Company Limited by Guarantee FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021





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COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

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COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

The board of directors PT A Johnson - Chairman

A W MacBeth OBE - Managing Director

A W Hainsworth A L Williams T R Hoyle D M Antich R D Brook

Company secretary A Philipson

Registered office Textile House

Red Doles Lane Off Leeds Road Huddersfield HD2 1YF

Auditor Wheawill & Sudworth Limited

Chartered accountants & statutory auditor

35 Westgate Huddersfield HD1 1PA

Bankers Lloyds Bank plc

1 Westgate Huddersfield West Yorkshire HD1 2DN

Solicitors Eaton Smith LLP

14 High Street Huddersfield HD1 2HA

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

P T A Johnson A W MacBeth OBE A W Hainsworth A L Williams T R Hoyle D M Antich R D Brook

None of the directors held any interests as members of the parent company or in the share capital of the subsidiary at 31 December 2021 or at 31 December 2020.

A qualifying indemnity provision (as defined in Section 236 of the Companies Act 2006) has been provided to the directors.

Other matters

The impact of the Covid 19 pandemic on the fashion and textile sector has been significant across the country. Textile manufacturing businesses in the North are starting to recover and the Centre's handling a large number of vacancies for member companies, which signals a return of demand from customers across all areas. However, the scale of vacancies across all sectors has led to a wide ranging labour shortage which is inhibiting the volume of recruitment to apprenticeship vacancies.

Another impact of the pandemic has been the acceleration in the demand for on-line learning content. The Centre is intending to develop content to enable on-line delivery of the sector apprenticeship programmes which will reduce delivery costs and significantly broaden the geography of the market with courses being made available across other English regions with significant employment in the sector including Nottingham, Leicester and other areas of the Midlands. This will open up a major new source of revenue.

The Centre's Board of Directors has agreed that much of the technical and laboratory equipment previously used of hands-on training at the Centre is unlikely to be used in the future and a programme of disposal is currently taking place which is providing useful additional income. The Board has also considered options for making best use of the space at Textile House, where only 20% is utilised for training delivery. Some additional income is now being received from the rental of spare space and the Board is considering how this income stream can grow.

The Centre has developed a new Sustainability Strategy Pilot Programme and the first programme has secured funding from sector bodies and will be launched in May '22. Additional programmes are planned for later in the year. The launch of the Shared Prosperity Fund is also likely to offer significant opportunities to expand the Centre's business.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and the company and the profit or loss of the group for that period.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the group and the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group and the company's auditor is aware of that information.

The auditor is deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 21 April 2022 and signed on behalf of the board by:

P T A Johnson

Chairman

A W MacBeth OBE

Director

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HUDDERSFIELD & DISTRICT TEXTILE TRAINING COMPANY LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Huddersfield & District Textile Training Company Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiary (the 'group') for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the consolidated profit and loss account, company profit and loss account, consolidated balance sheet, balance sheet and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and Unite d Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of the group's loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's or the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HUDDERSFIELD & DISTRICT TEXTILE TRAINING COMPANY LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HUDDERSFIELD & DISTRICT TEXTILE TRAINING COMPANY LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with the law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

We gained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework applicable to the company and the industry in which it operates and considered the risk of acts by the company that were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud. We focused on laws and regulations which could give rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements, including but not limited to, the Companies Act 2006 and UK tax legislation. We also considered whether the company had complied with regulations central to its business, non-compliance with which would indicate the company's future would be uncertain, these were whether sufficient standards were being maintained to meet Ofsted standards and that of the Education & Skills Funding Agency (ESFA). Our tests included agreeing the financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation, enquiries of management, and examination of the most recent Ofsted and ESFA inspection reports. We also addressed the risk of management override of of internal controls, including testing journals and evaluating whether there was evidence of bias by the directors that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HUDDERSFIELD & DISTRICT TEXTILE TRAINING COMPANY LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the group's or the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the group or the parent company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Meanill & SudwoM Limited

Helen Solomons (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Wheawill & Sudworth Limited Chartered accountants & statutory auditor

