

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

G&G PRODUCTS LIMITED
Company No. 02994979

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Adopted by Special Resolution dated *27 October* 2022



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INTRODUCTION

1. Interpretation

1.1. In these Articles, the following words have the following meanings:

Act: the Companies Act 2006;

Articles: the company's articles of association for the time being in force;

Business Day: a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in England when banks in London are open for business;

Eligible Director: any director who would be entitled to vote on the matter at a meeting of directors (but excluding any director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the particular matter);

Independent Expert: the auditors or principal accountants for the time being of the company or, if they decline the instruction, an independent firm of accountants jointly appointed by the shareholders or, in the absence of agreement between the shareholders on the identity of the expert within 10 Business Days of any such shareholder serving details of a suggested expert on the other shareholders, an independent firm of accountants appointed by the President, for the time being, of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (in each case acting as an expert and not as an arbitrator);

Model Articles: the model articles for private companies limited by shares contained in Schedule 1 of the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229) as amended prior to the date of incorporation of the company and reference to a numbered "Model Article" is a reference to that article of the Model Articles;

Ordinary Shares: means the ordinary shares of £1.00 each in the capital of the company;

Deferred Shares: means the Deferred shares of £1.00 each in the capital of the company;

Relevant officer means any director or other officer or former director or other officer of the company or an associated company (including any company which is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined by section 235(6) of the Act), but excluding in each case any person engaged by the company (or associated company) as auditor (whether or not he is also a director or other officer), to the extent he acts in his capacity as auditor);

Writing or written: the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise.

- 1.2. Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Act shall have those meanings in these Articles.
- 1.3. Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.
- 1.4. A reference in these Articles to an article is a reference to the relevant article of these Articles unless expressly provided otherwise.
- 1.5. Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute or statutory provision is a reference to it as is in force on the date when these Articles become binding on the company.
- 1.6. A reference to a statute or statutory provision shall include all subordinate legislation made as at the date on which these Articles become binding on the company under that statute or statutory provision.
- 1.7. Any words following the terms **including, include, in particular, for example** or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words, description, definition, phrase or term preceding those terms.
- 1.8. Where the context permits, **other** and **otherwise** are illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding them.

2. Adoption of the Model Articles

- 2.1. The Model Articles shall apply to the company, except in so far as they are modified or excluded by these Articles or are inconsistent with these Articles, and, subject to any such modifications, exclusions or inconsistencies, shall together with these Articles constitute the articles of association of the company to the exclusion of any other articles or regulations set out in any statute or in any statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation.
- 2.2. Articles 8, 9(1) and (3), 11(2) and (3), 13, 14(1), (2), (3) and (4), 17(2), 26(5), 44(2), 49, 52 and 53 of the Model Articles shall not apply to the company.
- 2.3. Article 7 of the Model Articles shall be amended by:
 - (a) the insertion of the words "for the time being" at the end of article 7(2)(a); and
 - (b) the insertion in article 7(2) of the words "(for so long as he remains the sole director)" after the words "and the director may".
- 2.4. Article 20 of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "(including Alternate Directors) and the secretary" before the words "properly incur".
- 2.5. In article 25(2)(c) of the Model Articles, the words "evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee" shall be deleted and replaced with the words "evidence and indemnity".
- 2.6. Article 27(3) of the Model articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words ", subject to article 10," after the word "But".
- 2.7. Article 29 of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words ", or the name of any person(s) named as the transferee(s) in an instrument of transfer executed under article 28(2)," after the words "the transmittee's name".
- 2.8. Articles 31(1)(a) to (d) (inclusive) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the deletion, in each case, of the words "either" and "or as the directors may otherwise decide".

DIRECTORS

3. Unanimous Decisions

- 3.1. A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when all Eligible Directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter.

3.2. Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each Eligible Director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each Eligible Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.

3.3. A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the Eligible Directors would not have formed a quorum at such a meeting.

4. Calling a Directors' Meeting

4.1. Any director may call a directors' meeting by giving not less than 10 Business Days' notice of the meeting (or such lesser notice as all the directors may agree) to the directors or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice.

4.2. Notice of a directors' meeting shall be given to each director in writing.

5. Quorum for Directors' Meetings

5.1. Subject to article 5.2, the quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of directors is any two Eligible Directors.

5.2. For the purposes of any meeting (or part of a meeting) held pursuant to article 8 to authorise a director's Conflict, if there is only one Eligible Director in office other than the conflicted director(s), the quorum for such meeting (or part of a meeting) shall be one Eligible Director.

5.3. If the total number of directors in office for the time being is less than the quorum required, the directors must not take any decision other than a decision to appoint further directors or to call a general meeting so as to enable the shareholders to appoint further directors.

