Registration number: 03763681

Richard Gidden Oral Design-London (UK) Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements- Companies house filing for the Year Ended 31 August 2022

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(Registration number: 03763681) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 August 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	389	519
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	4,000	4,000
Debtors	<u>6</u>	28,819	22,841
Cash at bank and in hand		86,767	83,821
		119,586	110,662
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(23,163)	(18,635)
Net current assets		96,423	92,027
Net assets		96,812	92,546
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		200	200
Profit and loss account		96,612	92,346
Shareholders' funds		96,812	92,546

For the financial year ending 31 August 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Income Statement has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 4 April 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

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J E Gidden	
Company s	ecretary and director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Knoll House, Knoll Road, Camberley, Surrey, GU15 3SY, United Kingdom.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2022

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Fixtures and fittings

25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and bank deposits.

Trade creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense in the period which they are incurred.

Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 2 (2021 - 2).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2022

4 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 September 2021	5,438	5,438
At 31 August 2022	5,438	5,438
Depreciation At 1 September 2021 Charge for the year	4,919	4,919 130
At 31 August 2022	5,049	5,049
Carrying amount		
At 31 August 2022	389	389
At 31 August 2021	519	519
5 Stocks	2022	2021
Other inventories	4,000	4,000
6 Debtors		
	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors Other debtors	23,734 5,085	17,953 4,888
	28,819	22,841
7 Creditors		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		***
	2022 £	2021 £
Trade creditors	3,732	2,281
Taxation and social security	14,825	14,469
Accruals and deferred income	2,397	1,675
Other creditors	2,209	210
	23,163	18,635

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.