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**AICKIN CONSULTANTS LIMITED**

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**UNAUDITED**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018**

**AICKIN CONSULTANTS LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER: 02997577**

**BALANCE SHEET**  
**AS AT 31 MARCH 2018**

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Investments	4	1	1
		<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	395	849
Cash at bank and in hand	6	7,844	7,030
		<u>8,239</u>	<u>7,879</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(76,965)	(66,750)
<b>Net current liabilities</b>		<u>(68,726)</u>	<u>(58,871)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>(68,725)</u>	<u>(58,870)</u>
<b>Net liabilities</b>		<u><u>(68,725)</u></u>	<u><u>(58,870)</u></u>

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**AICKIN CONSULTANTS LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER: 02997577**

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**BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**  
**AS AT 31 MARCH 2018**

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	Note	2018 £	2017 £
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		(68,727)	(58,872)
		<u>(68,725)</u>	<u>(58,870)</u>

The director considers that the company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 12 December 2018.

**Dr. R M Aickin**  
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018**

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**1. General information**

Aickin Consultants Limited is a private limited company limited by share capital. The Company is registered in England and Wales, company number 02997577. The registered office address is located at 1 The Green Richmond Surrey TW9 1PL and the Company's trading address is located at 69 Lauriston Road, London E9 7HA.

**2. Accounting policies**

**2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

**2.2 Going concern**

The accounts have been prepared on the basis that the Company will remain a going concern. However, the Company is reliant on a loan made by one of the directors Dr R M Aickin. Dr Aickin's present intention is to continue to provide support to the Company, as required, for the foreseeable future.

**2.3 Revenue**

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

**Rendering of services**

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

**2.4 Interest income**

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018**

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.5 Valuation of investments**

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

Investments in unlisted company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

Investments in listed company shares are remeasured to market value at each Balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss for the period.

**2.6 Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

**2.7 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

**2.8 Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

**2.9 Financial Instruments**

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in the case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Investments in non-convertible preference shares and in non-puttable ordinary and preference shares are measured:

- at fair value with changes recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings if the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.9 Financial instruments (continued)**

shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably;

- at cost less impairment for all other investments.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or income as appropriate. The company does not currently apply hedge accounting for interest rate and foreign exchange derivatives.

**3. Employees**

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 0 (2017 - 0).

**AICKIN CONSULTANTS LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018**

**4. Fixed asset investments**

	<b>Investments in subsidiary companies £</b>
<b>Cost or valuation</b>	
At 1 April 2017	1
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At 31 March 2018	1
	<hr/>
<b>Net book value</b>	
At 31 March 2018	1
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<b>At 31 March 2017</b>	1
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**Subsidiary undertakings**

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the company:

<b>Name</b>	<b>Class of sharesHolding</b>	<b>Principal activity</b>
Environmental Impairment Limited	Ordinary 100 %	Dormant

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2018 and of the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertakings were as follows:

	<b>Aggregate of share capital and reserves £</b>
Environmental Impairment Limited	1
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	1
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Environmental Impairment Limited was dormant during the year.

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AICKIN CONSULTANTS LIMITED

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

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5. Debtors

	2018 £	2017 £
Other debtors	50	472
Prepayments and accrued income	345	377
	<u>395</u>	<u>849</u>

6. Cash and cash equivalents

	2018 £	2017 £
Cash at bank and in hand	7,844	7,030
	<u>7,844</u>	<u>7,030</u>

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Other creditors	75,165	62,838
Accruals and deferred income	1,800	3,912
	<u>76,965</u>	<u>66,750</u>

8. Financial instruments

	2018 £	2017 £
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	<u>7,844</u>	<u>7,030</u>

9. Related party transactions

During the year the Dr Aickin, the Company Director, advanced a further loan to the Company of £12,326. At the end of the year the Company owed £75,165 to Dr Aickin (2017: £62,839). No interest was charged on this loan during the year.



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