# Registered number 02887782

Earland Engineering Limited
Unaudited Filleted Accounts
30 June 2019

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**Earland Engineering Limited** 

Registered number:

02887782

Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2019

	Notes		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	. 3		212		379
Current assets					
Debtors	4	8,892		7,533	
Cash at bank and in hand		29		29	
•	•	8,921		7,562	
Creditors: amounts falling du	е				
within one year	5	(7,543)		(6,443)	
Net current assets	-		1,378		1,119
Net assets		- -	1,590	_ _	1,498
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			1,588		1,496
Shareholder's funds		-	1,590	_	1,498

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

S W Earland

Director

Approved by the board on 11 February 2020

### Earland Engineering Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 June 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Office equipment & furniture Software

15% straight line 33.33% straight line

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

# Earland Engineering Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 June 2019

# Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2019 Number	2018 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	2	2
3	Tangible fixed assets		Plant and machinery etc £
	Cost At 1 July 2018 Additions At 30 June 2019		19,335 65 19,400
	.Depreciation At 1 July 2018 Charge for the year At 30 June 2019		18,956 232 19,188
	Net book value At 30 June 2019 At 30 June 2018		<u>212</u> 379
4	Debtors	2019 £	2018 £
	Trade debtors	8,892	7,533
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2019 £	2018 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Other taxes and social security costs Other creditors	4,025 177 2,355 986 7,543	3,951 95 1,797 600 6,443

Earland Engineering Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 June 2019

## 6 Other information

Earland Engineering Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:
Sandhills Farm
Wethersfield
Essex
CM7 4AG