PERLITE LIMITED FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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PERLITE LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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PERLITE LIMITED BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2017

		2017	2016		
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	5		12,446		12,446
CURRENT ASSETS			•		
Debtors	6	164,098		162,293	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,933		19,500	
		168,031		181,793	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due	•				
within one year	7	(60,647)		(62,258)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			107,384		119,535
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			119,830		131,981

The balance sheet continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET (continued)

31 DECEMBER 2017

	2017		2016		
	Note	£	£	£	£
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	8		2		2
Profit and loss account	•		119,828		131,979
SHAREHOLDER FUNDS			119,830		131,981

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the profit and loss account has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

Director

Company registration number: 03571444

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is New Burlington House, 1075 Finchley Road, London, NW11 0PU.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The directors do not consider there are any critical judgements or sources of estimation uncertainty requiring disclosure beyond the accounting policies listed below.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, stated net of discounts and value added tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties which are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both. Investment properties are recognised initially at cost.

Subsequent to initial recognition -

- i. Investment properties whose fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort are held at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value are recognised in the profit and loss account in the period that they arise; and
- ii. No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties applying the fair value model.

Investment property fair value is determined by the director based on his understanding of property market conditions and the specific property concerned, using a sales valuation approach, derived from recent comparable transactions on the market, adjusted by applying discounts to reflect status of occupation and condition.

Acquisitions and disposals of properties

Acquisitions and disposals are considered to have taken place at the date of legal completion and are included in the financial statements accordingly.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

4. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2016: 2).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

5. TANGIBLE ASSETS

6.

· 7.

8.

Ordinary shares of £1 each

I ANGIDLE ASSETS				
				Long leasehold investment property £
Cost At 1 January 2017 and 31 December	r 2017			12,446
Carrying amount At 31 December 2017				12,446
At 31 December 2016				12,446
The Company's investment properties included in the balance sheet at cost cannot be measured reliably.				
DEBTORS				
			2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors			5,094	3,970
Other debtors			159,004	158,323
			164,098	162,293
CREDITORS: amounts falling due	within one year			
			2017	2016
Trade creditors			£ 622	£ 620
Corporation tax			_	8,630
Social security and other taxes			499	500
Other creditors			<u>59,526</u>	52,508
			60,647	62,258
CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL				
Issued, called up and fully paid				
	2017		2010	6
	No.	£	No.	£

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- i) Included in Other debtors are amounts aggregating £152,498 due from Companies of which the Director of this Company is also a Director. The loans are interest free and effectively repayable on demand.
- ii) Included in Other creditors are amounts aggregating £18,320 which are due to the Parent Undertaking and amounts aggregating £36,339 due to other Companies of which the Director of this Company is also a Director. The loans are interest free and effectively repayable on demand.

10. PARENT UNDERTAKING

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Sarama Limited which is incorporated in England and Wales

11. CONTROL

The Company is controlled by the Trustees of a Trust.