Group Strategic Report, Report of the Director and **Consolidated Financial Statements** for the Year Ended 31 December 2016 <u>for</u> PRINCE HOTELS LIMITED

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10/06/2017

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Company Information for the year ended 31 December 2016

Director:

P Nasser

Registered office:

Prince Hotels Limited

Birmingham Road Allesley Coventry West Midlands CV5 9BA

Registered number:

02995507 (England and Wales)

Auditors:

Haines Watts Birmingham LLP Sterling House 71 Francis Road Edgbaston Birmingham B16 8SP

Bankers:

Lloyds Bank Plc 125 Colmore Row Birmingham B3 2SF

Group Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2016

The director presents his strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Review of business

The group continues with its refurbishment programme in all of its properties in order to improve facilities and enhance guest experience. The group continues to take overall responsibility for all the regulatory compliance together with day to day operations of the business.

Turnover has increased on the previous year by 8%. A key contributor to this is the average room rate increase on last year of 14%, despite occupancy levels remaining relatively steady at 83%. The group reported an operating profit of £564,020 for the year to 31 December 2016 (2015: £1,159,719). Operating profit before depreciation, amortisation and foreign exchange movements was £1,278,417 (2015: £1,198,494). The prospects for 2017 are very positive with improved confidence in the economy, and trading for the new year is going well.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The risks facing the company and its subsidiary undertaking are assessed on an ongoing basis. The director evaluates the likelihood and potential impact of each of the risks and ensure appropriate action is taken to mitigate it.

A number of key risks such as credit management, liquidity, foreign currency risk, health and safety and regulatory compliance come under the direct control of the director.

On behalf of the board:

P Nasser - Drector

Date: 30\5.17

Report of the Director

for the year ended 31 December 2016

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of hoteliers.

Dividends

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31 December 2016 was £300,000.

Events since the end of the year

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

Director

P Nasser held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2016 to the date of this report.

Statement of director's responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

Haines Watts Birmingham LLP are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board:

Date:

P Nasser - Dire

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Prince Hotels Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Prince Hotels Limited for the year ended 31 December 2016 on pages six to twenty five. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of director and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page three, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the director; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial
- statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal
- requirements.

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Prince Hotels Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Darren Holdway (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Haines Watts Birmingham LLP Sterling House 71 Francis Road Edgbaston Birmingham

Date: 30.5.17

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Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year-ended-31-December-2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
Turnover	4	8,156,240	7,572,011
Cost of sales		<u>(4,211,604</u>)	(3,899,582)
Gross profit		3,944,636	3,672,429
Administrative expenses		<u>(3,151,131</u>)	(2,823,545)
		793,505	848,884
Foreign exchange (loss)/gain		(324,454)	233,088
Other operating income	5	94,969	77,747
Operating profit	8	564,020	1,159,719
Income from fixed asset investments Interest receivable and similar income		631 93,039	559 <u>28,568</u>
		657,690	1,188,846
Interest payable and similar expenses	9	<u>(116,059</u>)	(173,046)
Profit before taxation		541,631	1,015,800
Tax on profit	10	(231,364)	(257,872)
Profit for the financial year		310,267	. 757,928
Other comprehensive income Transfer from revaluation reserve Transfer to profit and loss reserve Retranslation of subsidiary's net assets	3	(23,857) 23,857 739,715	(24,344) 24,344 (659,491)
Other comprehensive income for the net of income tax	e year,	739,715	(659,491)
Total comprehensive income for the	year	1,049,982	98,437
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests		228,452 81,815 310,267	659,899 98,029 757,928
Total comprehensive income attributate Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	ole to:	790,635 259,347 1,049,982	158,686 (60,249) * 98,437

PRINCE HOTELS LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 02995507)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