6. Casting Vote

If the numbers of votes for and against a proposal at a meeting of directors or a general meeting of the company are equal, the chairman or other director chairing the meeting shall have a casting vote.

7. Transactions or other arrangements with the Company

7.1. Subject to sections 177(5) and 177(6) and sections 182(5) and 182(6) of the Act and provided he has declared the nature and extent of his interest in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Acts, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in an existing or proposed transaction or arrangement with the company:

- (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested;
- (b) shall be an Eligible Director for the purposes of any proposed decision of the directors (or committee of directors) in respect of such contract or proposed contract in which he is interested;
- (c) shall be entitled to vote at a meeting of directors (or of a committee of the directors) or participate in any unanimous decision, in respect of such contract or proposed contract in which he is interested;
- (d) may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a director;
- (d) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate in which the company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested; and
- (e) shall not, save as he may otherwise agree, be accountable to the company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him (as defined in section 252 of the Act)) derives from any such contract, transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such contract, transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 of the Act.

8. Directors' Conflicts of Interest

- 8.1. The directors may, in accordance with the requirements set out in this article, authorise any matter or situation proposed to them by any director which would, if not authorised, involve a director (an **Interested director**) breaching his duty under section 175 of the Act to avoid conflicts of interest (**Conflict**).
- 8.2. Any authorisation under this article 8 will be effective only if:
 - (a) the matter in question shall have been proposed by any director for consideration at a meeting of directors in the same way that any other matter may be proposed to the directors for consideration at a meeting under the provisions of these Articles;

- (b) any requirement as to the quorum at the meeting of the directors at which the matter is considered is met without counting the Interested director; and
 - (c) the matter was agreed to without his voting or would have been agreed to if the vote of the Interested director had not been counted.
- 8.3. Any authorisation of a Conflict under this article 8 may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently):
- (a) extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the matter or situation so authorised;
 - (b) provide that the Interested director be excluded from the receipt of documents and information and the participation in discussions (whether at meetings of the directors or otherwise) related to the Conflict;
 - (c) provide that the Interested director shall or shall not be an Eligible Director in respect of any future decision of the directors in relation to any resolution related to the Conflict;
 - (d) impose upon the Interested director such other terms for the purposes of dealing with the Conflict as the directors think fit;
 - (e) provide that, where the Interested director obtains, or has obtained (through his involvement in the Conflict and otherwise than through his position as a director of the company) information that is confidential to a third party, he will not be obliged to disclose that information to the company, or to use it in relation to the affairs of the company where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence; and
 - (f) permit the Interested director to absent himself from the discussion of matters relating to the Conflict at any meeting of the directors and be excused from reviewing papers prepared by, or for, the directors to the extent they relate to such matters.
- 8.4. Where the directors authorise a Conflict, the Interested director will be obliged to conduct himself in accordance with any terms and conditions imposed by the directors in relation to the Conflict.
- 8.5. The directors may revoke or vary such authorisation at any time, but this will not affect anything done by the Interested director, prior to such revocation or variation, in accordance with the terms of such authorisation.

- 8.6. A director is not required, by reason of being a director (or because of the fiduciary relationship established by reason of being a director), to account to the company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit which he derives from or in connection with a relationship involving a Conflict which has been authorised by the directors or by the company in general meeting (subject in each case to any terms, limits or conditions attaching to that authorisation) and no contract shall be liable to be avoided on such grounds.

9. Records of Decisions to be kept

Where decisions of the directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the directors in permanent form, so that they may be read with the naked eye.

10. Number of Directors

Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors (other than Alternate Directors) shall not be subject to a maximum of seven but shall not be less than one.

11. Appointment and Removal of Directors

In any case where, as a result of death or bankruptcy, the company has no shareholders and no directors, the transmittee(s) of the last shareholder to have died or to have a bankruptcy order made against him (as the case may be) have the right, by notice in writing, to appoint a natural person (including a transmittee who is a natural person), who is willing to act and is permitted to do so, to be a director.

12. Appointment and Removal of Alternate Directors

- 12.1. Any director (**Appointor**) may appoint any other director, or any other person approved by resolution by the directors as an alternate (**Alternate Director**), to exercise that director's powers and carry out that director's responsibilities in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors, in the absence of the Alternate Director's Appointor.
- 12.2. Any appointment or removal of an Alternate Director must be effected by notice in writing to the company signed by the Appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors.
- 12.3. The notice must:
- (a) identify the proposed Alternate Director; and

- (b) in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed Alternate Director that the proposed Alternate Director is willing to act as the Alternate Director of the director giving the notice.

13. Rights and Responsibilities of Alternate Directors

13.1. An Alternate Director may act as Alternate Director to more than one director and has the same rights in relation to any decision of the directors as the Alternate Director's Appointor.

