Directors' report and financial statements

Year ended 31 March 2021

Registered number: 00741413

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## Directors' report and financial statements

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Directors' report (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2021

**Directors** 

SC O'Connor RLK Witheridge CF Costigan KM Leay

Company secretary

KM Leay

Registered office

9-11 Hardwick Road

Astmoor Runcorn Cheshire WA7 1PH

**Auditor** 

**KPMG** 

Chartered Accountants 1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green Dublin 2, Ireland

Registered number

00741413

#### Directors' report

for the year ended 31 March 2021

The directors present their directors' report, together with the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2021.

#### Principal activities and review of the business activities

The principal activity of the company is that of a holding company. The company has been largely dormant during the year.

#### Results and dividends

The profit for the year after taxation amounted to £nil (2020: £nil).

The directors did not recommend any dividend payment during the year (2020: £nil).

#### Going concern

The Directors have assessed the Company's operations at the reporting date and at date of approval of the financial statements. This assessment encompassed a review of recent trading of the company and detailed cash flow projections which demonstrate that the Company should have adequate resources to continue operating for at least the 12 months from date of approval of the financial statements. Accordingly, the directors consider it appropriate that the Company prepares its financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### Directors, secretary and their interests

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were: SC O'Connor RLK Witheridge CF Costigan KM Leay

The directors and secretary who held office at 31 March 2021 had no interests in the shares in, or debentures or loan stock of, the Company or any other group company.

#### Strategic report exemption

The Directors have availed of the exemptions to small companies under Section 414B of the Companies Act 2006 in not preparing a strategic report.

#### **Political contributions**

The Company made no political contributions or incurred any political expenditure during the year.

#### Subsequent events

The directors confirm to the best of their knowledge that there have been no subsequent events after the year end that would materially affect the financial statements.

Directors' report (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2021

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that she ought to have taken as a director to make herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG will therefore continue in office.

On behalf of the board

Karen Leay Director

9-12 Hardwick Road Astmoor Industrial Estate Runcorn

Runcorn Cheshire WA7 1PH

Date: 25/6/21

#### Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal controls as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

Karen Leay Director

Date



KPMG Audit 1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green Dublin 2 D02 DE03 Ireland

#### Independent auditor's report to the members of Primacy Healthcare Limited

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Primacy Healthcare Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 31 March 2021 set out on pages 9 to 14 which comprise the profit and loss account and other comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and related notes, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 1. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council (FRC)'s Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the Company will continue in operation.



# Independent auditor's report to the members of Primacy Healthcare Limited (continued)

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements (continued)

#### Detecting irregularities including fraud

We identified the areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements and risks of material misstatement due to fraud, using our understanding of the entity's industry, regulatory environment and other external factors and inquiry with the directors. In addition, our risk assessment procedures included: inquiring with the directors as to the Company's policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations and prevention and detection of fraud; inquiring whether the directors have knowledge of any actual or suspected non-compliance with laws or regulations or alleged fraud and reading Board minutes.

We discussed identified laws and regulations, fraud risk factors and the need to remain alert among the audit team.

The Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including companies and financial reporting legislation. We assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items, including assessing the financial statement disclosures and agreeing them to supporting documentation when necessary.

The Company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. The Company is not subject to other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements.

Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these non-direct laws and regulations to inquiry of the directors and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. These limited procedures did not identify actual or suspected non-compliance.

We assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. As required by auditing standards, we performed procedures to address the risk of management override of controls and the risk of fraudulent revenue recognition. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition. We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

In response to risk of fraud, we also performed procedures including: identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation; evaluating the business purpose of significant unusual transactions; assessing significant accounting estimates for bias; and assessing the disclosures in the financial statements.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remains a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.



# Independent auditor's report to the members of Primacy Healthcare Limited (continued)

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements (continued)

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information presented in the Annual Report together with the financial statements. The other information comprises the information included in the directors' report. The financial statements and our auditor's report thereon do not comprise part of the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except as explicitly stated below, any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work we have not identified material misstatements in the other information.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

- we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report;
- in our opinion, the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements;
- in our opinion, the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit;
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

#### Respective responsibilities and restrictions on use

#### Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements including being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



# Independent auditor's report to the members of Primacy Healthcare Limited (continued)

Respective responsibilities and restrictions on use (continued)

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>

#### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

David Moran (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green

Dublin 2

25 June 2021

# Profit and loss account and other comprehensive income for year ended 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 £000	2020 £000
Administrative expenses		<u>.</u>	-
Result on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on result on ordinary activities		-	-
Result for the financial year		-	•

All of the above results are derived from continuing activities.