ST December 2016	

Tangible assets	2015 £
Tangible assets	
Investments 15	33,117
Investment property 16	16,756
11,156,801 10,68	5,674
Current assets Stocks 17 58,114 68,979 Debtors 18 1,455,388 1,320,035 Cash at bank and in hand 248,477 220,079 Creditors Amounts falling due within one year 19 1,724,482 1,627,958 Net current assets/(liabilities) 37,497 (Total assets less current liabilities 11,194,298 10,5 Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (2,497,845) (2,6 Provisions for liabilities 24 (53,788) (Net assets 8,642,665 7,8 Capital and reserves Called up share capital 25 100 Revaluation reserve 26 1,168,999 1,1	50,000
Stocks	05,547
Stocks	
Debtors 18	
Cash at bank and in hand 248,477 220,079 1,761,979 1,609,093 Creditors 19 1,724,482 1,627,958 Net current assets/(liabilities) 37,497 (Total assets less current liabilities 11,194,298 10,5 Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (2,497,845) (2,6 Provisions for liabilities 24 (53,788) (Net assets 8,642,665 7,8 Capital and reserves Called up share capital Revaluation reserve 25 100 Revaluation reserve 26 1,168,999 1,1	
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Creditors Amounts falling due within one year 19 1,724,482 1,627,958 Net current assets/(liabilities) 37,497 (Total assets less current liabilities 11,194,298 10,5 Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (2,497,845) (2,6 Provisions for liabilities 24 (53,788) (Net assets 8,642,665 7,8 Capital and reserves 25 100 Called up share capital 25 100 Revaluation reserve 26 1,168,999 1,1	
Amounts falling due within one year 19 1,724,482 1,627,958 Net current assets/(liabilities) 37,497 (Total assets less current liabilities 11,194,298 10,5 Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (2,497,845) (2,6 Provisions for liabilities 24 (53,788) (Net assets 8,642,665 7,8 Capital and reserves 25 100 Revaluation reserve 26 1,168,999 1,1	
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Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (2,497,845) (2,6 Provisions for liabilities 24 (53,788) (Net assets 8,642,665 7,8 Capital and reserves Called up share capital 25 100 Revaluation reserve 26 1,168,999 1,1	18,865)
Amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (2,497,845) (2,6 Provisions for liabilities 24 (53,788) (Net assets 8,642,665 7,8 Capital and reserves 25 100 Called up share capital 25 1,168,999 1,1 Revaluation reserve 26 1,168,999 1,1	86,682
year 20 (2,497,845) (2,6 Provisions for liabilities 24 (53,788) (Net assets 8,642,665 7,8 Capital and reserves 25 100 Called up share capital 25 1,168,999 1,1 Revaluation reserve 26 1,168,999 1,1	
Net assets 8,642,665 7,8 Capital and reserves Called up share capital 25 100 Revaluation reserve 26 1,168,999 1,1	49,349)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital 25 100 Revaluation reserve 26 1,168,999 1,1	<u>44,650</u>)
Called up share capital25100Revaluation reserve261,168,9991,1	92,683
Called up share capital25100Revaluation reserve261,168,9991,1	
Called up share capital25100Revaluation reserve261,168,9991,1	
Revaluation reserve 26 1,168,999 1,1	100
	92,856
	,
	90.443
	41,742
Shareholders' funds 8,193,308 7,5	25,141
Non-controlling interests 449,357 3	67,542
Total equity <u>8,642,665</u> <u>7,8</u>	92,683

The financial statements were approved by the director on ______ and were signed by:

P Nasser - Director

PRINCE HOTELS LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 02995507)

Company Statement of Financial Position
31 December 2016

	<u>31 l</u>	December 2016			
**			2016	_	2015
	Notes	3	£	£	£
Fixed assets	40		400.007		100 117
Intangible assets	13		108,067	•	133,117
Tangible assets Investments	14 15		5,468,508		5,557,219
Investments Investment property	16		12,836		12,836
investment property	16		350,000		350,000
			5,939,411		6,053,172
Current assets					
Stocks	17	31,063		34,625	
Debtors	18	6,110,482		5,465,642	
Cash at bank and in hand		204,830		150,937	
		6,346,375		5,651,204	
Creditors		0,340,373		3,031,204	
Amounts falling due within one year	19	1,153,472		1,154,444	
Net current assets			5,192,903		4,496,760
Total assets less current liabilities			11,132,314		10,549,932
Creditors					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	20		(1,958,028)		(1,988,801)
•			()===,==,		()/ /
Provisions for liabilities	24		(53,788)		(44,650)
Net assets			9,120,498		8,516,481
Conital and reserves					
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	25		100		100
Revaluation reserve	26		1,168,999		1,192,856
Retained earnings	26		7,951,399		7,323,525
rietamed earnings	20		7,331,333		7,323,323
Shareholders' funds			9,120,498		8,516,481
			-,,		
•					
Company's profit for the financial year			904,017		160,426
. , ,					-

