

Company registration number: 2152096

**Highgrain Limited**

**Unaudited filleted financial statements**

**31 March 2020**

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# Highgrain Limited

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## **Highgrain Limited**

### **Directors and other information**

<b>Directors</b>	P A Munro S B Hughes Mrs M Munro Mrs H F Hughes
<b>Secretary</b>	P A Munro
<b>Company number</b>	2152096
<b>Registered office</b>	Paddock Hill House Sacombe Green Herts SG12 0JH
<b>Accountants</b>	Steve Russell and Associates Paddock Hill House Sacombe Green Ware Herts SG12 0JH

# Highgrain Limited

## Statement of financial position 31 March 2020

	Note	2020 £	£	2019 £	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets	4	<u>600,000</u>		<u>600,000</u>	
			600,000		600,000
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	5	3,938		3,622	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>6,585</u>		<u>1,942</u>	
		10,523		5,564	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	6	<u>(4,878)</u>		<u>(4,614)</u>	
<b>Net current assets</b>			5,645		950
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>605,645</u>		<u>600,950</u>
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>			(28,723)		(28,723)
<b>Net assets</b>			<u>576,922</u>		<u>572,227</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital			100		100
Revaluation reserve			223,803		223,803
Profit and loss account			<u>353,019</u>		<u>348,324</u>
<b>Shareholders funds</b>			<u>576,922</u>		<u>572,227</u>

For the year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

### Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

**The notes on pages 5 to 8 form part of these financial statements.**

**Highgrain Limited**

**Statement of financial position (continued)**  
**31 March 2020**

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 July 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:



S B Hughes  
Director

Company registration number: 2152096

**The notes on pages 5 to 8 form part of these financial statements.**

# Highgrain Limited

## Statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 March 2020

	Called up share capital £	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
<b>At 1 April 2018</b>	100	223,803	334,836	558,739
Profit for the year			13,488	13,488
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	13,488	13,488
<b>At 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019</b>	100	223,803	348,324	572,227
Profit for the year			14,695	14,695
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	14,695	14,695
Dividends paid and payable			(10,000)	(10,000)
<b>Total investments by and distributions to owners</b>	-	-	(10,000)	(10,000)
<b>At 31 March 2020</b>	100	223,803	353,019	576,922

## **Highgrain Limited**

### **Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2020**

#### **1. General information**

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is Paddock Hill House, Sacombe Green, Herts, SG12 0JH.

#### **2. Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

#### **3. Accounting policies**

##### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

##### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

## **Highgrain Limited**

### **Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2020**

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### **Impairment**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.



# Highgrain Limited

## Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2020

### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

### 4. Tangible assets

	Freehold property	Long leasehold property	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 April 2019	300,000	300,000	548	600,548
Disposals	-	-	(548)	(548)
<b>At 31 March 2020</b>	<u>300,000</u>	<u>300,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>600,000</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 April 2019	-	-	548	548
Disposals	-	-	(548)	(548)
<b>At 31 March 2020</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Carrying amount</b>				
<b>At 31 March 2020</b>	<u>300,000</u>	<u>300,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>600,000</u>
At 31 March 2019	<u>300,000</u>	<u>300,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>600,000</u>

# Highgrain Limited

## Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2020

### 5. Debtors

	2020	2019
	£	£
Other debtors	3,938	3,622

### 6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Corporation tax	3,450	3,164
Other creditors	1,428	1,450
	4,878	4,614

### 7. Controlling party

The controlling parties are Mr and Mrs P A Munro and Mr and Mrs S B Hughes by virtue of each having ownership of 50% of the issued ordinary share capital of the company.