The company had no items of comprehensive income other than the result above and therefore no separate Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been presented.

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 £000	2020 £000
Current assets Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	4	3,911	3,911
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	3,911 (820)	3,911 (820)
Net current assets		3,091	3,091
Net assets		3,091	3,091
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	6	10 3,081	10 3,081
Total shareholders' funds		3,091	3,091

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on June 2021 and were signed on its behalf by

KM Leay Director

Company Registration Number: 00741413

# Statement of Changes in Equity for year ended 31 March 2021

	Called up share capital £000	<del>-</del>		Total equity
		£000	000£	
Balance at 1 April 2019	10	3,081	3,091	
Total comprehensive income for the year				
Result for the financial year		_		
Balance at 31 March 2020	10	3,081	3,091	
Balance at 1 April 2020	10	3,081	3,091	
Total comprehensive income for the year				
Result for the financial year	<del>-</del>	-	<u>-</u>	
Balance at 31 March 2021	10	3,081	3,091	

#### Notes

forming part of the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

Primacy Healthcare Limited (the "Company") is a private company incorporated, domiciled and registered in the UK. The registered number is 00741413 and the registered address is 9-11 Hardwick Road, Astmoor, Runcorn, Cheshire, WA7 1PH.

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101").

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking, DCC plc, includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of DCC plc are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are available to the public and may be obtained from DCC House, Leopardstown Road, Foxrock, Dublin 18, Ireland.

In these financial statements, the Company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- a Cash Flow Statement and related notes;
- Disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries;
- Disclosures in respect of capital management;
- The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs;
- Disclosures in respect of the compensation of Key Management Personnel;

As the consolidated financial statements of DCC plc include the equivalent disclosures, the Company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

Certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement and the disclosures required by IFRS 7 Financial Instrument Disclosures

The Company proposes to continue to adopt the reduced disclosure framework of FRS 101 in its next financial statements.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

There were no judgements made by the directors in the application of these accounting policies that have a significant effect on the financial statements or on estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year.

#### Notes (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

#### 1.1 Measurement convention

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis.

#### 1.2 Going concern

The Directors have assessed the Company's operations at the reporting date and at date of approval of the financial statements. This assessment encompassed a review of recent trading of the company and detailed cash flow projections which demonstrate that the Company should have adequate resources to continue operating for at least the 12 months from date of approval of the financial statements. Accordingly, the directors consider it appropriate that the Company prepares its financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### 1.3 Non-derivative financial instruments

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

#### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.4 Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account. Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

#### 2 Auditor's remuneration

The auditor's remuneration of £250 (2020: £250) was paid by another group company.

#### 3 Directors' remuneration

The directors did not receive any emoluments from this company in respect of qualifying services in 2021 (2020: £nil). There were no employees other than the directors (2020: £nil) during the year.

#### Notes (continued)

#### 4 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	3,911	3,911
Amounts due from group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.		
5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2021	2020
Accruals	£000 5	£000 5
Amounts owed to group undertakings	815	815
- -	820	820
Amounts due from group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.		
6 Share capital and reserves		
	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
10,000 Ordinary shares of £leach	10	10

#### 7 Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS 101.8(k) not to disclose inter-group transactions, on the basis that it is a wholly owned subsidiary.

#### 8 Ultimate parent company and parent company

The Company is a subsidiary undertaking of DCC Plc which is the ultimate parent company incorporated in the Republic of Ireland.

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by DCC Plc. The consolidated financial statements of DCC Plc are available to the public and may be obtained from DCC House, Leopardstown Road, Foxrock, Dublin 18, Ireland.

The immediate parent undertaking is Healthilife (Holdings) Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom.

#### 9 Capital Commitments

The Company has no capital commitments at 31 March 2021 (2020: £Nil).

#### 10 Subsequent events

There have been no significant events since the balance sheet date that would impact on the financial statements. The directors confirm to the best of their knowledge that there have been no subsequent events after the year end that would materially affect the financial statements.