Company registration number: 02908890

Star Estates & Lettings Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 June 2018



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Directors and other information

Director

Costas Spyrou

Secretary

Costas Spyrou

Company number

02908890

Registered office

400 West Green Road London N15 3PX

Accountants

ALG

Chartered Certified Accountants

1324 - 1326 High Road

London N20 9HJ

Statement of financial position 30 June 2018

	2018		2017		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6	25,141		21,300	
			25,141		21,300
Current assets					
Debtors	7	2,011,308		1,942,078	
Cash at bank and in hand	•	275,538		311,627	
		2,286,846		2,253,705	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	8	(1,942,314)		(1,838,049)	
Net current assets			344,532		415,656
Total assets less current liabilities			369,673		436,956
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	9		-		(5,284)
Net assets			369,673		431,672
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			15,000		15,000
Profit and loss account			354,673		416,672
Shareholders funds			369,673		431,672
	•				

For the year ending 30 June 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 30 June 2018

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 March 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Costas Spyrou

Director

Company registration number: 02908890

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 June 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is 400 West Green Road, London N15 3PX.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity. The figures are rounded to the nearest pound.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 June 2018

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 20% reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost with changes recognised in profit or loss. Derivative financial instruments are initially recorded at cost and thereafter at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 17 (2017: 17).

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 June 2018

5. Tax on loss/profit

	Major components of tax income/expense			
			2018 £	2017 £
	Current tax: UK current tax expense Adjustments in respect of previous periods		- (1,232)	7,632
	Tax on loss/profit		(1,232)	7,632
6.	Tangible assets	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles	Total
	Cost	£.	£	£
	At 1 July 2017 Additions	139,042 -	35,219 11,500	174,261 11,500
	At 30 June 2018	139,042	46,719	185,761
	Depreciation At 1 July 2017 Charge for the year	128,303 2,144	24,658 5,515	152,961 7,659
	At 30 June 2018	130,447	30,173	160,620
	Carrying amount At 30 June 2018	8,595	16,546	25,141
	At 30 June 2017	10,739	10,561	21,300
7.	Debtors		2049	2017
			2018 £	2017 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors		5,078 2,006,230	1,440 1,940,638
			2,011,308	1,942,078

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 June 2018

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	3,237	-
Trade creditors	592,005	552,011
Corporation tax	•	7,632
Social security and other taxes	12,122	11,506
Other creditors	1,334,950	1,266,900
	1,942,314	1,838,049

The bank overdraft is secured.

9. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2018	2017
	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	£
Other creditors		- 5,284

10. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

n	2018				
		Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		£	£	£	£
Costas Spyrou		(575)	14,157	(14,000)	<u>(418)</u>
	2017				
		Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		£	£	£	£
Costas Spyrou		(631)	48,056	(48,000) ======	(575)

11. Related party transactions

Included in debtors and creditors are amounts of £1,921,734 (2017: £1,783,341) and £1,493,696 (2017: £1,469,439) respectively due from/to companies in which the director has an interest. During the year directors remuneration of £60,000 (2017: £68,000) and dividends of £14,000 (2017: £48,000) were paid to the director.