# REGISTERED NUMBER: 00608910 (England and Wales)

PARKER BROTHERS (HOLDINGS) LIMITED
GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT,
REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

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29/12/2016

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Bevan & Buckland Langdon House Langdon Road SA1 Swansea Waterfront Swansea SA1 8QY

# CONTENTS OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	Page
Company Information	1
Group Strategic Report	2
Report of the Directors	3
Report of the Independent Auditors	5
Consolidated Income Statement	7
Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income	8
Consolidated Balance Sheet	9
Company Balance Sheet	10
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	11
Company Statement of Changes in Equity	12
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	13
Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	14
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	15
Reconciliation of Equity	28
Reconciliation of Profit	30
Consolidated Trading and Profit and Loss Account	31

## COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

**DIRECTORS**: G Parker S Parker

**SECRETARY**: G Parker

REGISTERED OFFICE: Glyncoed Yard

Halfway Llanelli SA15 1HQ

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 00608910 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS: Bevan & Buckland

Langdon House Langdon Road

SA1 Swansea Waterfront

Swansea SA1 8QY

## **GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

The directors present their strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 31 March 2016.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The Directors are pleased with the performance of the group in the year ended 31 March 2016, as set out in the consolidated profit and loss account on page 6 and in the financial position of the group as at that date, as set out in the consolidated balance sheet on page 8.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The management of the business and the execution of the group's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the group are considered to relate to competition from other plant hire companies and employee retention. Business risks are reviewed regularly by the Directors and appropriate processes are put in place to monitor and mitigate their impact.

#### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The group's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of changes in prices, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The group seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the group by the following:

#### Price risk

The group is exposed to commodity price risk as a result of its operations. The directors monitor market movements in material prices on a regular basis, but the cost of managing exposure to commodity price risk exceeds any potential benefits. The directors will revisit the appropriateness of this policy should the group's operations change in size or nature.

### Credit risk

The group has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential customers before sales are made. The amount of exposure to any individual counter-party is subject to a limit, which is continually monitored in line with the group's credit control procedures.

## Liquidity risk

The group actively maintains a mixture of long-term and short-term debt finance that is designed to ensure the group has sufficient available funds for operations and planned expansions.

#### ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Date: 28, Nec , 20/6

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31 March 2016.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 March 2016.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2015 to the date of this report.

G Parker

S Parker

#### POLITICAL DONATIONS AND EXPENDITURE

The group made donations of £28,095 to UK charities during the year (2015: £37,572).

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

# **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Bevan & Buckland, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

G Parker - Director

Date:

# REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF PARKER BROTHERS (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Parker Brothers (Holdings) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2016 on pages seven to thirty. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### **Opinion on Financial Statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2016 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

# Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

# REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF PARKER BROTHERS (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Bevan & Buckland (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Bevan & Buckland

Langdon House Langdon Road SA1 Swansea Waterfront Swansea SA1 8QY

Date: 23 Dec 2016

# CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
TURNOVER		4,716,319	5,216,292
Cost of sales		(2,368,127)	(2,684,137)
GROSS PROFIT		2,348,192	2,532,155
Administrative expenses		(1,917,113)	(2,004,860)
		431,079	527,295
Other operating income		116	
OPERATING PROFIT	3	431,195	527,295
Income from fixed asset investments Interest receivable and similar income		8,466 514	6,969 2,617
		440,175	536,881
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(52,936)	(59,777)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		387,239	477,104
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(62,183)	(105,023)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		325,056	372,081
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent Minority interests		209,023 116,033	218,005 154,076
		325,056	372,081

# CONSOLIDATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		325,056	372,081
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOM	ME	<u>-</u>	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	ME	325,056	372,081
Total comprehensive income attribution of the parent Non-controlling interests	utable to:	209,023 116,033 325,056	218,005 154,076 372,081

