000 (2015: US\$17,030,000).

The Company has transitioned to FRS 101 from UK GAAP in the year ended 31 March 2016. This has resulted in no changes to the Company's financial position and financial performance. More details are provided in note 13.

The Directors are assessing the possible impact of the United Kingdom's exit from the European Union. At present the impact cannot be clearly determined but is not expected to be material.

On 16 November 2015, the Board of Directors of the ultimate parent company, Cable & Wireless Communications Plc, entered into an agreement with Liberty Global plc to sell all issued and to be issued shares of Cable & Wireless Communications Plc pursuant to certain conditions, regulatory and other approvals (the "Transaction"). Effective 16 May 2016, the Transaction completed, Cable & Wireless Communications Plc was delisted from the London Stock Exchange and renamed Cable & Wireless Communications Limited ("CWC") and Liberty Global plc became the ultimate parent company.

Principal risks and uncertainties

As a member of a group of companies, the results of the Company are subject to a number of risks. The principal risks and uncertainties affecting the Company are as follows:

Foreign exchange

Given the Group's geographical spread, a portion of the Company's income from Group undertakings originates outside US dollar economies. This income and associated investments are exposed to exchange rate fluctuations as a result of the geographical allocation of the Group's income and expenses. The Company is also exposed to foreign exchange fluctuations on its loans denominated in foreign currencies which carries the potential risk of an adverse financial impact to the Company. Short-term exchange rate fluctuations are often offset naturally.

Pensions

The Cable & Wireless Superannuation Fund, a group-wide defined benefit pension scheme, based in the UK, is well managed and measures have been taken to reduce financial risk exposures. However the value of the scheme's assets and liabilities are affected by market movements and the Company may also have to make additional contributions to the scheme if the scheme's assumptions change. The Company manages this risk by maintaining regular dialogue with the scheme Trustees who manage the scheme's assets with appropriate external advice.

Key performance indicators

Taking into account the principal activities of the Company, the following key performance indicators have been identified:

	2016	2015
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Operating profit	11,043	18,179
Net assets	47,156	37,038

Operating profit consists of income from branding fees, offset by operating costs.

By order of the Board

L Pegg Director

16 December 2016

Directors' report

The Directors submit their Directors' report together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2016.

Future developments

There are no changes expected in the Company's business in the foreseeable future.

Dividends

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2015: US\$nil).

Directors

The Directors who held office during the year and subsequent to the year end were:

B Bradberry (resigned 7 January 2016)

C Underwood (resigned 16 May 2016)

I Lawson (resigned 1 June 2015)

E Martin (resigned 16 May 2016)

C Bracken (appointed 16 May 2016, resigned 20 September 2016)

J Evans (appointed 16 May 2016, resigned 20 September 2016)

L Pegg (appointed 20 September 2016)

B Stockwell (appointed 20 September 2016)

All Directors benefit from qualifying third party indemnity provisions in place during the financial year and at the date of this report.

Disclosure of information to auditor

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and each Director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditor

Pursuant to section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

By order of the Board of Directors:

Company Secretary

16 December 2016

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards, including FRS 101, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- notify the Company's shareholders in writing about the use of disclosure exemptions, if any, of FRS 101 used in the preparation of the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's report to the members of CWC Communications Limited

We have audited the financial statements of CWC Communications Limited for the year ended 31 March 2016 set out on pages 7 to 17. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the statement of Directors' responsibilities set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

() Get

John Edwards (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
15 Canada Square,
London,
E14 5GL

16 December 2016

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2016

	Note	2016 US\$'000	2015 US\$'000
Revenue	4	14,272	21,396
Operating costs	5	(3,229)	(3,217)
Operating profit		11,043	18,179
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		11,043	18,179
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(925)	(1,149)
Profit for the financial year		10,118	17,030

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2016

	2016 US\$'000	2015 US\$'000
Profit for the financial year	10,118	17,030
Other comprehensive income		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss		
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	•	
Total comprehensive income for the year	10,118	17,030

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2016

	Note	2016 US\$'000	2015 US\$'000
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	7	57,434	37,038
Total assets		57,434	37,038
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	8	(10,278)	-
Net current assets		47,156	37,038
Net assets	£17-2-	47,156	37,038
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	1	1
Profit and loss account		47,155	37,037
Shareholders' funds		47,156	37,038

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 7 to 17 were approved by the Board of Directors on 16 December 2016 and signed on their behalf by:

B Stockwell Director

CWC Communications Limited Registered number – 4256100

Belinde Stockwell

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 March 2016

	Share capital US\$'000	Profit and loss account US\$'000	Total US\$'000
Balance at 1 April 2014 (as previously reported) Effect of change in accounting policy	1	20,007	20,008
Balance at 1 April 2014	1	20,007	20,008
Total comprehensive income for the period			
Profit for the year	-	17,030	17,030
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	17,030	17,030
Balance at 31 March 2015 (restated)	1	37,037	37,038
Balance at 1 April 2015	1	37,037	37,038
Total comprehensive income for the period			
Profit for the year	-	10,118	10,118
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	10,118	10,118
Balance at 31 March 2016	1	47,155	47,156

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.

