Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

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Company Information

Directors

PSL Parsons

R Howey Nunn

Leonard Finn & Co. Services Limited

Company number

03159877

Registered office

Brentmead House

Britannia Road

London N12 9RU

Accountants

Kingston Smith LLP

Orbital House 20 Eastern Road

Romford Essex RM1 3PJ

Business address

Unit 58

The Marchant Trading Estate

42-72 Verney Road

London SE16 3DH

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Balance Sheet
As at 31 December 2016

		201	2016		2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	3		676,451		604,496	
Current assets						
Debtors	4	156,811		248,021		
Cash at bank and in hand		220,965		110,667		
		377,776		358,688		
Creditors: amounts falling due within	5	(224 225)		(267 671)		
one year		(224,325)		(267,671)		
Net current assets			153,451		91,017	
Total assets less current liabilities			829,902		695,513	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(80,009)		(45,364)	
Provisions for liabilities	7		(79,487)		(58,435)	
Net assets	•	• ,	670,406		591,714	
						
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	8		100		100	
Profit and loss reserves			670,306		591,614	
Total equity			670,406		591,714	
-	•	,				

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

Balance Sheet (Continued)

As at 31 December 2016

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 10 July 2017

and are signed on its behalf by:

PSL Parsons

Director

R Howey Nunn

Director

Company Registration No. 03159877

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Steeldeck Rentals Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Brentmead House, Britannia Road, London, N12 9RU.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 are the first financial statements of Steeldeck Rentals Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 January 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery

10% to 20% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2016

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

1.5 Financial instruments

All of the company's financial assets and liabilities are basic and measured at amortised cost.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2016

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.10 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 29 (2015: 24).

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc
Cont	£
Cost At 1 January 2016	1,038,107
Additions	200,519
Disposals	(90,066)
At 31 December 2016	1,148,560
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 January 2016	433,611
Depreciation charged in the year	93,709
Eliminated in respect of disposals	(55,211)
At 31 December 2016	472,109
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2016	676,451
At 31 December 2015	604,496

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2016

4	Debtors	2016	2015
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	132,451	208,991
•	Other debtors	24,360 ———	39,030
	·	156,811 ———	248,021 ======
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Trade creditors	45,462	83,031
	Other taxation and social security Other creditors	. 46,356 132,507	44,184 140,456
		224,325	267,671
		=======================================	===;
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	,	2016 £	2015 £
	Other creditors	80,009	45,364
7	Provisions for liabilities		
		2016 ∘ £	2015 £
	Deferred tax liabilities	79,487	58,435
		79,487	58,435
8	Called up share capital		
	·	2016	2015
	Ordinary share capital Authorised	£	£
	10,000 Ordinary shares of 1p each	100	100
	Issued and fully paid		
	10,000 Ordinary shares of 1p each	100	100

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2016

9 Operating lease commitments

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

· ·	2016	2015
	£	£
Within one year	115,000	55,000
Between two and five years	345,000	-
	460,000	55,000
·		