# PARKER BROTHERS (HOLDINGS) LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 00608910)

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2016

		20	16	20	15
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	7		6,838,682		7,065,969
Investments	8		357,531		312,994
			7,196,213		7,378,963
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks and work in progress	9	357,091		147,028	
Debtors	10	1,264,637		1,708,293	
Cash at bank and in hand		197,902		79,927	
		1,819,630		1,935,248	
CREDITORS  Amounts falling due within one year	11	1,820,649		1,946,383	
Amounts raining due within one year	• • •				
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(1,019)		(11,135)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			7,195,194		7,367,828
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than on	ie				
year	12		(967,911)		(1,480,379)
<b>y</b> 00.			(001,011)		(1,100,010)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	16		(716,406)		(701,628)
MINORITY INTERESTS	17		(1,324,903)		(1,208,870)
NET ASSETS			4,185,974		3,976,951
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	18		900	•	900
Capital redemption reserve	19		100		100
Retained earnings	19		4,184,974		3,975,951
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			4,185,974		3,976,951
				1	

Parker - Director

# PARKER BROTHERS (HOLDINGS) LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 00608910)

## COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2016

		2016		2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	7		-		-
Investments	8		8,006		8,006
			8,006		8,006
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	10	279,272		350,109	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	11	154,163		140,000	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			125,109		210,109
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			133,115		218,115
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital Capital redemption reserve	18 19		900 100		900 100
Retained earnings	19		132,115		217,115
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			133,115	1 000	218,115

G Parker - Director

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Capital redemption reserve £
Balance at 1 April 2014	900	3,757,946	100
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	218,005	<u>-</u>
Balance at 31 March 2015	900	3,975,951	100
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	-	209,023	<u>-</u>
Balance at 31 March 2016	900	4,184,974	100
	Total £	Non-controlling interests	g Total equity £
Balance at 1 April 2014	3,758,946	1,054,794	4,813,740
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	218,005	154,076	372,081
Balance at 31 March 2015	3,976,951	1,208,870	5,185,821
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	209,023	116,033	325,056
Balance at 31 March 2016	4,185,974	1,324,903	5,510,877

# COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Capital redemption reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 April 2014	900	402,115	100	403,115
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income  Balance at 31 March 2015	900	(185,000) 217,115	100	(185,000) 218,115
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	-	(85,000)	-	(85,000)
Balance at 31 March 2016	900	132,115	100	133,115

# CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
Cash flows from operating activities		L	L
Cash generated from operations Interest element of hire purchase	1	1,492,823	1,285,994
payments paid		(52,936)	(59,777)
Tax paid		(4,401)	(71,445)
Net cash from operating activities		1,435,486	1,154,772
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(1,081,665)	(1,911,839)
Purchase of fixed asset investments		(142,897)	(181,380)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		279,129	316,922
Sale of fixed asset investments		98,360	-
Interest received		514	2,617
Dividends received		8,466	6,969
Net cash from investing activities		(838,093)	(1,766,711)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Capital repayments in year		(532,065)	_
Amount withdrawn by directors		56,606	-
New HP agreements		, -	965,854
HP and Finance lease repayments			(720,471)
Net cash from financing activities		(475,459)	245,383
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash	n equivalents	 121,934	(366,556)
Cash and cash equivalents at			
beginning of year	2	75,968	442,524
Cash and cash equivalents at end of		<u> </u>	
year	2	197,902	75,968 ————

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

# 1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

2016	2015
£	£
387,239	477,104
1,116,734	1,136,383
(86,911)	(85,603)
52,936	59,777
(8,980)	(9,586)
1,461,018	1,578,075
(210,063)	(23,162)
446,713	(687,786)
(204,845)	418,867
1,492,823	1,285,994
	£ 387,239 1,116,734 (86,911) 52,936 (8,980)  1,461,018 (210,063) 446,713 (204,845)

## 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

## Year ended 31 March 2016

	31.3.16 £	1.4.15 £
Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	197,902	79,927 (3,959)
	197,902	75,968
Year ended 31 March 2015	<del></del>	
	31.3.15 £	1.4.14 £
Cash and cash equivalents	79,927	442,524
Bank overdrafts	(3,959)	
	75,968	442,524

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

This is the first year in which the financial statements have been prepared under FRS 102. Please refer to pages 28 to 30 for explanation of the transition.

## **Going Concern**

After reviewing the Group's forecasts and projections, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Group therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and all group undertakings. These are adjusted, where appropriate, to conform to group accounting policies. As a consolidated profit and loss account is published, a separate profit and loss account for the parent is omitted from the group financial statements by virtue of section 408 of the Companies Act 2006.