10

Notes to the financial statements

1. General information

CWC Communications Limited (the "Company") is a company incorporated and domiciled in the UK.

The Directors have reviewed the financial position of the Company, including the arrangements with Group undertakings, and are satisfied that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The Company is exempt by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking at 31 March 2016 is Cable & Wireless Communications Limited. On 16 November 2015, the Board of Directors of Cable & Wireless Communications Plc entered into an agreement with Liberty Global plc to sell all issued and to be issued shares of Cable & Wireless Communications Plc pursuant to certain conditions, regulatory and other approvals (the "Transaction"). The Transaction was approved by the shareholders and Board of Directors of both Cable & Wireless Communications Plc and Liberty-Global plc.

Effective 16 May 2016, the Transaction completed, Cable & Wireless Communications Plc was delisted from the London Stock Exchange and renamed Cable & Wireless Communications Limited and Liberty Global plc became the ultimate parent company.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements and in preparing an opening FRS 101 IFRS balance sheet at 1 April 2014 for the purposes of the transition to FRS 101.

2.1. Basis of preparation

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101"). The amendments to FRS 101 (2014/15 Cycle) issued in July 2015 and effective immediately have been applied. In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

In the transition to FRS 101, the Company has applied IFRS 1 whilst ensuring that its assets and liabilities are measured in compliance with FRS 101. An explanation of how the transition to FRS 101 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance of the Company is provided in note 13.

The financial statements are presented in US dollars ("US\$") and rounded to the nearest thousand.

2.2. Exemptions

IFRS 1 grants certain exemptions from the full requirements of Adopted IFRSs in the transition period. The following exemptions have been taken in these financial statements:

• Business combinations – business combinations that took place prior to 1 April 2014 have not been restated.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking at 31 March 2016, Cable & Wireless Communications Limited ("CWC") includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of CWC are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are available to the public and may be obtained from the address in note 12.

In these financial statements, the Company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures

- a cash flow statement and related notes;
- Comparative period reconciliations for share capital, tangible fixed assets, and intangible assets;
- Disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries;
- Disclosures in respect of capital management;
- The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs; and
- Disclosures in respect of the compensation of key management personnel.

As the consolidated financial statements of CWC include the equivalent disclosures, the Company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

 Certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement and the disclosures required by IFRS 7 Financial Instrument Disclosures.

The Company will continue to prepare its financial statements in accordance with FRS 101 on an ongoing basis until such time as it notifies shareholders of any change to its chosen accounting framework.

Judgements made by the Directors, in the application of these accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are discussed in note 11.

2.3. Measurement convention

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis.

2.4. Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction or, if hedged forward, at the rate of exchange under the related forward currency contract. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the contracted rate or the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

2.5. Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise investments trade and other receivables, and trade and other payables.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.6. Impairment

Financial assets (including trade and other receivables)

A financial asset not carried at fair value through profit or loss is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. For financial instruments measured at cost less impairment an impairment is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date. Interest on the impaired asset continues to be recognised through the unwinding of the discount. When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

2.7. Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: the initial recognition of goodwill; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit other than in a business combination, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

2.8. Exceptional items

Exceptional items are material items which derive from individual events that fall within the ordinary activities of the Company that are identified as exceptional by virtue of their size, nature or incidence.

3. Information regarding auditors, directors and employees

Auditors' remuneration for these financial statements was US\$3,000 for the year (2015: US\$3,000). This has been borne by another Group company.

Amounts receivable by the Company's auditor in respect of services to the Company, other than the audit of the Company's financial statements, have not been disclosed as the information is required instead to be disclosed on a consolidated basis in the financial statements of the Company's ultimate parent at 31 March 2016, CWC.

No remuneration was paid to the Directors for qualifying services to this Company (2015: nil).

The Company had no employees during the year (2015: nil).

_	_					
4.	v	e١	ıD	nı	1	Δ

4.	Revenue		
		2016 US\$'000	2015 US\$'000
			034 000
	Branding fees	14,272	21,396
5.	Operating costs		
		2016	2015
		US\$'000	US\$'000
	Management fees	3,229	3,217
6.			
о.	Income tax expense		
		2016	2015
		US\$'000	US\$'000
	Analysis of charge in period	925	1 140
	UK Corporation tax at 20% (2015: 21%) Double tax relief	925 (925)	1,149 (1,149)
	Double tax relief	(923)	(1,143)
	Overseas taxation	925	1,149
	Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	925	1,149
	. a.r. a.r.a. Oa a.r. bi air air air air air a aari i maari i		-,

Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period:

The current tax charge for the period is lower (2015: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 20% (2015: 21%). The differences are explained below.

