Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

for

DENNIS & BROWN (SHIPPING) LIMITED

Contents of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 September 2018

	Page
Company Information	1
Chartered Accountants' Report	2
Statement of Financial Position	3
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

DENNIS & BROWN (SHIPPING) LIMITED

Company Information for the year ended 30 September 2018

Director:	J E Stuart
Secretary:	J E Stuart
Registered office:	Northside House 69 Tweedy Road Bromley Kent BR1 3WA
Registered number:	00383001 (England and Wales)
Accountants:	Haines Watts Chartered Accountants Northside House 69 Tweedy Road Bromley Kent BR1 3WA

Chartered Accountants' Report to the Director on the Unaudited Financial Statements of Dennis & Brown (Shipping) Limited

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the director in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Statement of Financial Position. Readers are cautioned that the Income Statement and certain other primary statements and the Report of the Director are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Dennis & Brown (Shipping) Limited for the year ended 30 September 2018 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed within the ICAEW's regulations and guidance at http://www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the director of Dennis & Brown (Shipping) Limited in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Dennis & Brown (Shipping) Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the director of Dennis & Brown (Shipping) Limited in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Dennis & Brown (Shipping) Limited and its director for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Dennis & Brown (Shipping) Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Dennis & Brown (Shipping) Limited. You consider that Dennis & Brown (Shipping) Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Dennis & Brown (Shipping) Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Haines Watts Chartered Accountants Northside House 69 Tweedy Road Bromley Kent BR1 3WA

30 September 2019

Statement of Financial Position 30 September 2018

		30.9	2.18	30.9.17	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		153		204
Current assets					
Debtors	5	722,345		437,575	
Cash at bank		413,161		260,127	
		1,135,506		697,702	
Creditors					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	1,102,416		664,951	
Net current assets			33,090		32,751
Total assets less current liabilities			33,243		32,955
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		5,000		5,000
Retained earnings	8		28,243		27,955
Shareholders' funds			33,243		32,955

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 September 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 30 September 2019 and were signed by:

J E Stuart - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 September 2018

1. Statutory information

Dennis & Brown (Shipping) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (\pounds) .

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Key source of estimation, uncertainty and judgement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting practice requires management to make estimates and judgement that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating depreciation. A full line by line review of fixed assets is carried out by management regularly. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the depreciation policy is as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the policy does not match the useful life of the assets.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating deferred tax. A full line by line review of deferred tax is carried out by management regularly. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the deferred tax is accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the provisions do not match the actual tax liability when asset is disposed off.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating bad debt provisions. A full line by line review of trade debtors is carried out at the end of each month. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the bad debt provisions are as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the provisions do not match the level of debts which ultimately prove to be uncollectable.

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of services and recharged freight and duty, and excludes value added tax.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life. Fixtures and fittings - 25% on reducing balance

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 September 2018

2. Accounting policies - continued

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade and other debtors and creditors are classified as basic financial instruments and measured at initial recognition at transaction price. Debtors and creditors are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. A provision is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as basic financial instruments and comprise cash in hand and at bank and bank overdrafts.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the company are classified in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3. Employees and directors

The average number of employees during the year was 1 (2017 - 1).

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 September 2018

4.	Tangible fixed	assets			Fixtures and fittings
	Cost At 1 October 2 and 30 Septem				£ 13,606
	Depreciation	DCI 2016			
	At 1 October 2	017			13,402
	Charge for yea				51
	At 30 Septemb				<u>13,453</u>
	Net book valu				152
	At 30 Septemb At 30 Septemb				<u>153</u> 204
	At 50 Septemo	CI 2017			
5.	Debtors: amou	unts falling due within one year			
		·		30.9.18	30.9.17
				£	£
	Trade debtors			88,527	63,075
	Bad Debt Prov Other debtors	ision		(1,048) 618,301	(1,048) 363,990
	Tax			230	303,990 230
	VAT			16,335	11,328
	VAI			722,345	437,575
6.	Creditors: am	ounts falling due within one year			
				30.9.18	30.9.17
				£	£
	Trade creditors	;		129,481	185,627
	Tax	and other taxes		256 433	287
	Net Wages	and other taxes		4 33	(156)
	Other creditors			960,646	472,593
	Accrued expen			11,600	6,600
	•			1,102,416	664,951
7.	Called up shar	re capital			
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:				
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	30.9.18	30.9.17
			value: £1	£	£ 5,000
	5,000	Ordinary	t1	<u> 5,000</u>	

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 September 2018

8. Reserves

Retained earnings

 At 1 October 2017
 27,955

 Profit for the year
 288

 At 30 September 2018
 28,243

9. Ultimate controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is $J \to Stuart. \\$

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.