## **Details of Subsidiary Undertakings**

Nature	Name	Registered Office
Parent	Parker Brothers (Holdings) Limited	Glyncoed Works, Halfway, Llanelli, SA15 1HQ
Subsidiary	Parker Plant Hire Limited	Glyncoed Works, Halfway, Llanelli, SA15 1HQ
Subsidiary	Parker Brothers (Contractors) Limited	Glyncoed Works, Halfway, Llanelli, SA15 1HQ

All companies listed above are included in the Group consolidated financial statements.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover, which excludes value added tax, represents the invoiced value of goods and services provided during the year and relates entirely tot he principal activity.

Turnover in relation to individual house sales is recognised on completion of the construction of the individual property.

Page 15 continued...

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes the original purchase price of the assets and the costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery - 15% reducing balance

Motor Vehicles - 25% Fixtures and fittings - 20%

#### Impairment of assets

At each reporting date fixed assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carry amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Stock and Work in Progress is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is that expenditure which has been incurred in the normal course of business in bringing each project to its present location and condition. This includes finance costs where specific project funding is in place. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling, price less future costs to completion and selling costs. Cost is determined on a first in first out basis.

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

#### Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price.

Page 16 continued...

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Taxation**

Current tax is recognised for the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the current or past reporting periods using the tax rates and laws that that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Provision is made for tax gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

## Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements which give substantially the same rights as ownership (finance leases), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright at the capital value of the assets and the corresponding leasing commitments are shown as obligations to the lessor. The capital element of lease payments is applied to reduce the outstanding obligations and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease. Other rentals are charged wholly to the profit & loss account.

#### investments

Investments held as fixed assets are valued at fair value.

The directors have not revalued the assets as the fair value is not materially different to the cost.

Page 17 continued...

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

## Financial instruments

The Group has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the Group's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade debtors, loans and other debtors that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and debtors'. Loans and debtors are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term debtors when the recognition of interest would be immaterial. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the debt instrument to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

## Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Derecognition of financial assets**

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Page 18 continued...

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into, An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

### Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

### **Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 2. STAFF COSTS

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:

	2016 £	2015 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs	952,763 74,447	949,887 76,773
Other pension costs	1,432	16,347
	1,028,642	1,042,997

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

	2016 £	2015 £
Plant Hire Administration	35 17	37 17
	52	54

Page 19 continued...

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

# 3. **OPERATING PROFIT**

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

		2016	2015
		£	£
	Hire of plant and machinery	8,513	65
	Other operating leases	2,500	3,700
	Depreciation - owned assets	1,116,734	1,136,383
	Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(86,911)	(85,603)
	Training	3,849	(9,824)
	Auditors' remuneration - for audit services	15,075	15,950
	Auditors' remuneration - for non-audit services	5,000	8,000
	Directors' remuneration	84,827	75,610
	Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes		16,347
4.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
٦.	INTEREST FATABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2016	2015
		£	£
	Hire purchase	52,936	59,777 ———
5.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge		
	The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as follo		0045
		2016	2015
	Commont to a	£	£
	Current tax:	56,950	59,777
	UK corporation tax Corporation tax - prior year	(9,545)	405
	Total current tax	47,405	60,182
	Deferred tax	14,778	44,841
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	62,183	105,023

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

## 5. TAXATION - continued

## Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	2016 £	2015 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	387,239	477,104
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 21%)	77,448	100,192
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods Tax at marginal rates Deferred tax charge to profit and loss account	5,759 (26,247) (9,545) - 14,768	5,085 (48,449) 2,475 (321) 46,041
Total tax charge	62,183	105,023

## 6. LOSS OF PARENT COMPANY

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements. The parent company's loss for the financial year was  $\pounds(85,000)$  (2015 -  $\pounds(185,000)$ ).

## 7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

## Group

		Fixtures		
	Plant and	and	Motor	
	machinery	fittings	vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£	£
COST				
At 1 April 2015	17,249,009	136,708	724,783	18,110,500
Additions	1,059,065	13,610	8,990	1,081,665
Disposals	(767,245)	<del>-</del>	(40,500)	(807,745)
At 31 March 2016	17,540,829	150,318	693,273	18,384,420
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 April 2015	10,262,990	133,027	648,514	11,044,531
Charge for year	1,072,795	2,522	41,417	1,116,734
Eliminated on disposal	(575,027)	-	(40,500)	(615,527)
At 31 March 2016	10,760,758	135,549	649,431	11,545,738
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 March 2016	6,780,071	14,769	43,842	6,838,682
At 31 March 2015	6,986,019	3,681	76,269	7,065,969
		=		

Page 21 continued...