	2016 US\$'000	2015 US\$'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	11,043	18,179
Tax at UK statutory rate 20% (2015: 21%) Group relief claimed without payment	2,209 (1,284)	3,818 (2,669)
Total tax charge (see above)	925	1,149

There are un-recognised deferred tax balances as at 31 March 2016 of US\$18,172,000 in respect of capital losses carried forward (2015: US\$21,336,000).

The Finance Act 2015, which provides for a reduction in the main rate of corporation tax from 20% to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 18% from 1 April 2020, was substantively enacted on 26 October 2015. These rate reductions have been reflected in the calculation of deferred tax at the balance sheet date.

7. Trade and other receivables

	2016 US\$'000	2015 US\$'000
Amounts falling due within one year		
Loan owed by subsidiary undertaking	57,419	36,651
Other intercompany receivables	15	387
	57,434	37,038

The loan owed by subsidiary undertakings is repayable on demand with a nil interest rate (2015: same).

8. Trade and other payables

	2016	2015
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Amounts falling due within one year		
Amounts owed to group undertakings	10,278	-

9. Called up share capital

	At 31 March 2016 US\$'000	At 31 March 2015 US\$'000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1,001 ordinary shares of £1	1	1

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company.

10. Related party transactions

Under FRS 101.8(k), the Company is exempt from the requirement to disclose transactions with entities that are 100% owned by the Liberty Global plc (note 14).

The tables below reflects a summary of transactions and balances with related parties that are less than 100% owned by Liberty Global.

Transactions and balances at 31 March 2016:

	% owned by Liberty Global Group	Branding fees received US\$'000	Trade debtor (creditor) US\$'000
Cable & Wireless (Barbados) Limited	81%	1,683	(3,236)
Cable & Wireless Panama SA	49%	4,534	15
Cable & Wireless St Kitts & Nevis Limited	77%	671	(278)
Cable & Wireless Dominica Limited	80%	356	(59)
Cable & Wireless Grenada Limited	70%	656	(338)
Cable & Wireless Jamaica Limited	82%	3,187	(2,776)
Total		11,087	(6,672)

Transactions and balances at 31 March 2015:

	% owned by CWC Group	Branding fees received US\$'000	Trade debtor (creditor) US\$'000
Cable & Wireless (Barbados) Limited	81%	4,919	-
Cable & Wireless Panama SA	49%	4,608	386
Cable & Wireless St Kitts & Nevis Limited	77%	949	-
Cable & Wireless Dominica Limited	80%	415	-
Cable & Wireless Grenada Limited	70%	994	-
Cable & Wireless Jamaica Limited	82%	5,963	-
Total		17,848	386

Transactions with key management personnel

FRS 101.8(j) exempts entities from the disclosures in respect of the compensation of key management personnel.

11. Accounting estimates and judgements

Due to the nature of the Company's operations there are no key assumptions applied by management nor any estimation uncertainty in the judgement applied by management that may cause material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities within the next financial year.

12. Ultimate parent company

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Sable Holding Limited.

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that of CWC, the ultimate parent company at 31 March 2016. CWC is incorporated in the UK. The consolidated financial statements of Cable & Wireless Communications Limited may be obtained from the Company Secretary, Cable & Wireless Communications Limited, 2nd Floor, 62 – 65 Chandos Place, London WC2N 4HG. No other group accounts include the results of the Company.

On 16 November 2015, the Board of Directors of the Cable & Wireless Communications Plc entered into an agreement with Liberty Global plc to sell all issued and outstanding shares of Cable & Wireless Communications Plc pursuant to certain conditions, regulatory and other approvals (the "Transaction"). The Transaction was approved by the shareholders and Board of Directors of both Cable & Wireless Communications Plc and Liberty Global plc.

13. Reconciliation of transition to FRS 101 from old UK GAAP

As stated in note 1, these are the Company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with FRS 101.

The accounting policies set out in note 2 have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 including the comparative information presented for the year ended 31 March 2015 and in the preparation of an opening FRS 101 balance sheet at 1 April 2014 (the Company's date of transition).

In preparing its FRS 101 balance sheet, the Company has made no adjustments to the amounts reported previously in financial statements prepared in accordance with its old basis of accounting (UK GAAP).

Reconciliation of equity	1 April 2014 Effect of transition UK GAAP to FRS 101 FRS 101 US\$'000 US\$'000 US\$'000		31 March 2015 Effect of UK GAAP transition (restated) to FRS 101 FRS 101 US\$'000 US\$'000			
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	1	-	1	1	-	1
Profit and loss account	20,007	-	20,007	37,037		37,037
Shareholder's funds	20,008	-	20,008	37,038	-	37,038

14. Post balance sheet events

Effective 16 May 2016, the Transaction completed, Cable & Wireless Communications Plc was delisted from the London Stock Exchange and renamed Cable & Wireless Communications Limited and Liberty Global plc became the ultimate parent company.