## **UNAUDITED**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

# WILSON PLUMBING SUPPLIES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03468394

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MAY 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		10,024		12,787
		_	10,024		12,787
Current assets					
Stocks	5	22,709		45,994	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	101,237		117,833	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	3,548		29,929	
	_	127,494	_	193,756	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(137,417)		(166,312)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets	-		(9,923)		27,444
Total assets less current liabilities		_	101	_	40,231
Net assets		- -	101	- -	40,231
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		101		101
Profit and loss account			•		40,130
		_	101		40,231

## WILSON PLUMBING SUPPLIES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03468394

## BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MAY 2018

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 9 November 2018.

Mr J J Wilson Director

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

#### 1. General information

Wilson Plumbing Supplies Limited is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England. The principal place of business was Units 9 - 11 Hurricane Close, Old Sarum, Salisbury, Wiltshire, SP4 6LG. The principal activity of the company throughout the year was that of a plumbers' merchant.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### 2.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

#### 2.4 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of income and retained earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

#### 2.5 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings in the year in which they are incurred.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.6 Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of income and retained earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

#### 2.7 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

#### 2.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery -20% reducing balance
Motor vehicles -25% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings -20% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.9 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2.10 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### 2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.12 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.13 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

### 2.14 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

#### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 5 (2017 - 5).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

## 4. Tangible fixed assets

5.

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles	Fixtures and fittings	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 June 2017	15,581	35,674	26,598	77,853
Additions	-	-	315	315
At 31 May 2018	15,581	35,674	26,913	78,168
Depreciation				
At 1 June 2017	15,248	26,530	23,288	65,066
Charge for the year on owned assets	66	2,287	725	3,078
At 31 May 2018	15,314	28,817	24,013	68,144
Net book value				
At 31 May 2018	<u>267</u>	6,857	2,900	10,024
At 31 May 2017	333	9,144	3,310	12,787
Stocks				
			2018	2017
Finished goods and goods for resale			£ 22,709	£ 45,994
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			22,709	45,994

Stock recognised in cost of sales during the year as an expense was £560,270 (2017 - £717,227).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

6.	Debtors

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	97,818	115,488
Other debtors	920	-
Prepayments and accrued income	2,499	2,345
	101,237	117,833

Included within other debtors due within one year is a joint loan to the directors, Mr J J Wilson and Mrs T J Wilson, amounting to £920 (2017 - £0). There were no conditions attached.

## 7. Cash and cash equivalents

	2018 £	2017 £
Cash at bank and in hand Less: bank overdrafts	3,548 (30,780)	29,929 (15,395)
	(27,232)	14,534

## 8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	30,780	15,395
Trade creditors	92,707	119,990
Corporation tax	3,486	20,562
Other taxation and social security	8,719	8,615
Accruals and deferred income	1,725	1,750
	<u>137,417</u>	<u>166,312</u>

The bank overdraft is secured.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

#### 9. Financial instruments

	2018	2017
	£	£
Financial assets		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	<u>3,548</u>	29,929

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash at bank and in hand.

#### 10. Share capital

2018	2017
£	£
100	100
1	1
101	<u>101</u>
	100 1

#### 11. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £6,924 (2017 - £6,924).

## 12. Related party transactions

During the year £16,200 (2017- £16,200) was paid to the director, Mr J J Wilson, in respect of rent on the Hurricane Close units.

## 13. Controlling party

The company is controlled by the director, Mr J J Wilson, by virtue of his shareholding as described in the directors' report.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.