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

#### 7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

## Group

Included in owned plant and machinery are tangible fixed assets purchased under hire purchase agreements with a net book value of £2,592,229 (2015: £3,070,576). All plant machinery is held for use for rental purposes.

The company does not hold any tangible fixed assets.

### 8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

## Group

	Listed investments £	Unlisted investments £	Totals £
COST	~	~	~
At 1 April 2015	311,994	1,000	312,994
Additions	142,897	-	142,897
Disposals	(97,860)	(500)	(98,360)
At 31 March 2016	357,031	500	357,531
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 March 2016	357,031	500	357,531
At 31 March 2015	311,994	1,000	312,994
Company			
	Shares in		
	group	Unlisted	
	undertakings	investments	Totals
7207	£	£	£
COST			
At 1 April 2015 and 31 March 2016	7,506	500	8,006
and 31 March 2010			<del></del>
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 March 2016	7,506	500	8,006
At 31 March 2015	7,506	500	8,006

The company owns 75% of the nominal value of the ordinary shares issued in Parker Plant Hire Limited, a company whose main activity is the hire, re-hire and sale of industrial plant and machinery. The company also owns 100% of the ordinary shares issued in Parker Brothers (Contractors) Limited, a company whose main activity is that of building contractors. Both companies are registered in England and Wales and operate entirely within their country of registration.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

## 9. STOCKS AND WORK IN PROGRESS

		Group	
		2016	2015
	,	£	£
Stocks		357,091	147,028

The current replacement cost of stocks and work in progress was not significantly different from the balance sheet value.

## 10. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	G	roup	Com	pany
	2016 £	2015 £	2016 £	2015 £
Trade debtors	1,147,066	1,256,848	-	-
Amounts owed by group undertakings	<u>-</u>	-	279,272	350,109
Other debtors	69,220	386,500	· -	-
Tax	3,057	-	-	-
Prepayments and accrued income	45,294	64,945		-
	1,264,637	1,708,293	279,272	350,109

## 11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	G	roup	Com	pany
	2016 £	2015 £	2016 £	2015
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 13)	-	3,959	-	-
Hire purchase contracts (see note 14)	744,292	763,889	-	-
Trade creditors	315,304	503,014	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	84,158	-
Tax	105,444	59,383	-	-
Social security and other taxes	13,725	20,228	-	-
VAT	142,334	49,727	-	_
Other creditors	-	932	-	-
Directors' loan accounts	158,401	101,795	-	-
Accruals and deferred income	341,149	443,456	70,005	140,000
	1,820,649	1,946,383	154,163	140,000

# 12. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Group	
	2016	2015
	£	£
Hire purchase contracts (see note 14)	967,911	1,480,379
	<del></del>	<del></del>

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

## 13. **LOANS**

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	Group	
	2016	2015
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:	£	£
Bank overdrafts	-	3,959

## 14. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

## Group

	Hire purchase contract	
	2016	2015
	£	£
Net obligations repayable:		
Within one year	744,292	763,889
Between one and five years	967,911	1,480,379
	1,712,203	2,244,268

#### 15. **SECURED DEBTS**

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	Gro	oup
	2016	2015
	£	£
Bank overdraft	•	3,959
Hire purchase contracts	1,712,203	· <b>-</b>
	1,712,203	3,959

The bank overdraft is secured by fixed and floating charges over the assets of the group.

The directors' loans are unsecured and have no fixed terms for repayment.

# 16. **PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES**

	Gre	Group	
	2016	2015	
	£	£	
Deferred tax	716,406	701,628	
	<del></del>		

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

## 16. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES - continued

G	ro	u	p

	Deferred tax
Balance at 1 April 2015 Credit to Income Statement during year	701,628 14,778
Balance at 31 March 2016	716,406

## 17. MINORITY INTERESTS

The minority interest represents a 25% ownership of the nominal value of the shares issued in Parker Plant Hire Limited.

