**COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04147033** 

**REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES** 

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# East Kent Properties Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 January 2019

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# **BURGESS HODGSON LLP**

Chartered accountants
Camburgh House
27 New Dover Road
Canterbury
Kent
CT1 3DN

# **Financial Statements**

# Year ended 31 January 2019

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## **Statement of Financial Position**

## 31 January 2019

|  |      | 201                      | 2018             |                           |
|--|------|--------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
|  | Note | £                        | £                | £                         |
| Fixed assets Tangible assets   | 4    |                          | 2,640,853        | 1,885,000                 |
| Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand                      | 5    | 8,325<br>9,490<br>17,815 |                  | 23,408<br>4,891<br>28,299 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year                       | 6    | 111,845                  |                  | 79,173                    |
| Net current liabilities  |      |                          | 94,030           | 50,874                    |
| Total assets less current liabilities                                |      |                          | 2,546,823        | 1,834,126                 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year              | 7    |                          | 907,588          | 225,968                   |
| Provisions Taxation including deferred tax                           |      |                          | 138,257          | 138,257                   |
| Net assets   |      |                          | 1,500,978        | 1,469,901                 |
| Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account |      |                          | 100<br>1,500,878 | 100<br>1,469,801          |
| Shareholders funds   |      |                          | 1,500,978        | 1,469,901                 |

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 January 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

## Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of Financial Position (continued)

# 31 January 2019

Mr M Moreland Director

Company registration number: 04147033

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## Year ended 31 January 2019

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Camburgh House, 27 New Dover Road, Canterbury, Kent, CT1 3DN.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

## Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

# Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

## Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 31 January 2019

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into.

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price including transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction it is measured at present value.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 31 January 2019

## 4. Tangible assets

|    |   |                  | Land and<br>buildings<br>£ |
|----|---|------------------|----------------------------|
|    | Cost At 1 February 2018 Additions                       |                  | 1,885,000<br>755,853       |
|    | At 31 January 2019                                      |                  | 2,640,853                  |
|    | Depreciation At 1 February 2018 and 31 January 2019     |                  | _                          |
|    | Carrying amount At 31 January 2019                      |                  | 2,640,853                  |
|    | At 31 January 2018                                      |                  | 1,885,000                  |
| 5. | Debtors   |                  |                            |
|    | _   | 2019             | 2018                       |
|    | Other debtors   | £<br>8,325       | £<br>23,408                |
| 6. | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year          |                  |                            |
|    |   | 2019<br>£        | 2018<br>£                  |
|    | Corporation tax Other creditors                         | 21,681<br>90,164 | 32,361<br>46,812           |
|    |   | 111,845          | 79,173                     |
| 7. | Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year |                  |                            |
|    |   | 2019<br>£        | 2018<br>£                  |
|    | Bank loans and overdrafts                               | 907,588          | 225,968                    |

Bank loans over one year are secured against the assets of the company.

# 8. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

At the year end the company owed the director £43,352 (2018: Director owed the company £15,983). During the year advances of £28,665 were made to the Director and repayments of £88,000 made by the Director. Interest of £0 (2018: £905) was charged on the loan at a rate of 2.5%.