The financial statements were approved by the director on ________ and were signed by:

P Nasser - Dire

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2016

		Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Revaluation reserve
Balance at 1 January 2015		100	5,287,499	1,217,200
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income			(130,000) 684,243	- (24,344)
Balance at 31 December 2015		100	5,841,742	1,192,856
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income		<u>.</u>	(300,000) 252,309	(23,857)
Balance at 31 December 2016		100	5,794,051	1,168,999
	Foreign currency translation reserve £	No Total £	on-controlling interests £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2015	currency translation reserve	Total	interests	equity
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	currency translation reserve £ 1,149,934	Total £ 7,654,733 (130,000) 408	interests £ 367,542	equity £ 8,022,275 (130,000) 408
Changes in equity Dividends	currency translation reserve £ 1,149,934	Total £ 7,654,733 (130,000)	interests £	equity £ 8,022,275 (130,000)
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	currency translation reserve £ 1,149,934	Total £ 7,654,733 (130,000) 408	interests £ 367,542	equity £ 8,022,275 (130,000) 408

Company Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2016

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Revaluation reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2015	100	7,268,755	1,217,200	8,486,055
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 December 2015	100	(130,000) 184,770 7,323,525	(24,344) 1,192,856	(130,000) 160,426 8,516,481
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income		(300,000) 927,874	(23,857)	(300,000) 904,017
Balance at 31 December 2016	100	7,951,399	1,168,999	9,120,498

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

for the	vear ended 3	31 December 2016

•	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest paid Finance costs paid Tax paid	29	1,405,244 (101,259) (14,800) (122,379)	659,770 (151,383) (21,663) (64,441)
Net cash from operating activities		1,166,806	422,283
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets Interest received Dividends received Net cash from investing activities		(212,120) 7,569 93,039 631 (110,881)	(279,556) 2,176,405 28,568 559 1,925,976
Cash flows from financing activities Loan repayments in year Amount withdrawn by directors Equity dividends paid Net cash from financing activities		(589,818) (137,709) (300,000) (1,027,527)	(1,944,954) - (130,000) (2,074,954)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	30	28,398 220,079	273,305 (53,226)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	30	248,477	220,079

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2016

1. Statutory information

Prince Hotels Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented unless otherwise stated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and all group undertakings. These are adjusted, where appropriate, to conform to group accounting policies. Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method and any goodwill on consolidation is capitalised and written off over five years from the year of acquisition. The results of companies acquired or disposed of are included in the profit and loss account after or up to the date that control passes respectively. As a consolidated profit and loss account is published, a separate profit and loss account for the parent company is omitted from the group consolidated financial statements by virtue of section 408 of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements of foreign operations have been translated into the parent company's presentation currency as per FRS 102: Foreign Currency Retranslation. Under this method, assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period while income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates at the date of transactions. For this purpose, the average rate of exchange for the accounting period has been used. Exchange differences resulting from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations functional currency to presentation currency are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Income from room lettings is recognised by reference to the room reservation date. Deposits or payments in full for advance bookings are treated as deferred income.

Goodwill

Goodwill, which represents the excess of cost of acquisitions of businesses over the value attributed to the net assets, is amortised through the profit and loss account by equal annual installments over its useful economic life. Goodwill previously eliminated against reserves has not been reinstated and will be charged to the profit and loss account on the subsequent disposal of any business to which it related.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

20 years

Software licences

3 years straight line

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31 December 2016

3. **Accounting policies - continued**

Tangible fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost. Freehold and leasehold property is subsequently stated at valuation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold property Leasehold property 2% - 20% straight line

2% straight line 10% straight line

Fixtures & fittings Computer equipment

25% straight line

An amount equal to the excess of the annual depreciation charge on revalued assets over the notional historical cost depreciation charge on those assets is transferred annually from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss reserve.