13.2. Except as these Articles specify otherwise, Alternate Directors:

- (a) are deemed for all purposes to be directors;
- (b) are liable for their own acts and omissions;
- (c) are subject to the same restrictions as their Appointor; and
- (d) are not deemed to be agents of or for their Appointor,

and, in particular (without limitation), each Alternate Director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his Appointor is a member.

13.3. A person who is an Alternate Director but not a director:

- (a) may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present (but only if that person's Appointor is not participating);
- (b) may participate in a unanimous decision of the directors (but only if his Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision, but does not participate); and
- (c) shall not be counted as more than one director for the purposes of article 13.3(a) and article 13.3(b).

13.4. A director who is also an Alternate Director is entitled, in the absence of his Appointor, to a separate vote on behalf of his Appointor, in addition to his own vote on any decision of the directors (provided that his Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision).

13.5. An Alternate Director may be paid expenses and may be indemnified by the company to the same extent as his Appointor but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for serving as an Alternate Director except such part of the remuneration of the Alternate Director's Appointor as the Appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the company.

14. Termination of Alternate Directorship

14.1. An Alternate Director's appointment as an Alternate Director terminates:

- (a) when the Alternate Director's Appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the company in writing specifying when it is to terminate;
- (b) on the occurrence, in relation to the Alternate Director, of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the Alternate Director's Appointor, would result in the termination of the appointment of the Appointor as a director;
- (c) on the death of the Alternate Director's Appointor; or
- (d) when appointment of the Alternate Director's Appointor terminates.

15. Secretary

The directors may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and from time to time remove such person and, if the directors so decide, appoint a replacement, in each case by a decision of the directors.

SHARES

16. Share Capital

The classes of shares in the capital of the company shall be Ordinary Shares and Deferred Shares their effective rights shall be as follows:

16.1. Income

The profits of the Company in respect of each financial year may be distributed by way of a dividend pursuant to Articles 30 to 36 (inclusive) of the Model Articles as the directors or the Company may (if at all) by resolution declare and authorise in such amount(s) and at such time(s) as they may think fit on any or all of Ordinary Shares (and, for the avoidance of doubt, different amounts(s) of dividend (if any) may be declared on each). Each shareholder covenants and agrees with the Company and each other shareholder for the time being not to challenge, impugn or question the exercise or non-exercise by the Directors of their powers under article 16.1.

16.2. Capital

On a return of assets on liquidation or otherwise (except on a redemption of shares of any class, a capital reduction or the purchase by the company of its own shares) the assets of the company remaining after the payment of its liabilities shall be

distributed amongst the holders of the Ordinary Shares pro rata according to the number of such shares respectively held by such holders. The holders of the Redeemable Shares are to receive the amount credited as paid up on each share and no further entitlement.

16.3. Voting

Each holder of Ordinary Shares shall be entitled to receive notice of and shall be entitled to attend either in person or by proxy any general meeting of the company and on a show of hands shall have one vote and on a poll shall have one vote for every such share in respect of which he or she is the holder. Each holder of Ordinary Shares shall also be entitled to vote on a written shareholder resolution of the Company.

16.4. Deferred Shares

- (a) The holders of the Deferred shares may, by unanimous decision of all the holders of the Deferred shares, require the company, by serving on it a notice in writing (**Redemption Notice**), to redeem such amount and class of Deferred shares as is specified in the Redemption Notice.
- (b) Once served, the holders of the Deferred shares shall not be entitled to withdraw a Redemption Notice, except with the written consent of the company.
- (c) Where a Redemption Notice has been duly given, the company shall endeavour to fulfil a redemption notice as soon as is practicable if in the reasonable opinion of the board such redemption would not jeopardise the cashflow of the company, subject to being permitted by law and having sufficient available profits with to redeem the same, to redeem the Deferred shares specified in the Redemption Notice on the first working day following the receipt of such notice (which day shall be the date fixed for redemption).
- (d) If the company is unable, because being prohibited by law or having insufficient available profits, to redeem in full the relevant number of Deferred shares on the date fixed for redemption, the company shall redeem as many of such Deferred shares as can lawfully and properly be redeemed and the company shall redeem the balance as soon as it is lawfully and properly able to do so.

