### **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 00647309**

Buckley Properties (Leeds) Limited
Financial statements
30 June 2021

TUESDAY



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### Financial statements

## Year ended 30 June 2021

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### Directors and advisors

The board of directors

E M Ziff

S MacNeill

Registered office

Town Centre House

The Merrion Centre

Leeds

West Yorkshire LS2 8LY

Independent auditor

BDO LLP

55 Baker Street

London W1U 7EU

Bankers

Lloyds Banking Group plc

#### Directors' report

#### Year ended 30 June 2021

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2021.

### Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the company during the year was property investment.

#### Future outlook

The performance of the company was in line with expectations, however the directors continue to monitor the economic environment, including the impact of inflation on the business.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The management of the business and the execution of the company's strategy are subject to a number of risks.

The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the company are considered to relate to the risk of recession in the UK economy and the impact this may have on the long-term viability of key tenants and the subsequent impact on the valuation of our investment property portfolio. Property values are currently stable and the company has no over reliance on any one tenant, both of which are considered to mitigate the key risks outlined.

### Financial risk management

The directors work to minimise risks in the course of the business. The company has no external borrowings and collection of outstanding receivables is closely monitored to ensure financial risk is minimised.

### Key performance indicators ("KPI's")

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using KPIs is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

#### Results and dividends

The loss for the financial year, amounted to £497,642 (2020: loss of £1,129,112). No dividends have been paid or proposed during the year (2020: £nil).

#### Directors

The directors of the company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

E M Ziff

M J Dilley (resigned 28 February 2021) S MacNeill (appointed 1 June 2021)

### Directors' report (continued)

#### Year ended 30 June 2021

### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Independent auditor

The company has appointed BDO LLP as auditor during the year. BDO LLP are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

### Statement of disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- each director has taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415a of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 9 June 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

S MacNeill Director

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### Independent auditors' report to the members of Buckley Properties (Leeds) Limited

#### Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2021 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of Buckley Properties (Leeds) Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 30 June 2021 which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Balance sheet, the Statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Independent auditor's report to the members of Buckley Properties (Leeds) Limited (continued)

### Other Companies Act 2006 reporting

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.; or
- the Directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

### **Responsibilities of Directors**

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Buckley Properties (Leeds) Limited (continued)

Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- We gained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework applicable to the Company and the
  industry in which it operates, and considered the risk of acts by the Company that were contrary to
  applicable laws and regulations, including fraud;
- We considered the Company's compliance with laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the
  financial statements including, but not limited to, relevant accounting standards, UK company law, tax
  legislation (including the UK REIT regime requirements) and considered the extent to which noncompliance might have a material impact on the Company's financial statements;
- We designed audit procedures to identify instances of non-compliance with such laws and regulations.
  Our procedures included reviewing the financial statement disclosures against the requirements of the
  accounting standards and company law and agreeing those disclosures to underlying supporting
  documentation where necessary. We made enquires of management and of the Directors as to the risks
  of non-compliance and any instances thereof;
- There is also a risk of fraud in relation to the valuation of the property portfolio where the Directors may influence the significant judgements and estimates in respect of property valuations in order to achieve property valuation and other performance targets. We tested a sample of key inputs used in valuation calculations and held meeting with the independent external valuation experts to confirm that these valuations had been completed using an appropriate basis;
- We communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit;
- We addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including testing journal entries
  processed during the year and evaluating whether there was any evidence of bias by management or the
  Directors that represented a material misstatement due to fraud.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

—Docusigned by: Richard Levy

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Richard Levy (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor

London

9 June 2022

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

### Statement of comprehensive income

### Year ended 30 June 2021

Turnover	Note	2021 £ 13,362	2020 £ 82,147
Administrative expenses Valuation movement on investment properties		(51,791) (460,213)	(6,863) (1,205,696)
Operating loss	2	(498,642)	(1,130,412)
Other interest receivable and similar income		1,000	1,300
Loss before taxation		(497,642)	(1,129,112)
Tax on loss	3	-	-
Loss for the financial year		(497,642)	(1,129,112)
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(497,642)	(1,129,112)

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

There are no material differences between the loss before taxation and the loss for the financial year stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

### **Balance** sheet

### As at 30 June 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets Investment properties	4	1,500,000	1,950,000
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	5	125,607 350,642	112,382 340,765
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	476,249 (205,746)	453,147 (135,002)
Net current assets		270,503	318,145
Net assets		1,770,503	2,268,145
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Retained earnings	8	1,000 1,769,503	1,000 2,267,145
Total shareholders' funds		1,770,503	2,268,145

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 9 June 2022 and signed on its behalf by;

S MacNeill Director

Company Registration Number: 00647309

### Statement of changes in equity

### Year ended 30 June 2021

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total £
Balance at 1 July 2019	1,000	3,396,257	3,397,257
Comprehensive income for the year Loss for the financial year	-	(1,129,112)	(1,129,112)
Total comprehensive income for the year	<del></del>	(1,129,112)	(1,129,112)
Balance at 30 June 2020	1,000	2,267,145	2,268,145
Comprehensive loss for the year Loss for the financial year	-	(497,642)	(497,642)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(497,642)	(497,642)
Balance at 30 June 2021	1,000	1,769,503	1,770,503

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### Year ended 30 June 2021

#### 1. Accounting policies

### **Basis of preparation**

Buckley Properties (Leeds) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is given on the directors and advisors page and the nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the directors' report. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in GBP and are rounded to the nearest £.

The principal accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, are as set out below.

The principal activity of the company during the year is that of investment in property.