Investment property

All investment properties are recorded at their open market value.

This is in accordance with FRS 102 which, unlike the Companies Act 2006, does not require depreciation of investment properties. Investment properties are held for their investment potential and not for use by company and so their current value is of prime importance. The departure from the provisions of the Act is required in order to give a true and fair view.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the average rate for the period. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2016

3. Accounting policies - continued

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Debtors and creditors receivable/payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

4. Turnover

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the group.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

		2016 £	2015 £
	United Kingdom	4,348,031	4,156,543
	Europe	3,808,209	3,415,468
		8,156,240	7,572,011
5.	Other operating income		
J.	Other operating moone	2016	2015
	Rents received	£ 45,320	£ 36,506
	Other operating income	49,649	41,241
		94,969	77,747
6.	Employees and directors		
٥.	Ling.oyooo and anoonoro	2016	2015
		3	3
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	2,533,610 295,527	2,319,454 262,873
	Other pension costs	<u>5,004</u>	4,807
		2,834,141	2,587,134
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:		
		2016	2015
	Production staff	159	166
	Administrative staff	8	8
	Management staff	20	22
		187	196

The average number of employees by undertakings that are proportionately consolidated during the year was 65 (2015 - 70).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2016

7.	Directors' emoluments	2016	2015
	Director's remuneration	£ 21,642	£ 24,768
8.	Operating profit		
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Hire of plant and machinery Depreciation - owned assets Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets Goodwill amortisation Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration - non-audit work	24,401 364,550 343 25,050 11,500 12,953	23,335 581,806 (334,994) 25,050 11,500 19,981
9.	Interest payable and similar expenses	2016 £	2015 £
	Interest payable on bank borrowings Other similar charges payable	101,259 14,800	151,383 21,663
		116,059	173,046
10.	Taxation		
	Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	2016 £	2015 £
	Current tax: UK corporation tax (Over)/under provision in	222,226	146,468
	prior year		11 .
	Total current tax	222,226	146,479
	Deferred tax	9,138	111,393
	Tax on profit	231,364	257,872

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year-ended-31-December-2016

10. Taxation - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

·			
		2016	2015
Profit before tax		£ 541,631	£ 1,015,800
Tolk before tax		341,031	1,013,000
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the	e UK of 20%		
(2015 - 20%)		108,326	203,160
Effects of:			
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes		7,931	3,105
Income not taxable for tax purposes		(14,287)	-
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances		30,781	14,203
Utilisation of tax losses Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods		(65,379)	(56,946) 11
Unrealised foreign exchange loss/(gain) not taxable		66,120	(42,513)
om cancou for orgin oxonaligo focos (gam) not taxable		00,.20	(12,010)
Change in tax rate during the year		-	1,370
Deferred tax		9,138	111,393
Foreign tax		_88,734	24,089
Total tax charge		231,364	257,872
Tax effects relating to effects of other comprehensive in	ncome		
			2016
	Gross	Tax	Net
	3	£	3
Transfer from revaluation reserve	(23,857)	-	(23,857)
Transfer to profit and loss reserve	23,857	-	23,857
Retranslation of subsidiary's net assets	<u>739,715</u>		739,715
	739,715	-	739,715
			2045
	Gross	Tax	2015 Net
	£	£	£
Transfer from revaluation reserve	(24,344)	-	(24,344)
Transfer to profit and loss reserve	24,344	-	24,344
Retranslation of subsidiary's net assets	<u>(659,491</u>)	*	<u>(659,491</u>)
	(659,491)	•	(659,491)
	(000, 101)		10001.0.

11. Individual statement of comprehensive income

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

The profit for the financial year in the financial statements of the parent company was £904,017 (2015: £160,426).

