

Business Tax Accountants Limited

trading as Phipps Anthony Chartered Tax Advisers and Accountants

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

Business Tax Accountants Limited
trading as Phipps Anthony Chartered Tax Advisers and Accountants

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Business Tax Accountants Limited
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Company Information

Director Mr Richard Anthony Phipps

Company secretary Mrs Julie Phipps

Registered office 24 Station Road
Rainham
Gillingham
Kent
ME8 7PH

Business Tax Accountants Limited
trading as Phipps Anthony Chartered Tax Advisers and Accountants

(Registration number: 02995869)
Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	6,161	6,215
Other financial assets	<u>5</u>	970	870
		<u>7,131</u>	<u>7,085</u>
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	34,658	38,941
Cash at bank and in hand		136,322	153,836
		170,980	192,777
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	<u>(49,753)</u>	<u>(98,268)</u>
Net current assets		<u>121,227</u>	<u>94,509</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		128,358	101,594
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(46,731)	-
Provisions for liabilities		<u>(1,171)</u>	<u>(1,181)</u>
Net assets		<u>80,456</u>	<u>100,413</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	2	2
Profit and loss account		80,454	100,411
Shareholders' funds		<u>80,456</u>	<u>100,413</u>

For the financial year ending 31 October 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 21 July 2021

Business Tax Accountants Limited
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(Registration number: 02995869)
Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2020

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Mr Richard Anthony Phipps
Director

Business Tax Accountants Limited
trading as Phipps Anthony Chartered Tax Advisers and Accountants

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

24 Station Road

Rainham

Gillingham

Kent

ME8 7PH

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 21 July 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

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Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Plant and machinery	20% on cost
Plant and Machinery	15% on cost

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at acquisition date of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control of the acquired, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination contingent on future events, the group includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination at the acquisition date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably.

Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 6 (2019 - 5).

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

4 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Plant and machinery £	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 November 2019	9,185	12,679	4,842	26,706
Additions	-	1,614	1,176	2,790
At 31 October 2020	9,185	14,293	6,018	29,496
Depreciation				
At 1 November 2019	7,748	8,885	3,858	20,491
Charge for the year	617	1,352	875	2,844
At 31 October 2020	8,365	10,237	4,733	23,335
Carrying amount				
At 31 October 2020	820	4,056	1,285	6,161
At 31 October 2019	1,437	3,794	984	6,215

5 Other financial assets (current and non-current)

	Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss £	Total £
Non-current financial assets		
Cost or valuation		
At 1 November 2019	870	870
Fair value adjustments	100	100
At 31 October 2020	970	970
Impairment		
Carrying amount		
At 31 October 2020	970	970

6 Debtors

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	28,028	32,544
Prepayments	6,630	6,397
	<u>34,658</u>	<u>38,941</u>

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	2,180	(402)
Trade creditors		9,141	11,858
Taxation and social security		31,587	50,882
Accruals and deferred income		1,282	6,500
Other creditors		5,563	29,430
		<u>49,753</u>	<u>98,268</u>

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	<u>46,731</u>	<u>-</u>

8 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2020 No.	£	2019 No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	2	2	2	2

9 Loans and borrowings

	2020 £	2019 £
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	<u>46,731</u>	<u>-</u>

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

	2020	2019
	£	£
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	2,269	-
Other borrowings	(89)	(402)
	<u>2,180</u>	<u>(402)</u>

10 Related party transactions

Directors' remuneration

The director's remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Remuneration	12,500	12,230
Contributions paid to money purchase schemes	40,000	40,000
	<u>52,500</u>	<u>52,230</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.