Registration number: 01403572

## Bapp Industrial Supplies (Castleford) Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

Thorntons
Chartered Certified Accountants
176-178 Pontefract Road
Cudworth
Barnsley
South Yorkshire
S72 8BE

### **Contents**

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	<u>3</u> to <u>9</u>

### **Company Information**

**Directors** Mr Dean Garth Cook

Mr Christopher Garwood

Company secretary Mr Dean Garth Cook

**Registered office** Unit F3

Copley Hill Trading Estate

Leeds

West Yorkshire LS12 1HE

**Accountants** Thorntons

**Chartered Certified Accountants** 

176-178 Pontefract Road

Cudworth Barnsley South Yorkshire

S72 8BE

Page 1

# (Registration number: 01403572) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	36,126	36,126
Debtors	<u>6</u>	93,259	122,527
Cash at bank and in hand		23,523	25,015
		152,908	183,668
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> 7</u>	(141,567)	(166,284)
Net assets		11,341	17,384
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	24,000	24,000
Profit and loss account		(12,659)	(6,616)
Total equity		11,341	17,384

For the financial year ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 20 February 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr Dean Garth Cook
Company secretary and director

The notes on pages  $\underline{3}$  to  $\underline{9}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Unit F3 Copley Hill Trading Estate Leeds West Yorkshire LS12 1HE

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 20 February 2020.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

#### Asset class

Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings Land and buildings Motor vehicles

#### Depreciation method and rate

25% Straight line basis 10-25% Straight line basis 15 year Straight line basis 25% Straight line basis

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### **Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### **Share capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 1 (2018 - 1).

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019**

### 4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2019	9,119	85,181	19,504	113,804
At 31 December 2019	9,119	85,181	19,504	113,804
<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 January 2019	9,119	85,181	19,504	113,804
At 31 December 2019	9,119	85,181	19,504	113,804
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2019				

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £Nil (2018 - £Nil) in respect of freehold land and buildings.

#### 5 Stocks

	2019 £	2018 £
Raw materials and consumables	36,126	36,126

### **Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019**

6	Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	44,365	73,633
Prepayments	8,894	8,894
Other debtors	40,000	40,000
	93,259	122,527

#### 7 Creditors

#### Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

or surest or announce running and mann one year		2010	2010
	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>9</u>	32,610	59,316
Trade creditors		104,988	102,070
Taxation and social security		3,369	4,240
Accruals and deferred income		600	600
Other creditors		-	58
		141,567	166,284

### 8 Share capital

### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	24,000	24,000	24,000	24,000

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

#### 9 Loans and borrowings

	2019 £	2018 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Other borrowings	32,610	59,316

#### 10 Related party transactions

### Summary of transactions with entities with joint control or significant interest

In the ordinary course of business the company buys and sells goods and services as follows;

#### Income and receivables from related parties

2019	joint control or significant influence £
Sale of goods	<u>26,264</u>
2018	Entities with joint control or significant influence £
Sale of goods	30,157
Receipt of services	12,000
	42,157

**Entities with** 

Expenditure with and payables to related parties	Entities with joint control or significant influence
2019	£
Purchase of goods	277,437
Rendering of services	78,471_
	355,908

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

2018	Entities with joint control or significant influence £
Purchase of goods	178,317
Rendering of services	77,253
	255,570

Page 9

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.