12. Dividends

	2016	2015
Ordinary shares of £1 each	£	£
Interim	300,000	130,000

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2016

13. Intangible fixed assets

Group	Goodwill
Cost	£
At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016	501,000
Amortisation At 1 January 2016 Amortisation for year	367,883
At 31 December 2016	392,933
Net book value At 31 December 2016	108,067
At 31 December 2015	133,117
Company	Goodwill
Cost	Goodwill £
Cost At 1 January 2016	3
Cost At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016	3
Cost At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016 Amortisation At 1 January 2016	£
Cost At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016 Amortisation At 1 January 2016 Amortisation for year	\$\frac{501,000}{367,883}\$ \$\frac{25,050}{2}\$

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2016

14. Tangible fixed assets

Group					
			Fixtures		
	Freehold	Long	and	Computer	
	property	leasehold	fittings	equipment	Totals
	Š	£	£	3	£
Cost or valuation					
At 1 January 2016	10,993,099	642,399	4,168,110	26,750	15,830,358
Additions	68,557	8,505	135,058	· •	212,120
Disposals	-	-,	(15,828)	•	(15,828)
Exchange differences	806,010	-	66,330	4,335	876,675
	.,				
At 31 December 2016	11,867,666	650,904	4,353,670	31,085	16,903,325
71 01 Becomber 2010					
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2016	1,869,490	125,512	3,704,930	13,670	5,713,602
Charge for year	167,220	12,933	180,532	3,865	364,550
Eliminated on disposal	107,220	12,300	(7,916)	0,000	(7,916)
•	94,890	· _	43,667	2,392	140,949
Exchange differences		<u>-</u>	43,007	2,332	170,373
At 01 December 0010	0 101 600	100 445	2 004 042	10.027	6 211 105
At 31 December 2016	<u>2,131,600</u>	138,445	3,921,213	19,927	6,211,185
Net book value			400 427	44.450	40.000.440
At 31 December 2016	9,736,066	512,459	432,457	11,158	10,692,140
At 31 December 2015	9,123,609	516,887	463,180	13,080	10,116,756

The last professional valuation of the company's UK freehold and leasehold properties was carried out in 2005 and adopted in the company's financial statements as at 30 November 2005. Subsequent valuations have been a director's valuation. The director reviews the carrying value of the properties annually for impairment and is satisfied that there should be no impairment provision as at 31 December 2016.

Included in the net book value of £10,692,140 (2015: £10,116,756), includes non-depreciable assets of £3,174,815 (2015: £3,174,815).

In respect of certain fixed assets stated at valuations, the comparable historical cost and depreciation values are as follows:

Group and Company	2016	2015
Alliana signal and a	£	£
Historical cost	6,040,319	6,040,319
Depreciation:	,	•
At 1 January 2016	1,658,558	1,538,958
Charge for the year	119,600	119,600
Grange for the year		
At 31 December 2016	1,778,158	1,658,558
		
Net historical cost value		
At 31 December 2016	4,262,161	4,381,761
u. mononingo, mai e		.,,
At 31 December 2015	4,381,761	4,501,361
At 51 December 2015	4,001,701	1,001,001

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31 December 2016

14. Tangible fixed assets - continued

Company				
	Freehold	Long	Fixtures and	
	property	leasehold	fittings	Totals
Cost or valuation	£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2016 Additions	6,020,116 68,557	642,399 8,505	3,763,407 103,106	10,425,922 180,168
Additions	00,337	6,505	103,100	
At 31 December 2016	<u>6,088,673</u>	650,904	3,866,513	10,606,090
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2016	1,298,165	125,512	3,445,026	4,868,703
Charge for year	117,088	12,933	138,858	268,879
At 31 December 2016	1,415,253	138,445	3,583,884	5,137,582
Net book value				
At 31 December 2016	4,673,420	512,459	282,629	5,468,508
At 31 December 2015	4,721,951	516,887	318,381	5,557,219

The last professional valuation of the company's UK freehold and leasehold properties was carried out in 2005 and adopted in the company's financial statements as at 30 November 2005. Subsequent valuations have been a director's valuation. The director reviews the carrying value of the properties annually for impairment and is satisfied that there should be no impairment provision as at 31 December 2016.

