Anderson Wright Consulting Ltd

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2018

Anderson Wright Consulting Ltd

Registered number: 02174820

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2018

	Notes		2018		2017
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		365		487
Current assets					
Debtors	3	68,709		68,615	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,488		7,700	
	-	74,197		76,315	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(4,429)		(8,831)	
Net current assets	-		69,768		67,484
Total assets less current liabilities		-	70,133	-	67,971
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	5		(60)		(214)
Net assets		-	70,073	-	67,757
Canital and recorded		_		_	
Capital and reserves Called up share capital			10		10
Profit and loss account			70,063		67,747
Tront and 1055 account			70,000		01,141
Shareholder's funds		-	70,073	_	67,757

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Muatez Aljaizani

Director

Approved by the board on 17 December 2018

Anderson Wright Consulting Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixture and fittings

15% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2 Tangible fixed assets

-	Tungisio fixed assets		Fixture and fittings
	Cost		
	At 1 April 2017		2,359
	At 31 March 2018		2,359
	Depreciation		
	At 1 April 2017		1,872
	Charge for the year		122
	At 31 March 2018		1,994
	Net book value		
	At 31 March 2018		365
	At 31 March 2017		487
3	Debtors	2018	2017
		£	£
	Trade debtors	150	56
	Other debtors	68,559	68,559
		68,709	68,615
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018	2017
•	oreanors, amounts faming due within one year	£	£
	Corporation tax	2,448	2,851
	Other taxes and social security costs	1,421	4,636
	Other creditors	560	1,344
		4,429	8,831
_	Considerant and according to the second	2010	0047
5	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2018	2017
		£	£
	Director loan	60	214

6 Other information

Anderson Wright Consulting Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

203 Barton Road

Stretford

Manchester M32 9RB

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.