In making their assessment of the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern the directors have considered the impact of the economic environment on both the liquidity and compliance with bank loan covenants of the Group as a whole (being the Group headed by Town Centre Securities plc). This approach is considered appropriate on the basis that all external funding is held within the parent company.

The Group owns a portfolio of multi-let regional property assets located throughout the UK, and operates a hotels and car parking business. In order to assess the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, management have analysed the portfolio's tenant base, hotel income and car parking operation and produced forecasts to 30 June 2023. These forecasts show that the Group has sufficient resources to continue to operate as a going concern and fully meet all its financial covenants for at least the next 12 months.

These financial statements do not include the adjustments that would be necessary should the going concern basis of preparation no longer be appropriate.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 June 2021

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.42, 11.44 to 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv), 11.48(b) and 11.48(c);
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b) and 12.29A; and
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Town Centre Securities plc for the period ended 30 June 2021 and these financial statements may be obtained from the registered office.

#### Rental income

Turnover, which excludes value added tax, represents the invoiced value of rent and services supplied to customers. Rental income is accounted for as it falls due in accordance with the lease to which it relates.

#### **Investment properties**

Investment properties are included in the financial statements at open market values based on a valuation as at 30 June each year.

#### Depreciation

In accordance with FRS 102, no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment properties, including fixed plant, which is included in properties. The requirement of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) is to depreciate all properties but that requirement conflicts with FRS102. The directors consider that this accounting policy is necessary for the accounts to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of the factors reflected in the accounts' valuation and the amount attributable to this factor cannot be separately identified or quantified. If this departure from the Act had not been made, the loss for the financial year would have been increased by depreciation.

### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will not be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### Profit available for dividend

Surpluses arising on revaluations of properties are not regarded as being available for dividend and are, therefore, transferred to non distributable reserves.

### Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The only estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying value amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are those in relation to investment properties.

### Financial assets

Financial assets, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at cost, less any impairment.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30 June 2021

### Accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form. Financial liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at amortised cost.

#### Reserves

Reserves are analysed in the following categories:

- share capital represents the nominal value of issued share capital; and
- retained earnings represents the cumulative profit or loss position less dividend distributions.

### 2. Operating loss

Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:

		2021	2020
		£	£
Auditor's fees		-	-

Auditor's remuneration was borne by the ultimate parent undertaking. Of the fee incurred by the ultimate parent company the amount relating to the company was approximately £3,000 (2020: £3,000).

None of the directors received any emoluments in respect of their services to the company during the year (2020: £Nil). The company had no other employees in the year to 30 June 2021 (2020: £Nil).

#### 3. Tax on loss

### (a) Analysis of charge in the year

Current tax:

	2021	2020
In respect of the year:	£	£
UK Corporation tax based on loss for the year at 19% (2020: 19%)	-	-
Adjustments in respect of prior years		
Total current tax		

### (b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the loss for the year is higher (2020: higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%).

	2021 £	2020 £
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(497,642)	(1,129,112)
Loss on ordinary activities by rate of tax	(94,552)	(214,531)
Tax exemption on REIT income	94,552	214,531
Total current tax (note 3(a))		

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 June 2021

### 3. Tax on loss (continued)

### (c) Factors affecting future tax charge

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Town Centre Securities plc.

Town Centre Securities plc elected for group REIT status with effect from 2 October 2007. As a result the group and its subsidiaries no longer pays United Kingdom corporation tax on the profits and gains from its qualifying rental business in the United Kingdom provided it meets certain conditions. Non-qualifying profits and gains of the group continue to be subject to corporation tax as normal.

### 4. Investment property

	Freehold property
Cost or valuation	
At 1 July 2020	1,950,000
Additions	10,213
Revaluation	(460,213)
At 30 June 2021	1,500,000
Net book value	1
At 30 June 2021	1,500,000
At 30 June 2020	1,950,000

Investment properties were revalued as at 30 June 2021 on the basis of open market value. In arriving at the total valuation each property has been valued individually and no allowance has been made for expenses of realisation or for taxation, which may arise in the event of a disposal. The valuation was carried out by Jones Lang LaSalle in accordance with the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors Appraisal and Investment Manual.

### 5. Debtors

	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	2021 £ 16,786 104,745 4,076	2020 £ 20,409 90,545 1,428
		125,607	112,382
6.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2021 £	2020 £
	Trade creditors	4,189	-
	Other taxation and social security	-	3,449
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	171,268	100,862
	Other creditors	13,875	6,441
	Accruals and deferred income	16,414	24,250
		205,746	135,002

### 7. Related party transactions

Town Centre Securities plc provided administrative and secretarial services to the company free of charge.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 June 2021

# 8. Called up share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2021		2020	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000

There are no restrictions attaching to the ordinary shares.

### 9. Dividends

No dividends have been paid or proposed during the year (2020: £nil).

### 10. Commitments

Minimum total future lease payments receivable:

	2021	2020
·	£	£
Within one year	11,000	1,775
One to five years	44,000	-
In more than five years	47,044	-
	102,044	1,775

### 11. Contingent liabilities

The debenture, bank loans and overdraft of Town Centre Securities plc, the ultimate parent company, are secured by fixed and floating charges on the investment properties held by the company and its fellow subsidiaries.

### 12. Ultimate parent company

The company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Town Centre Securities plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office of Town Centre Securities plc is shown below. This is the largest and smallest group which prepares group financial statements. Copies of the group financial statements can be obtained by writing to:

The Secretary
Town Centre Securities plc
Town Centre House
The Merrion Centre
Leeds
LS2 8LY