15. Fixed asset investments

Group	Unlisted investments
Cost	£
At 1 January 2016 Exchange differences	5,674 <u>920</u>
At 31 December 2016	6,594
Net book value	
At 31 December 2016	6,594
At 31 December 2015	5,674
Company	Shares in
	group
	undertakings £
Cost	. ~
At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016	12,836
Net book value At 31 December 2016	12,836
At 31 December 2015	12,836

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2016

15. Fixed asset investments - continued

	2016 EUR €	2015 EUR €
Aggregate capital and reserves Prince Hotels (Frankfurt) GmbH (trading - hotelier) Prince Hotels (Europe) GmbH (dormant)	(145,392) -	(431,626)
Profit and (loss) for the year Prince Hotels (Frankfurt) GmbH (trading - hotelier) Prince Hotels (Europe) GmbH (dormant)	286,234 -	270,261 -

The company owns 76% of the issued share capital of the companies listed above; the remaining 24% is held by Prince Nasser. Both companies are incorporated and registered in Germany.

16. **Investment property**

Group	Total £
Fair value At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016	350,000
Net book value At 31 December 2016	350,000
At 31 December 2015	350,000
Company	Total £
Fair value At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016	350,000
Net book value At 31 December 2016	350,000
At 31 December 2015	350,000

Investment property has been included at a director's valuation. The director reviews the fair value of the properties annually and is satisfied that there is no adjustment required as at 31 December 2016.

17. **Stocks**

	G	Group		ompany
	2016	2015	2016	2015
•	£	£	3	3
Stocks	58,114	68,979	31,063	<u>34,625</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2016

18. **Debtors**

	Group		Cor	mpany
	2016 £	2015 £	2016 £	2015 £
Amounts falling due within one year:				
Trade debtors	282,792	283,425	82,049	72,312
Other debtors	819,444	736,890	1,350	-
Prepayments and accrued income	73,026	<u>70,407</u>	62,368	62,709
	1,175,262	1,090,722	145,767	135,021
Amounts falling due after more than one year:				
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	5,684,589	5,101,308
Amounts owed by associates	280,126	229,313	280,126	229,313
	280,126	229,313	5,964,715	5,330,621
Aggregate amounts	1,455,388	1,320,035	6,110,482	5,465,642

19. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	£	£	£	3
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 21)	554,335	470,124	331,798	285,509
Trade creditors	395,197	351,260	234,794	191,355
Corporation tax	229,491	146,698	133,492	122,379
CT61 tax creditor	2,876	-	2,876	-
Social security and other taxes	26,192	23,290	15,351	15,643
VAT	241,994	201,657	239,653	197,115
Other creditors	20,248	20,055	17,554	18,292
Directors' loan accounts	96,950	234,659	96,950	234,659
Accruals and deferred income	<u>157,199</u>	180,215	81,004	89,492
	1,724,482	1,627,958	1,153,472	1,154,444

20. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	3	3	3	3
Bank loans (see note 21)	2,497,845	2,649,349	1,958,028	1,988,801

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31 December 2016

21. Loans

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	Group		Co	Company	
	2016 £	· 2015 £	2016 £	2015 £	
Amounts falling due within one year or on deman Bank loans	554,335	470,124	331,798	285,509	
Amounts falling due between one and two years: Bank loans - 1-2 years	554,335	470,124	331,798	285,509	
Amounts falling due between two and five years: Bank loans - 2-5 years	1,312,673	1,161,779	995,393	856,526	
Amounts falling due in more than five years: Repayable by instalments Bank loans more 5 yr by instal	<u>630,837</u>	1,017,446	630,837	846,766	

22. Leasing agreements

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

Group

•	operating leases	
	2016	2015
	£	3
Within one year	42,016	24,402
Between one and five years	44,149	<u>10,916</u>
	<u>86,165</u>	35,318

Company

		-cancellable ating leases
	2016	2015
	£	3
Within one year	22,414	13,695
Between one and five years	20,800	6,585
	43,214	20,280

23. Secured debts

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	3	£	3	£
Bank loans	3,052,180	3,119,473	2,289,826	2,274,310

The bank loans and overdrafts are secured by a fixed and floating charge over all of the group's properties.