## 18. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, iss	ued and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2016 £	2015 £
900	Ordinary	£1	900	900
AUTHORIS	ED SHARE CAPITAL			
			2016	2015
1,000 Ordin	ary shares at £1 each		£ 1,000	£ 1,000
			1,000	1,000

# 19. **RESERVES**

## Group

·	Retained earnings £	Capital redemption reserve £	Totals £
At 1 April 2015 Profit for the year	3,975,951 209,023	100	3,976,051 209,023
At 31 March 2016	4,184,974	100	4,185,074

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

#### 19. RESERVES - continued

## Company

•	Retained earnings £	Capital redemption reserve	Totals £
At 1 April 2015 Deficit for the year	217,115 (85,000)	100	217,215 (85,000)
At 31 March 2016	132,115	100	132,215

Called-up share capital - represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Retained earnings - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

Capital redemption reserve - comprises amounts transferred following the redemption or purchase of the company's own shares.

## 20. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

#### **G** Parker

A director of the group

Included in other creditors is an amount of £77,011 (2015: £57,034) owed to Mr G Parker.

This amount is unsecured, has no fixed terms for repayment. Mr G Parker has also waived his entitlement to interest on this loan.

	2016	2015
	£	£
Amount due to related party at the balance sheet date	77,011	57,034

## S Parker

A director of the group

Included in other creditors is an amount of £81,390 (2015: £44,761) owed to Mr S Parker.

This amount is unsecured, has no fixed terms for repayment. Mr S Parker has also waived his entitlement to interest on this loan.

Amount due to related party at the balance sheet date	2016 £ 81,390	2015 £ 44,761
Parker Brothers (Contractors) Limited Subsidiary company		
	2016 £	2015 £
Amount due (to)/from related party at the balance sheet date	(84,158)	20,592

Page 26

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

## 20. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES - continued

#### **Parker Plant Hire Limited**

Subsidiary company

During the year the company incurred management charges of £36,000 (2015 £85,000) from Parker Plant Hire Limited.

	2016	2015
	£	£
Amount due from related party at the balance sheet date	279,272	329,517

# RECONCILIATION OF EQUITY 1 APRIL 2014 (DATE OF TRANSITION TO FRS 102)

·	lotes	UK GAAP £	Effect of transition to FRS 102 £	FRS 102 £
FIXED ASSETS	ioles	L	£	£
Tangible assets		6,521,833	_	6,521,833
Investments		131,614	<u>-</u>	131,614
		6,653,447	-	6,653,447
CURRENT ASSETS		<del></del>		
Stocks and work in progress		123,866	-	123,866
Debtors		1,020,507	-	1,020,507
Cash at bank		442,524		442,524
		1,586,897		1,586,897
CREDITORS				
Amounts falling due within one year		(1,434,805)	-	(1,434,805)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		152,092	-	152,092
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		6,805,539		6,805,539
LIABILITIES		0,005,539	-	6,605,539
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one				
year		(1,336,212)	-	(1,336,212)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		(655,587)	-	(655,587)
MINORITY INTERESTS		(1,054,794)		(1,054,794)
NET ASSETS		3,758,946	_	3,758,946
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital		900	_	900
Capital redemption reserve		100	_	100
Retained earnings		3,757,946	-	3,757,946
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		3,758,946		3,758,946

