REVOLUTION FILMS LIMITED UNAUDITED ACCOUNTS 31 MARCH 2014

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ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

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REVOLUTION FILMS LIMITED OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

The board of directors A Eaton
M Winterbottom

Company secretary A Eaton

Registered office 9a Dallington Street London

EC1V 0BQ

DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

The directors present their report and the unaudited accounts of the company for the year ended 31 March 2014.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the year continued to be the development and production of feature films for the international market.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

A Eaton M Winterbottom

SMALL COMPANY PROVISIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

Registered office: 9a Dallington Street London EC1V 0BQ Signed by order of the directors

A EATON

Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 29/9/14

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
TURNOVER		878,655	1,655,786
Cost of sales		(468,462)	(712,610)
GROSS PROFIT		410,193	943,176
Administrative expenses		(426,563)	(508,047)
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE			
TAXATION		(16,370)	435,129
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities		-	(108,790)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(16,370)	326,339

BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2014

		2014	2013	
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	4		32,835	20,966
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank	5	202,669 . 94,268		59,557 296,154
		296,937		355,711
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(148,703)		(179,238)
NET CURRENT ASSETS			148,234	176,473
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		•	181,069	197,439
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES Deferred taxation	7		(4,676)	(4,676)
			176,393	192,763
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called-up equity share capital	9		2	2
Profit and loss account	10		176,391	192,761
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			176,393	192,763

For the year ended 31 March 2014 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

These accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on $\frac{29/9/14}{100}$, and are signed on their behalf by:

A EATON

Company Registration Number: 2908350

The notes on pages 5 to 8 form part of these accounts.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

- 25% Reducing balance

Equipment

- 25% Reducing balance

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2. OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT

Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:

	Directors' remuneration Pension costs Depreciation of owned fixed assets	2014 £ 60,200 50,000 10,945	2013 £ - 6,989
3.	DIVIDENDS		
	Equity dividends	2014 £	2013 £
	Paid during the year: Dividends on equity shares	_	200,000

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Fixtures & Fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
	COST At 1 April 2013 Additions	108,698 22,814	87,165 	195,863 22,814
	At 31 March 2014	131,512	87,165	218,677
	DEPRECIATION At 1 April 2013 Charge for the year	96,020 8,873	78,877 2,072	174,897 10,945
	At 31 March 2014	104,893	80,949	185,842
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2014 At 31 March 2013	26,619 12,678	6,216 8,288	32,835 20,966
5.	DEBTORS			
			2014 £	2013 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors		2,588 200,081	13,747 45,810
			202,669	59,557
6.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one	e year		
			2014 £	2013 £
	Trade creditors Corporation tax		6,980 -	47,104 108,790
	VAT Other creditors		62,672 ~	_ 10,844
	Accruals and deferred income		79,051	12,500
			148,703	179,238

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

7. DEFERRED TAXATION

The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	2014	2013
	£	£
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed		
assets	4,676	4,676
		
	4,676	4,676

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company was under joint control of Mr A Eaton and Mr M Winterbottom throughout the current and previous year.

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities.

9. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

		2014		201	3
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	No 2	£ 	No 2 —	£ 2
10.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT				
				2014 £	2013 £
	Balance brought forward (Loss)/profit for the financial year			192,761 (16,370)	66,422 326,339
	Equity dividends			(10,010)	(200,000)
	Balance carried forward			176,391	192,761