- (e) If the company is at any time redeeming less than all the Deferred shares from time to time in issue, the number of Deferred shares to be redeemed shall (subject to any contrary requirement in a Redemption Notice) be apportioned between those holders of the Deferred shares then in issue pro rata according to the number of Deferred shares held by them respectively at the date fixed for redemption.
- (f) On the date fixed for redemption, each of the holders of the Deferred shares failing to be redeemed shall be bound to deliver to the company, at the company's registered office, the certificate(s) for such Deferred shares (or an indemnity, in a form reasonably satisfactory to the company, in respect of any lost certificate) in order that the same may be cancelled. Upon such delivery, the company shall pay to the holder (or, in the case of any joint holders, to the holder whose name stands first in the company's register of members in respect of such Deferred shares) the amount due to it in respect of such redemption against delivery of a proper receipt for the redemption monies.
- (g) If any certificate delivered to the company pursuant to the paragraph immediately above includes any Deferred shares not falling to be redeemed on the date fixed for redemption, a new certificate in respect of those Deferred shares shall be issued to the holder(s) thereof as soon as practicable thereafter.
- (h) There shall be paid on the redemption of each Deferred share an amount equal to 100% of the issue price thereof (including any premium paid or subscribed on the issue of such Deferred share) and such aggregate amount shall, subject to the company having available profits or other monies which may be lawfully applied for such redemption, at that time become a debt due from and immediately payable by the company to the holders of such Deferred shares.

DECISION MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

17. Quorum for General Meetings

- 17.1. The quorum at any general meeting of the company, or adjourned general meeting, shall be member(s) holding at least 51% in number of the shares in issue for the time being present in person or by proxy.

- 17.2. No business shall be transacted by any general meeting unless a quorum is present at the commencement of the meeting and also when that business is voted on.

DECISION MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

18. Quorum for General Meetings

- 18.1. The quorum at any general meeting of the company, or adjourned general meeting, shall be member(s) holding at least 51% in number of the shares in issue for the time being present in person or by proxy.
- 18.2. No business shall be transacted by any general meeting unless a quorum is present at the commencement of the meeting and also when that business is voted on.

19. Chairing General Meetings

The chairman of the board of directors shall chair general meetings. If the chairman is unable to attend any general meeting, the shareholder who appointed him shall be entitled to appoint another of its nominated directors present at the meeting to act as chairman at the meeting, and the appointment of the chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting.

20. Voting

At a general meeting, on a show of hands every shareholder (who is entitled to vote) who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote, unless the proxy is himself a shareholder entitled to vote; on a poll every shareholder (who is entitled to vote) present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder; and on a vote on a written resolution every shareholder (who is entitled to vote) has one vote for each share of which he is the holder.

21. Poll Votes

- 21.1. A poll may be demanded at any general meeting by any qualifying person (as defined in section 318 of the Act) present and entitled to vote at the meeting.
- 21.2. Article 44(3) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

22. Proxies

- 22.1. Article 45(1)(d) of the Model Articles shall be deleted and replaced with the words "is delivered to the company in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the

right to vote is to be exercised and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting (or adjourned meeting) to which they relate".

- 22.2. Article 45(1) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "and a proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid, unless the directors, in their discretion, accept the notice at any time before the meeting" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

23. Means of Communication to be used

- 23.1. Any notice, document or other information shall be deemed served on or delivered to the intended recipient:

- (a) if properly addressed and sent by prepaid United Kingdom first class post to an address in the United Kingdom, 48 hours after it was posted (or five Business Days after posting either to an address outside the United Kingdom or from outside the United Kingdom to an address within the United Kingdom, if (in each case) sent by reputable international overnight courier addressed to the intended recipient, provided that delivery in at least five Business Days was guaranteed at the time of sending and the sending party receives a confirmation of delivery from the courier service provider);
- (b) if properly addressed and delivered by hand, when it was given or left at the appropriate address;
- (c) if properly addressed and sent or supplied by electronic means, one hour(s) after the document or information was sent or supplied; and
- (d) if sent or supplied by means of a website, when the material is first made available on the website or (if later) when the recipient receives (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material is available on the website.
- (e) For the purposes of this article, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a Business Day.

- 23.2. In proving that any notice, document or other information was properly addressed, it shall be sufficient to show that the notice, document or other information was delivered to an address permitted for the purpose by the Act.

24. Indemnity

24.1. Subject to article 24.2 but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a relevant officer is otherwise entitled:

(a) each relevant officer shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him as a relevant officer:

(i) in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties, or in relation to them; and

(ii) in relation to the activities of the company (or any activities of an associated company) as trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Act),

including (in each case) any liability incurred by him in defending any civil or criminal proceedings, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part or in connection with any application in which the court grants him, in his capacity as a relevant officer, relief from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the company (or any affairs of an associated company); and

(b) the company may provide any relevant officer with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in connection with any proceedings or application referred to in article 23.1(a) and otherwise may take any action to enable any such relevant officer to avoid incurring such expenditure.

24.2. This article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law.

25. Insurance

25.1. The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the company, for the benefit of any relevant officer in respect of any relevant loss.

25.2. In this article:

(a) a **relevant loss** means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant officer in connection with that relevant officer's duties or powers in relation to the company, any associated company or any

pension fund or employees' share scheme of the company or associated company.