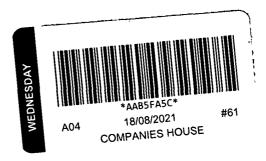
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

		202	2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Intangible assets	4		-		-	
Tangible assets	5		18,901		30,578	
			18,901		30,578	
Current assets						
Debtors	6	152,230		216,817		
Cash at bank and in hand		192,669		148,247		
		344,899		365,064		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(138,949)		(132,329)		
Net current assets			205,950		232,735	
Total assets less current liabilities			224,851		263,313	
			====			
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	9		3,100		3,100	
Capital redemption reserve			10,234		10,234	
Profit and loss reserves			211,517		249,979	
Total equity			224,851		263,313	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 5 August 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

J/P Webber

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Baxter Philips Limited is a private company limited by shares and is registered and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Northside House, Tweedy Road, Bromley, Kent, BR1 3WA.

Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Going concern

After reviewing the forecasts in light of the current Coronavirus pandemic, the directors consider that the company has adequate resources to continue its operations for at least 12 months following the signing of these financial statements and therefore these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for professional services provided to clients in the ordinary nature of the business. Turnover is shown net of VAT.

Turnover which has been recognised but not invoiced by the balance sheet date is included in debtors as accrued income.

Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill representing the excess of the purchase price compared with the fair value of net assets acquired is capitalised and written off evenly over 10 years as in the opinion of the directors this represents the period over which the goodwill is effective.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings Motor vehicles

25-50% straight line 25% straight line 25% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the financial asset is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors (including accruals), are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense. Current tax assets are recognised when tax paid exceeds the tax payable.

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited to other comprehensive income or equity, when the tax follows the transaction or event it relates to and is also charged or credited to other comprehensive income, or equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the entity intends either to settle on the net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised in respect of all timing differences that exist at the reporting date. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in different periods from their recognition in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered by the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

Retirement benefits

For defined contribution schemes the amount charged to profit or loss is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either other creditors or other debtors.

Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

		2021 Number	2020 Number
	Total	9	8
		•	
3	Dividends		
_		2021	2020
		£	£
	Interim paid	40,000	50,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

4	Intangible fixed assets			Goodwill
				£
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021			9,000
	Amortisation and impairment			
	At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021			9,000
	3			
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2021			-
	, 10 1 1115 11 2021			=====
	At 31 March 2020			-
				-
5	Tangible fixed assets			
				Plant and machinery
				etc.
	•			£
	Cost At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021			58,146
	A TAPIN 2020 and 01 Watch 2021			
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 April 2020 Depreciation charged in the year			27,568 11,677
	Depreciation charged in the year			
•	At 31 March 2021			39,245
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 March 2021			18,901
				===
	At 31 March 2020			30,578
6	Debtors		0004	2000
	Amounts falling due within one year:	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
	ranounie rannig aus mann sno year.		_	-
	Trade debtors		129,524	182,595
	Other debtors		20,031	33,453
			149,555	216,048
	Deferred tax asset	8	2,675	769
			152,230	216,817
			132,230	====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one ye	227			
•	Orealtors, amounts failing due within one ye	sa i		2021	2020
				£	£
	Trade creditors			14,261	9,973
	Corporation tax			2,635	11,221
	Other taxation and social security			43,021	49,821
	Other creditors			79,032	61,314
				138,949	132,329
				<u> </u>	
8	Deferred taxation				
	The major deferred tax liabilities and assets red	cognised by the co	mpany are:		
				Assets	Assets
				2021	2020
	Balances:			£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances			2,593	769
	Short term timing differences			82	
				2,675	769
				 ·	
					2021
	Movements in the year:				£
	Asset at 1 April 2020				(769)
	Credit to profit or loss				(1,906)
	Asset at 31 March 2021				(2,675)
					
9	Called up share capital	0004	0000	2024	0000
	Ondinger about analysis	2021	2020	2021 £	2020
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid	Number	Number	ž,	£
	ordinary shares of £1 each	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,100

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

10 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Within one year	39,967	30,517
Between one and five years	69,576	78,432
		
	109,543	108,949
	<u></u>	

11 Directors' transactions

Movements on interest free loans made to Baxter Philips Limited by the directors which are included within other creditors, occurred in the year as follows:

Description	% Rate	Opening balance £	Amounts advanced £	Closing balance £
Interest free	· -	5,000	5,500	10,500
		5,000	5,500	10,500