Non-cancellable

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2016

24. **Provisions for liabilities**

25.

26.

r rovisions for habilities				
	9 2016 £	iroup 2015 £	Co 2016 £	mpany 2015 £
Deferred tax Accelerated capital allowances	53,788	44,650	53,788	44,650
Group				Deferred tax
Balance at 1 January 2016 Credit to Statement of Comprehensive Income of	during year			44,650 9,138
Balance at 31 December 2016				53,788
Company				Deferred tax
Balance at 1 January 2016 Credit to Statement of Comprehensive Income of	during year			44,650 9,138
Balance at 31 December 2016				53,788
Called up share capital				
Allotted, issued and fully paid: Number: Class:		Nominal value:	2016 £	2015 £
100 Ordinary		£1	100	100
Reserves				
Group			Foreign currency	
	Retained earnings £	Revaluation reserve £	translation reserve £	Totals £
At 1 January 2016 Profit for the year Dividends Exchange differences on	5,841,742 228,452 (300,000)	1,192,856	490,443	7,525,041 228,452 (300,000)
retranslation of net assets of subsidiary undertakings Transfer.to/from revaluation	-	-	739,715	739,715
reserve	23,857	<u>(23,857)</u>		
At 31 December 2016	5,794,051	1,168,999	1,230,158	8,193,208

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31 December 2016

26. Reserves - continued

Company

Сопрану	Retained earnings £	Revaluation reserve	Totals £
At 1 January 2016 Profit for the year Dividends Transfer to/from revaluation	7,323,525 904,017 (300,000)	1,192,856	8,516,381 904,017 (300,000)
reserve	23,857	(23,857)	
At 31 December 2016	7,951,399	1,168,999	9,120,398

27. Related party disclosures

The company was under the control of Prince Nasser throughout the current and previous year. Prince Nasser is the sole shareholder. During the year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

Prince Nasser

Dividends were paid to Prince Nasser totalling £300,000 (2015: £130,000).

Throughout the year a loan existed between the company and Prince Nasser. The outstanding amounts were as follows:

Beginning of the year	-	£234,659	(due from the company)
End of the year	-	£96,950	(due from the company)
Maximum outstanding during the year	-	£249,041	(due from the company)

3P Investments GmbH (a company under the common control of Prince Nasser)

In October 2008 the company made a loan to 3P Investments GmbH of 640,000 Euros. Interest of 9.5% per annum is charged on the capital amount outstanding. At the year end the amount outstanding was £280,126 (2015: £229,313) and this amount is included in other debtors - amounts owed to related companies. The loan is translated at the year-end rate.

Key management personnel compensation for the group in the year totalled £183,916 (2015: £185,824).

28. Post balance sheet events

On 3 May 2017, land held on the South West side of Birmingham Road has been sold for a cash consideration of £1,113,966.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2016

~~		. I I A	cash generated from operations
.,u	Reconciliation of profit	' nathra tayatinn th i	caen denerated trom onerations

The section and the profit section taxation to each gonerates were specialistic		
	2016	2015
	£	£
Profit before taxation	541,631	1,015,800
Depreciation charges	389,600	606,857
Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets	343	(334,994)
(Gain)/loss on foreign exchange on debt	508,539	(468,522)
Finance costs	116,059	173,046
Finance income	(93,670)	(29,127)
	1,462,502	963,060
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	10,865	(1,400)
Increase in trade and other debtors	(135,353)	(425,337)
Increase in trade and other creditors	67,230	123,447
Cash generated from operations	1,405,244	659,770

30. Cash and cash equivalents

The amounts disclosed on the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Statement of Financial Position amounts:

Year	ended	31	December	2016
------	-------	----	----------	------

Tour chaca or possember 2010	31/12/16 £	1/1/16 £
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>248,477</u>	220,079
Year ended 31 December 2015		
	31/12/15	1/1/15
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	220,079	53,036
Bank overdrafts		(106,262)
•	220,079	(53,226)