c	harity Registration No. 1064899
Company Registration No.	. 03345688 (England and Wales)

# CITRINA FOUNDATION UK LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

## **LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION**

Trustees Mr TR Meadows

Prof R Villems

Secretary Mr H Wood

Charity number 1064899

Company number 03345688

Registered office 28 Ely Place

Third Floor London EC1N 6AA

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# TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purposes of company law, present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2019.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note to the financial statements and comply with the charity's Memorandum and Article of Association, the Companies Act 2006 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (as amended for accounting periods commencing from 1 January 2016)

#### Objectives and activities

The charity's objects are to advance education and wellbeing, by assisting in the establishment and operation of facilities at the University of Tartu in Estonia and other similar research facilities. The facilities are designed for the purpose of transgenic tumour research.

#### Achievements and performance

After funding the development of the cancer research laboratory at the University of Tartu in 1998, the charity now makes donations to help towards its running and maintenance costs and to other research institutions. During the year the charity made donations to research bodies of £Nil (2018: £Nil).

#### Financial review

It is the policy of the charity that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three and six month's expenditure. The trustees considers that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the charity's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

The trustees has assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

#### Structure, governance and management

The charity as established by trust deed in 1997 and is registered with the Charity commission, number 1064899. The charity was incorporated as a company limited by guarantee on 1 April 1997, number 03345688.

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purpose of company law, and who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Mr TR Meadows

Prof R Villems

It is the policy of the charity that new trustees may be appointed at the discretion of the existing trustees.

None of the trustees has any beneficial interest in the company. All of the trustees are members of the company and guarantee to contribute £1 in the event of a winding up.

The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

#### Mr H Wood

Charity Secretary Dated: 29 October 2019

# STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The trustees, who are also the directors of Citrina Foundation UK Limited for the purpose of company law, are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company Law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# **BALANCE SHEET**

#### **AS AT 31 MARCH 2019**

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		706,940		716,003
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		110,334		112,437	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	9	(2,293)		(2,293)	
Net current assets			108,041		110,144
Tradition of the control of the cont					
Total assets less current liabilities			814,981		826,147
Income funds					
Restricted funds			359,384		368,447
Unrestricted funds			455,597		457,700
			814,981		826,147

The company is entitled to the exemption from the audit requirement contained in section 477 of the Companies Act 2006, for the year ended 31 March 2019.

The trustees acknowledge their responsibilities for ensuring that the charity keeps accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act and for preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 29 October 2019

Mr TR Meadows

Trustee

Company Registration No. 03345688

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash absorbed by operations			(2,294)		(4,584)
Investing activities					
Interest received		191		57 	
Net cash generated from investing activities					
			191		57
Net cash used in financing activities			-		-
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents			(2,103)		(4,527)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			112,437		116,964
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			110,334		112,437

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Charity information**

Citrina Foundation UK Limited is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 28 Ely Place, Third Floor, London, EC1N 6AA.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's Memorandum and Article of Association, the Companies Act 2006 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (as amended for accounting periods commencing from 1 January 2016). The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

#### 1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives unless the funds have been designated for other purposes.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

#### 1.4 Incoming resources

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, VAT and other sales related taxes.

#### 1.5 Resources expended

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is classified under headings of the statement of financial activities to which it relates:

- expenditure on raising funds includes the costs of all fundraising activities, events, non-charitable trading activities, and the sale of donated goods.
- expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs incurred by a charity in undertaking activities that
  further its charitable aims for the benefit of its beneficiaries, including those support costs and costs relating
  to the governance of the charity apportioned to charitable activities.
- other expenditure includes all expenditure that is neither related to raising funds for the charity nor part of its expenditure on charitable activities.

All costs are allocated to expenditure categories reflecting the use of the resource. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs are apportioned between the activities they contribute to on a reasonable, justifiable and consistent basis.

#### 1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold land and buildings

over the lifetime of the lease

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in net income/(expenditure) for the year.

#### 1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

#### 1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

#### 1.9 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged as an expense on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

#### 2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### 3 Investments

Unrestricted funds	Total
2019 £	2018 £
Interest receivable 191	57

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

4			Charita	able activities
	Restricted Funds 2019	Unrestricted Funds 2019	Total 2019	Total 2018
	£013		£	£
Depreciation and impairment	9,063	-	9,063	9,063
Share of governance costs (see note )		2,293	2,293	2,293
	9,063	2,293	11,356	11,356
Analysis by fund				
Unrestricted funds		2,293	2,293	2,293
Restricted funds	9,063	·	9,063	9,063
	9,063	2,293	11,356	11,356
For the year ended 31 March 2018				
Unrestricted funds		2,293		2,293
Restricted funds	9,063			9,063
	9,063	2,293		11,356

#### 5 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

## 6 Employees

There were no employees during the year.

# 7 Other gains or losses

Unrestricted funds	Total
2019 £	2018 £
Foreign exchange gains 1	(2)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

8	Tangible fixed assets		Leasehold land	and buildings
				£
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2018			906,326
	At 31 March 2019			906,326
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 April 2018			190,323
	Depreciation charged in the year			9,063
	At 31 March 2019			199,386
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 March 2019			706,940
	At 31 March 2018			716,003
9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
•	or cancer or announce ranning and mount one year		2019	2018
			£	£
	Accruals and deferred income		2,293	2,293
10	Analysis of net assets between funds			
		Unrestricted £	Restricted £	Total £
	Fund balances at 31 March 2019 are represented by:	٨.	*-	~
	Tangible assets	_	706,940	706,940
	Current assets/(liabilities)	455,597	(347,556)	108,041
	,			

## 11 Related party transactions

#### Transactions with related parties

During the year the charity purchased services on normal commercial terms from SRG LLP, a firm in which Mr. Meadows is materially interested as a member. This amounted to £2,293 (2018: £2,293) and £2,293 was outstanding at the year-end (2018: £2,293).

455,597

359,384

814,981

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