Bomac Electric Limited

Unaudited Filleted Accounts

30 June 2018

Bomac Electric Limited

Registered number: 01276494

Balance Sheet

as at 30 June 2018

	Notes		2018		2017
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		17,487		20,562
Current assets					
Stocks		272,204		233,743	
Debtors	3	146,654		195,501	
Cash at bank and in hand		10,227		9,945	
		429,085		439,189	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(132,876)		(147,845)	
				,	
Net current assets			296,209		291,344
				_	
Total assets less current liabilities			313,696		311,906
			010,000		011,000
Provisions for liabilities			(24,611)		(24,719)
Net assets			289,085	_	287,187
		•	<u> </u>	_	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			10,000		10,000
Profit and loss account			279,085		277,187
				_	
Shareholder's funds		,	289,085	_	287,187

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr P. Bowen

Director

Approved by the board on 19 September 2018

Bomac Electric Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 June 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 10% on cost Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 10% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing

differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and machinery	Office	
		etc	equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 July 2017	305,842	56,350	362,192
	Additions	500	-	500
	At 30 June 2018	306,342	56,350	362,692
	Depreciation			
	At 1 July 2017	293,842	47,788	341,630
	Charge for the year	1,797	1,778	3,575
	At 30 June 2018	295,639	49,566	345,205
	Net book value			
	At 30 June 2018	10,703	6,784	17,487
	At 30 June 2017	12,000	8,562	20,562
3	Debtors		2018	2017
			£	£
	Trade debtors		129,249	178,340
	Other debtors		17,405	17,161

		146,654	195,501
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018	2017
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	46,172	30,935
	Trade creditors	56,560	68,278
	Taxation and social security costs	20,044	29,144
	Other creditors	10,100	19,488
		132,876	147,845
5	Capital commitments	2018	2017
		£	£
	Amounts contracted for but not provided in the accounts		14,000

6 Other information

Bomac Electric Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Randles Road

Knowsley Business Park

Prescot

Merseyside

L34 9HX

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.