Company Registration No. 03409966 (England and Wales)
Company Negistration No. 00400000 (England and Wales)
ECONOMIC SKIPS LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2021
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2021

		2021		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
rixed assets					
「angible assets	3		5,219,321		3,829,480
Current assets					
Stocks		12 4,124		118,415	
Debtors	4	778,065		1,074,932	
Cash at bank and in hand		339,642		269,280	
		1,241,831		1,462,627	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one ear	5	(1,203,651)		(1,664,802)	
eai	Ū				
let current assets/(liabilities)			38,180		(202,175
Total assets less current liabilities			5,257,501		3,627,305
Creditors: amounts falling due after more han one year	6		(193,333)		(645,364
Provisions for liabilities			(517,001)		(311,931
let assets			4,547,167		2,670,010
Capital and reserves			1,000		1.000
Called up share capital Revaluation reserve			1,925,404		1,000
Profit and loss reserves			2,620,763		2,669,010
Tulit allu luss reserves					
otal equity			4,547,167		2,670,010

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial period ended 31 January 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2021

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 30 November 2021

Mr M Farrell

Director

Company Registration No. 03409966

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2021

		Share capital		Profit and ss reserves	Total
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 August 2018		1,000	-	2,971,907	2,972,907
Period ended 31 July 2019: Loss and total comprehensive income for the period					
Dividends		-	-	(242,897) (60,000)	(242,897) (60,000)
Balance at 31 July 2019		1,000		2,669,010	2,670,010
Period ended 31 January 2021: Loss for the period		-	-	(33,217)	(33,217)
Other comprehensive income: Revaluation of tangible fixed assets			1,925,404		1,925,404
Total comprehensive income for the period Dividends		-	1,925 ,4 04 -	(33,217) (15,030)	1,892,187 (15,030)
Balance at 31 January 2021		1,000	1,925,404	2,620,763	4,547,167

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Economic Skips Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 4th Floor, 4 Tabernacle Street, London, EC2A 4LU.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Reporting period

The company has extended the year end by 6 Months due to Covid 19 and the national lockdown. The 2021 accounts therefore cover an 18 Month period and are not entirely comparable to the 2019 figures.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Freehold 4% per annum on cost
Land and buildings Leasehold 4% per annum on cost

Plant and machinery 5% to 20% per annum on net book value
Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20% per annum on net book value
Motor vehicles 25% per annum on net book value

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Properties whose fair value can be measured reliably are held under the revaluation model and are carried at a revalued amount, being their fair value at the date of valuation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. The fair value of the land and buildings is usually considered to be their market value.

Revaluation gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent that a revaluation gain reverses a revaluation loss previously recognised in profit or loss or a revaluation loss exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains recognised in equity; such gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.10 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.11 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the period was:

	2021	2019
	Number	Number
Total	48	57

3

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2021

	Land and building s na	Plant and chinery etc	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or valuation			
At 1 August 2019	989,349	8,750,272	9,739,621
Additions	-	308,655	308,655
Revaluation	1,510,651	-	1,510,651
At 31 January 2021	2,500,000	9,058,927	11,558,927
Depreciation and impairment			
At 1 August 2019	414,753	5,495,388	5,910,141
Depreciation charged in the period	-	844,218	844,218
Revaluation	(414,753)	-	(414,753)
At 31 January 2021	-	6,339,606	6,339,606
Carrying amount			
At 31 January 2021	2,500,000	2,719,321	5,219,321
At 31 July 2019	<u>======</u> 574,596	3,254,884	3,829,480

Land and buildings with a carrying amount of £2,500,000 were revalued in May 2021 by Bailey Dyson, independent valuers not connected with the company on the basis of market value. The valuation conforms to International Valuation Standards and was based on recent market transactions on arm's length terms for similar properties.

Land and buildings are carried at valuation. If land and buildings were measured using the cost model, the carrying amounts would have been approximately £531,319 (2019 - £574,596), being cost £989,349 (2019 - £989,349) and depreciation £458,030 (2019 - £414,753).

	Land & Buildings		
	2021	2019	
	£	£	
Cost	989,349	989,349	
Accumulated depreciation	(458,030)	(414,753)	
Carrying value	531,319	574,596	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2021

4	Debtors		
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2021 £	2019 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors	700,368 77,697	875,319 199,613
		778,065	1,074,932
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2021	2019
		£	£
	Trade creditors	256,253	502,306
	Taxation and social security	170,519	184,271
	Other creditors	776,879	978,225
		1,203,651	1,664,802
	The bank loans and overdraft are secured by charges dated 14th October 1998 and 24 assets of the company.	th January 2007	7 over the
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2021	2019
		£	£
	Other creditors	193,333	645,364

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.