35 Westgate Huddersfield HD1 1PA

21 April 2022

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Turnover		484,024	608,444
Cost of sales		(369,307)	(462,652)
Gross profit		114,717	145,792
Administrative expenses Other operating income		(231,758) 91,071	(402,350) 228,512
Operating loss		(25,970)	(28,046)
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar expenses		14 (5,175)	(6,451)
Loss before taxation	6	(31,131)	(34,497)
Tax on loss	•		
Loss for the financial year		(31,131)	(34,497)
Fair value adjustment on land and buildings		200,000	136,000
Total comprehensive income for the year		168,869	101,503

All the activities of the group are from continuing operations.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	7	1,700,684	1,501,296
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9	162,055 211,216 373,271	136,613 114,520 251,133
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(404,678)	(224,969)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(31,407)	26,164
Total assets less current liabilities		1,669,277	1,527,460
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(653,394)	(680,446)
Net assets		1,015,883	847,014
Capital and reserves			
Non-distributable reserve	13	727,571	527,571
Profit and loss account	13	288,312	319,443
Members funds		1,015,883	847,014

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 April 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

P T A Johnson

Chairman

A W MacBeth OBE

Director

Company registration number: 3485552

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets	11010	~	~
Tangible assets	7	1,700,684	1,501,296
Investments	8	2	2
		1,700,686	1,501,298
Current assets			
Debtors	9	128,731	110,751
Cash at bank and in hand	•	1,813	1,487
		130,544	112,238
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(529,510)	(495,138)
Net current liabilities		(398,966)	(382,900)
Total assets less current liabilities		1,301,720	1,118,398
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(553,394)	(580,446)
Net assets		748,326	537,952
Capital and reserves			
Non-distributable reserve	13	727,571	527,571
Profit and loss account	13	20,755	10,381
Members funds		748,326	537,952

The profit for the financial year of the parent company was £10,374 (2020: £15,646 loss).

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 April 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

PT A Johnson

Chairman

A W MacBeth OBE

Director

Company registration number: 3485552

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Non-		
	distributable Profit and loss		
	reserve £	account £	Total £
At 1 January 2020	346,148	399,363	745,511
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:		(34,497)	(34,497)
Fair value adjustment on land and buildings	136,000		136,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	136,000	(34,497)	101,503
Transfer to non-distributable reserve	45,423	(45,423)	
Total investments by and distributions to owners	45,423	(45,423)	-
At 31 December 2020	527,571	319,443	847,014
Loss for the year		(31,131)	(31,131)
Other comprehensive income for the year: Fair value adjustment on land and buildings	200,000		200,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	200,000	(31,131)	168,869
At 31 December 2021	727,571	288,312	1,015,883

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Non- distributable Pro	ofit and loss	
	reserve £	account £	Total £
At 1 January 2020	346,148	71,450	417,598
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:		(15,646)	(15,646)
Fair value adjustment on land and buildings	136,000		136,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	136,000	(15,646)	120,354
Transfer to non-distributable reserve	45,423	(45,423)	
Total investments by and distributions to owners	45,423	(45,423)	_
At 31 December 2020	527,571	10,381	537,952
Profit for the year		10,374	10,374
Other comprehensive income for the year: Fair value adjustment on land and buildings	200,000		200,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	200,000	10,374	210,374
At 31 December 2021	727,571	20,755	748,326

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Textile House, Red Doles Lane, Off Leeds Road, Huddersfield, HD2 1YF.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity, and rounded to the nearest £.

Going concern

The Directors believe that the ongoing and contracted activity, coupled with the proposed business realignment and cost cutting activity suggest the business remains a going concern.

The Directors therefore believe that the preparation of the financial statements on the going concern basis is appropriate.

Disclosure exemptions

The parent company satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. As such, advantage has been taken of the following reduced disclosures available under FRS 102:

- (a) Disclosures in respect of each class of share capital have not been presented.
- (b) No cash flow statement has been presented for the company.
- (c) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented.
- (d) No disclosure has been given for the aggregate remuneration of key management personnel.

Consolidation

The consolidated accounts combine the financial statements of Huddersfield & District Textile Training Co Limited and of its subsidiary company. Uniform accounting policies are adopted throughout the group. The company has taken advantage of the exemption in s408 Companies Act 2006 and not included its own Profit and Loss Account. However as the exemption does not cover the remainder of its Statement of Income and Retained Earnings this has been included.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for training and consultancy services rendered, stated net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the rendering of services is recognised when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable the the associated economic benefits will flow to the ntity, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and equipment - 4 years Fixtures, fittings and office - 4 years

equipment

Depreciation is charged monthly from the month that the asset was purchased.

