

The Insolvency Act 1986

LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF  
RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTSPursuant to Section 192  
of the Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

5.192

For Official Use

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Company Number

01243574

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name  
of company

(a) ROBQUEST

Limited

(b) Insert full name(s)  
and address(es)I (b) TIM ALEXANDER CLUNIE  
S G BANISTER & CO  
40 GREAT JAMES STREET  
LONDON  
WC1N 3HBthe liquidator of the company attach a copy of my/our  
statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of  
the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed



Date

09 /04 /2004

Presenter's name, address  
and reference (if any):S G BANISTER & CO  
40 GREAT JAMES STREET  
LONDON  
WC1N 3HB

For Official Use

Liquidation Section Post Room

LD5  
COMPANIES HOUSE

\*LD62CUAM\*

0274  
15/04/04

**Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of  
The Insolvency Act 1986**

Name of Company	ROBQUEST LIMITED
Company's registered number	01243574
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	CREDITORS VOLUNTARY
Date of commencement of winding up	15 <sup>th</sup> March 2002
Date to which this statement is brought down	14 <sup>th</sup> March 2004
Name and address of liquidator	T A CLUNIE S G BANISTER & CO 40 GREAT JAMES STREET LONDON WC1N 3HB

**NOTES**

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

**Form and Contents of Statement**

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance in bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

**Trading Account**

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in the statement.

**Dividends**

(3) When dividends, instalments or compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

(6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.



Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought forward	£ 99,101.36
24/09/03	CDS Storage	Storage Fees	70.00
		VAT thereon	12.26
01/10/03	Insolvency Service	Fees	13.69
15/10/03	CDS Storage	Storage Fees	35.00
		VAT thereon	6.13
10/11/03	Buss Merton - Solicitors	Legal Fees	2,364.89
		VAT thereon	413.86
27/11/03	Buss Merton - Solicitors	Legal Fees	85.11
		VAT thereon	14.89
02/01/04	Insolvency Service	Fees	48.75
13/01/04	CDS Storage	Storage Fees	70.00
		VAT thereon	12.26
23/02/04	CDS Storage	Storage Fees	70.00
		VAT thereon	12.26
		Carried forward	102,330.46

disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account.

## Analysis of Balance

										£
Total realisations	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	206,893.19
Total disbursements	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	102,330.46
Balance										£
										104,562.73
The balance is made up as follows -										
1. Cash in hands of liquidator	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,742.32
2. Balance at bank	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	102,820.41
3. Amount in Insolvency Services Account	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
										£
4. * Amounts invested by liquidator	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Less: the cost of investments realised	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Balance										
Total balance as shown above										£
										104,562.73

[NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

\* The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulations.

The liquidator should also state:-

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up:

										£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured										192,640
creditors - including the holders of floating charges)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Floating charge holders	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Unsecured creditors	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,234,884

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Book Debts

- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded      Continuing enquiries
- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed.      Uncertain