	Company Registration No. 01018415 (England and Wales)
	TORMINSTER PROPERTIES LIMITED
FC	OR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017
Р	AGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

COMPANY INFORMATION

Director Mr. D.M. Lester

Secretary Mr J Lewis

Company number 01018415

Registered office Redriffe

73 Bulstrode Way Gerrards Cross Bucks SL9 7RB

Accountants Glazers

843 Finchley Road

London NW11 8NA

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investment properties	3		-		246,514
Current assets					
Debtors	4	11,666		7,269,715	
Cash at bank and in hand		-		639,464	
		11,666		7,909,179	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	_	(44.000)		/E0 000)	
year	5	(11,666) ———		(50,932)	
Net current assets			-		7,858,247
Total assets less current liabilities					8,104,761
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		100		100
Profit and loss reserves	•		(100)		8,104,661
1 TOTA AND 1000 TEODI VES					
Total equity			-		8,104,761

The director of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 13 September 2017

Mr. D.M. Lester **Director**

Company Registration No. 01018415

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

		Share capital		Profit and ss reserves	Total
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2015		100	1,085,775	6,852,533	7,938,408
Year ended 31 March 2016: Profit and total comprehensive income for the year					
Transfers			(1,085,775)	166,353 1,085,775	166,353
Balance at 31 March 2016		100	-	8,104,661	8,104,761
Year ended 31 March 2017: Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	60,014	60,014
Dividends				(8,164,775)	(8,164,775)
Balance at 31 March 2017		100	-	(100)	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Torminster Properties Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Redriffe, 73 Bulstrode Way, Gerrards Cross, Bucks, SL9 7RB.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 are the first financial statements of Torminster Properties Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 April 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents rental income receivable on the company's investment properties, net of VAT.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

15% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Where fair value cannot be achieved without undue cost or effort, investment property is accounted for as tangible fixed assets.

1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.8 Derivatives

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting end date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset, whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred taxation is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted. No deferred taxation is provided for in respect of investment properties.

2 Tangible fixed assets

3

	Plant and machinery etc
Cost	L
At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017	5,008
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017	5,008
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2017	-
At 31 March 2016	 -
Investment property	
	2017
	£
Fair value	
At 1 April 2016	246,514
Disposals	(246,514)
At 31 March 2017	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

4	Debtors		
·		2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	-	8,897
	Amounts due from group undertakings	11,366	7,241,359
	Other debtors	300	19,459
		11,666	7,269,715
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Corporation tax	11,666	42,817
	Other creditors		8,115
		11,666	50,932
6	Called up share capital		
		2017	2016
	Outliness shows a without	£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid	100	100
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		
		100	100

7 Parent company

The parent company is Torminster Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The ultimate controlling party is Mr D.M. Lester, the director of the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.