Investment property

The investment property which is carried at revalued amounts is recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Government grants

Grants in respect of expenditure on tangible fixed assets are treated as deferred income which is credited to the profit and loss account by instalments over the expected useful economic life of the related asset on a basis consistent with the depreciation policy. Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the profit and loss account of the period in respect of which they are matched against the related expense. In the year ended 31 December 2021, in common with other businesses, the company received grants to assist it during the COVID pandemic, these grants are shown as income and not set off against the related expenditure.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to the group defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable.

4. Company limited by guarantee

The company is limited by guarantee for an amount not exceeding £1 per member. At 31 December 2021 there were 83 members (2020: 86 members).

5. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 18 (2020: 27).

6. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging:

A total outside tarranton is stated after oranging.	2021	2020
Depreciation of tangible assets	£ 612	£ 612
Doprociation of tanglote assets		

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

7. Tangible assets

Group and company	Investment property £	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 January 2021	380,000	1,120,000	2,761,397	530,653	4,792,050
Disposals	-	_	(1,290,970)	_	(1,290,970)
Revaluations		200,000			200,000
At 31 December 2021	380,000	1,320,000	1,470,427	530,653	3,701,080
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2021	_	_	2,761,397	529,357	3,290,754
Charge for the year	_	_	_	612	612
Disposals	_	_	(1,290,970)	_	(1,290,970)
At 31 December 2021	_		1,470,427	529,969	2,000,396
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2021	380,000	1,320,000		684	1,700,684
At 31 December 2020	380,000	1,120,000		1,296	1,501,296

The investment property and the land and buildings are valued by independent professionally qualified valuers with recent experience in the location and class of the properties.

Tangible assets held at valuation

In respect of tangible assets held at valuation, aggregate cost, depreciation and comparable carrying amount that would have been recognised if the assets had been carried under the historical cost model are as follows:

Group and company	Investment property £	Land and buildings £	Total £
At 31 December 2021 Aggregate cost Aggregate depreciation	571,573 (205,872)	955,541 (439,556)	1,527,114 (645,428)
Carrying value	365,701	515,985	881,686
At 31 December 2020 Aggregate cost Aggregate depreciation	571,573 (194,441)	955,541 (420,445)	1,527,114 (614,886)
Carrying value	377,132	535,096	912,228

8. Investments

The group has no investments.

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

8. Investments (continued)

Company	Shares in group undertakings £
Cost	
At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	2
Impairment	
At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	<u> </u>
Carrying amount	
At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	2
At 31 December 2020	2

The principal activity of the subsidiary company is the provision of training and consultancy services whilst also becoming increasingly involved in research and development in the technical textiles area.

Subsidiaries, associates and other investments

Details of the investments in which the parent company has an interest of 20% or more are as follows:

Class of	f share shares held
Subsidiary undertakings Huddersfield Textile Training Limited Ord	dinary 100

9. Debtors

	Grou	Group		ıny
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	44,150	34,530	44,087	34,467
Other debtors	117,905	102,083	84,644	76,284
	162,055	136,613	128,731	110,751

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
•	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	199,557	65,912	199,557	65,912
Trade creditors	27,513	13,605	27,472	13,563
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a				
participating interest	_	_	241,812	341,000
Social security and other taxes	26,953	42,211	26,953	42,211
Other creditors	150,655	103,241	33,716	32,452
	404,678	224,969	529,510	495,138

The bank overdraft amounting to £189,557 (2020: £64,245) is secured by a legal charge over the leasehold property.

11. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	38,333	48,333	38,333	48,333
Other loans	100,000	100,000	_	_
Other creditors	515,061	532,113	515,061	532,113
	653,394	680,446	553,394	580,446

12. Deferred capital grant income

Received and receivable:

Group and company:

At 1 January 2021 and at 31 December 2021	2021 £ 3,258,072	2020 £ 3,258,072
Amortisation:	2021	2020
At 1 January 2021 Credit to profit and loss account	£ 2,725,959 17,052	£ 2,708,907 17,052
At 31 December 2021	2,743,011	2,725,959
Net balance at 31 December 2021	2021 £ 515,061	2020 £ 532,113

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

13. Reserves

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

Non-distributable reserve - This reserve records the revaluation surplus on the company's properties.