
BLUE NOISE LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

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COMPANIES HOUSE

BLUE NOISE LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 01713250

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	128,011	133,790
		<u>128,011</u>	<u>133,790</u>
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	4	130,622	104,916
Cash at bank and in hand	5	276,097	164,551
		<u>406,719</u>	<u>269,467</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(140,755)	(124,147)
Net current assets		<u>265,964</u>	<u>145,320</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>393,975</u>	<u>279,110</u>
Net assets		<u>393,975</u>	<u>279,110</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		393,875	279,010
		<u>393,975</u>	<u>279,110</u>

BLUE NOISE LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 01713250

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)
AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 8 January 2020.

G A McCluskey
Director



The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

BLUE NOISE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

1.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Freehold property	-	Nil
Plant and machinery	-	25% on reducing balance method
Fixtures and fittings	-	25% on reducing balance method

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

BLUE NOISE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

1.6 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.7 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

1.8 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

1.9 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2018 - 2).

BLUE NOISE LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

3. Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 April 2018	110,679	12,727	154,305	277,711
At 31 March 2019	110,679	12,727	154,305	277,711
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2018	-	11,028	132,894	143,922
Charge for the year on owned assets	-	425	5,353	5,778
At 31 March 2019	-	11,453	138,247	149,700
Net book value				
At 31 March 2019	110,679	1,274	16,058	128,011

The net book value of land and buildings may be further analysed as follows:

	2019 £	2018 £
Freehold	110,679	110,679
	110,679	110,679

4. Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Other debtors	123,652	91,752
Prepayments and accrued income	6,970	13,164
	130,622	104,916

BLUE NOISE LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

5. Cash and cash equivalents

	2019	2018
	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	276,097	164,551
	276,097	164,551

6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	-	1,848
Corporation tax	71,462	72,728
Other taxation and social security	29,598	11,499
Other creditors	33,359	32,663
Accruals and deferred income	6,336	5,409
	140,755	124,147