PAUL GOODENOUGH ARCHITECTS LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 30 NOVEMBER 2016

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01/03/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE

#41

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 NOVEMBER 2016

		2016		2015	
	Note	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	2		1,085	652	
CURRENT ASSETS				,	
Debtors		786		1,851	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,834			
		2,620		1,851	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one	year	1,413		2,289	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			1,207	(438)	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILIT	IES		2,292	214	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			217	130	
			2,075	84	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up equity share capital	3		3	3	
Profit and loss account			2,072	81	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			2,075	84	

For the year ended 30 November 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 24 February 2017, and are signed on their behalf by:

Mr P R Goodenough

Company Registration Number: 2985406

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

25% Reducing balance

Fixtures & Fittings

25% Reducing balance

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Tangible

2. FIXED ASSETS

					Assets
	COST				£
	COST At 1 December 2015				15,836
	Additions				795
	At 30 November 2016				16,631
	DEPRECIATION				
	At 1 December 2015				15,184
	Charge for year				362
	At 30 November 2016				15,546
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 30 November 2016				1,085
	At 30 November 2015				652
3.	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
		2016 No.	£	2015 No.	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	3	3	_3	3