COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 03761773

Astralis Recruitment Group Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 August 2020

Astralis Recruitment Group Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 August 2020

	2020			2019
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	5		536	9
Investments	6		4	4
			540	13
Current assets				
Debtors	7	10,693		75,530
Cash at bank and in hand		191,079		160,194
		201,772		235,724
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	31,112		74,887
Net current assets			170,660	160,837
Total assets less current liabilities			171,200	160,850
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			25,334	25,334
Capital redemption reserve			14,479	14,479
Profit and loss account			131,387	121,037
Shareholders funds			171,200	160,850

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 August 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Astralis Recruitment Group Limited

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 August 2020

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17 May 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr M Knapper

Director

Company registration number: 03761773

Astralis Recruitment Group Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 August 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Artemis House, 4a Bramley Road, Mount Farm, Milton Keynes, Buckinghamshire, MK1 1PT.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Computer Equipment - 33% straight line
Office Equipment - 20% straight line

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Investments in associates

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted. Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the associate arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Investments in joint ventures

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted. Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the joint venture arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2019: 1).

5. Tangible assets

	Fixtures and		
	fittings	Equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 September 2019	57,832	27,614	85,446
Additions	739	-	739
At 31 August 2020	58,571	27,614	86,185
Depreciation			
At 1 September 2019	57,823	27,614	85,437
Charge for the year	212	_	212
At 31 August 2020	58,035	27,614	85,649
Carrying amount	•••••		
At 31 August 2020	536	_	536
At 31 August 2019	9	-	9

6. Investments

		Sł	nares in group undertakings £
Cost			
At 1 September 2019 and 31 August 2020			4
Impairment			
At 1 September 2019 and 31 August 2020			_
Carrying amount			
At 31 August 2020		4	
At 31 August 2019		4	
7. Debtors			
	2020	2019	
	£	£	
Trade debtors	10,049	53,987	
Other debtors	644	21,543	
	10,693	75,530 	
8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	2020	2019	
	£	£	
Trade creditors	2,900	7,745	
Corporation tax	19,969	47,305	
Social security and other taxes	7,904	18,768	
Other creditors	339	1,069	
	31,112	74,887	
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9. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

		2020	
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr M Knapper	(11)	(52)	(63)
		2019 Advances/	
	Balance brought forward	(credits) to the directors	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr M Knapper	(14,097)	14,086	(11)

10. Related party transactions

No transactions with related parties were undertaken in the year, such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard 8.

11. Subsidiaries

Astralis Consulting Limited and Astralis Search Limited are both subsidiaries of Astralis Group plc. Both of these companies were incorporated in England and Wales and have remained dormant throughout the year.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.