# RECONCILIATION OF EQUITY - continued 31 MARCH 2015

PIXED ASSETS		UK GAAP Notes £	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102 £
Tangible assets			-	~
CURRENT ASSETS   Stocks and work in progress   147,028   - 147,028   1,708,293   - 1,708,293   - 1,708,293   - 79,927	Tangible assets			
Stocks and work in progress   147,028   147,028   147,028   Debtors   1,708,293   1,708,293   79,927   79,927   79,927   79,927   1,935,248   1,935,		7,378,963		7,378,963
Stocks and work in progress   147,028   147,028   147,028   Debtors   1,708,293   1,708,293   79,927   79,927   79,927   79,927   1,935,248   1,935,	CUPPENT ASSETS			
1,935,248   - 1,935,248	Stocks and work in progress Debtors	1,708,293	-	1,708,293
CREDITORS         Amounts falling due within one year         (1,946,383)         - (1,946,383)           NET CURRENT LIABILITIES         (11,135)         - (11,135)           TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES         7,367,828         - 7,367,828           CREDITORS         Amounts falling due after more than one year         (1,480,379)         - (1,480,379)           PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES         (701,628)         - (701,628)         - (701,628)           MINORITY INTERESTS         (1,208,870)         - (1,208,870)           NET ASSETS         3,976,951         - 3,976,951           CAPITAL AND RESERVES         Q00         - 900           Called up share capital         900         - 900           Capital redemption reserve         100         - 100           Retained earnings         3,975,951         - 3,975,951	Casil at balik	19,921		19,921
Amounts falling due within one year (1,946,383) - (1,946,383)  NET CURRENT LIABILITIES (11,135) - (11,135)  TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,367,828 - 7,367,828  CREDITORS  Amounts falling due after more than one year (1,480,379) - (1,480,379)  PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES (701,628) - (701,628)  MINORITY INTERESTS (1,208,870) - (1,208,870)  NET ASSETS 3,976,951 - 3,976,951  CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital 900 - 900 Capital redemption reserve 100 - 100 Retained earnings 3,975,951 - 3,975,951		1,935,248	<u> </u>	1,935,248
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES  7,367,828  - 7,367,828  CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year  (1,480,379)  - (1,480,379)  PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES (701,628) MINORITY INTERESTS (1,208,870)  NET ASSETS  3,976,951  - 3,976,951  CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Capital redemption reserve 100 Retained earnings 3,975,951  - 3,975,951		(1,946,383)	<u>-</u>	(1,946,383)
LIABILITIES       7,367,828       - 7,367,828         CREDITORS       Amounts falling due after more than one year         PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES       (701,628)       - (701,628)         MINORITY INTERESTS       (1,208,870)       - (1,208,870)         NET ASSETS       3,976,951       - 3,976,951         CAPITAL AND RESERVES       - 900       - 900         Called up share capital       900       - 900         Capital redemption reserve       100       - 100         Retained earnings       3,975,951       - 3,975,951	NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	(11,135)	-	(11,135)
Amounts falling due after more than one year       (1,480,379)       - (1,480,379)         PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES       (701,628)       - (701,628)         MINORITY INTERESTS       (1,208,870)       - (1,208,870)         NET ASSETS       3,976,951       - 3,976,951         CAPITAL AND RESERVES       900       - 900         Called up share capital       900       - 900         Capital redemption reserve       100       - 100         Retained earnings       3,975,951       - 3,975,951		7,367,828	-	7,367,828
MINORITY INTERESTS       (1,208,870)       - (1,208,870)         NET ASSETS       3,976,951       - 3,976,951         CAPITAL AND RESERVES       - 900       - 900         Called up share capital       900       - 900         Capital redemption reserve       100       - 100         Retained earnings       3,975,951       - 3,975,951	Amounts falling due after more than one	(1,480,379)	-	(1,480,379)
MINORITY INTERESTS       (1,208,870)       - (1,208,870)         NET ASSETS       3,976,951       - 3,976,951         CAPITAL AND RESERVES       - 900       - 900         Called up share capital       900       - 900         Capital redemption reserve       100       - 100         Retained earnings       3,975,951       - 3,975,951	DDOVICIONS FOR LIABILITIES	(704,000)		(704 000)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital 900 - 900 Capital redemption reserve 100 - 100 Retained earnings 3,975,951 - 3,975,951			<u>-</u>	, ,
Called up share capital       900       -       900         Capital redemption reserve       100       -       100         Retained earnings       3,975,951       -       3,975,951	NET ASSETS	3,976,951	<u>-</u>	3,976,951
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 3,976,951 - 3,976,951	Called up share capital Capital redemption reserve	100	-	100
	SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	3,976,951	•	3,976,951

# RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

	UK GAAP £	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102 £
TURNOVER	5,216,292	-	5,216,292
Cost of sales	(2,684,137)	_	(2,684,137)
GROSS PROFIT	2,532,155	-	2,532,155
Administrative expenses	(2,004,860)	<u> </u>	(2,004,860)
OPERATING PROFIT	527,295	-	527,295
Income from fixed asset investments	6,969	-	6,969
Interest receivable and similar income	2,617	-	2,617
Interest payable and similar charges	(59,777)	<u>-</u>	(59,777)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
BEFORE TAXATION	477,104	-	477,104
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	(105,023)		(105,023)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	372,081	-	372,081
Minority interest - equity	(154,076)		
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	218,005	-	372,081
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the parent			218,005
Minority interests			154,076
			372,081